

Dell PowerVault TL1000 Tape Autoloader

User's Guide

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Type: 3572 Model: S3H/S4H/S5H/S6H/S7H

Printed October 2015

Read this first

Contacting Dell

For customers in the United States, call 800-WWW-DELL (800-999-3355).

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3. Click **Contact Us** on the left side of the page.
4. Select the appropriate service or support link that is based on your need.
5. Choose the method of contacting Dell that is convenient for you.

Contents

	iii	Registering for support notification	52
Read this first	v	Chapter 4. Operations	55
Contacting Dell	v	The Operator Panel.	56
		Monitoring the library.	57
Figures	ix	Managing the library	58
		Configuring the library	62
Tables	xi	Servicing the library	67
		The Web User Interface	69
Safety and environmental notices	xiii	Monitoring the library.	70
Safety notices	xiii	Managing the library	73
Laser safety and compliance	xiv	Configuring the library	76
Performing the safety inspection procedure	xiv	Servicing the library	89
Rack safety	xv		
Preface	xvii	Chapter 5. Media	97
		Data cartridges	98
Chapter 1. Product description	1	Cartridge compatibility	99
Front panel	2	Write once, read many (WORM) cartridges	100
Cartridge magazine	4	WORM media	100
Rear panel	5	Data security on WORM media	100
Bar code reader	6	WORM media errors	100
SAS host interface	6	Requirements for WORM capability	100
Encryption	6	Cleaning cartridge.	101
Supported Internet Protocols	7	Bar code labels	101
Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)		Guidelines for the use of bar code labels	102
messaging	7	Write-Protect switch	103
Network Time Protocol.	7	Cartridge care and handling	103
Ultrium tape drives	8	Provide training	104
Media	8	Ensure proper packaging	104
Logical Unit Number (LUN) scanning	9	Provide proper acclimation and environmental	
Location coordinates and element addresses	9	conditions	104
Library specifications	10	Perform a thorough inspection	105
Product environment	11	Handle the cartridge carefully.	105
Supported device drivers.	12	Examples of cartridge problems	106
		Environmental and shipping specifications for tape	
Chapter 2. User interfaces	13	cartridges	106
Operator Panel	13		
Web User Interface	17	Chapter 6. Troubleshooting	109
Chapter 3. Installation and		How the library reports problems	109
configuration	21	Library error message content	110
Choosing a location	21	Diagnosing a problem	111
Installing in a rack	22	Isolating problems.	114
Removing the accessor locking screw.	27	Installation and configuration problems	116
Attaching the library to a server	28	Interpreting front panel LEDs	116
Configuring the library	30	Reseating cables	118
Configuring your library with the Web User		Emailing logs	118
Interface	31		
Configuring your library with the Operator Panel	47	Chapter 7. Service procedures	119
Populating the library with cartridges	50	ITDTS-SE	119
Verifying library and drive operation.	51	Contacting Dell technical support.	119
Taking the Library Online	52		
		Chapter 8. Removal and replacement	
		procedures	121
		Required tools	121

Replacing a defective cartridge magazine	121
Unlocking the cartridge magazine manually . . .	121
Error codes	123
Library error codes	123
Drive error codes	133
Web User Interface error messages	133
Trap definitions (types)	136
TapeAlert flags.	137
TapeAlert flags supported by the library	137
TapeAlert flags supported by the Ultrium tape drive	139

Sense data	143
Sense Key definitions.	143
Library sense data.	143
Tape drive sense data	145
Library Configuration Form	153
Accessibility.	157
Glossary	159
Index	179

Figures

1. TL1000 Tape Autoloader	1	55. Move cartridge command	59
2. Front panel components	2	56. Unload command	60
3. Cartridge Magazine	4	57. Clean Drive command	60
4. Cartridge magazine (top view)	4	58. Inventory command	60
5. Rear panel components	5	59. Online/Offline command	61
6. Ultrium half-height tape drive	8	60. Move to Ship Position command	61
7. Location coordinates	10	61. Reboot Drive command	62
8. Operator Panel components	13	62. Reboot Library command	62
9. Library ready screen	16	63. Logout command	62
10. Password entry screen	16	64. Auto Cleaning settings	62
11. Screen elements	17	65. Active slot count settings	63
12. Confirmation screen	17	66. Library access mode settings	63
13. Java security warning message	18	67. Date and time settings	64
14. Login page	18	68. Network settings	65
15. User account window	19	69. Operator Panel settings	66
16. Superuser account window	19	70. Configuring Web GUI settings	66
17. Administrator account window	20	71. Factory default settings	67
18. Rack mount screw locations for front and rear vertical rails	23	72. Error status menu	67
19. Attaching the front brackets to the library chassis	24	73. Run Library Verify command	67
20. Attaching the rear brackets to the rails	24	74. Drive diagnostic procedures	68
21. Creating the rail assemblies	25	75. Web User Interface menu	69
22. Installing the rail assemblies	26	76. System Summary screen	70
23. Securing the front of the library in the rack	26	77. Library Map screen	71
24. Securing the rear of the library in the rack	27	78. Move Cartridges screen	73
25. The cables at the rear of the library	27	79. Unload Drive screen	74
26. accessor locking screw	28	80. Clean Drive screen	74
27. Interface cable connection	28	81. Library State screen	74
28. Java security warning message	32	82. Inventory screen	75
29. Web User Interface login screen	33	83. Inventory progress bar	75
30. System summary	33	84. Unlock magazine	75
31. Logical library mode settings	34	85. User Access screen	76
32. Cartridge assignment settings	35	86. Add User dialog box	76
33. Network settings	36	87. Password Rules screen	78
34. Date and time settings	37	88. Physical library settings screen	79
35. Application Managed Encryption	38	89. Logical library settings screen	79
36. Library Managed Encryption as a choice	39	90. Network settings screen	81
37. Library Managed Encryption settings	39	91. Application Managed Encryption	82
38. Email notifications	41	92. Library Managed Encryption as a choice	83
39. Trap notifications	42	93. Library Managed Encryption settings	83
40. Trap list settings	43	94. Date and time settings screen	84
41. SNMPv3 user list settings	43	95. Email settings screen	85
42. User access settings	44	96. SNMP settings screen	86
43. Add User dialog box	45	97. Save/Restore configuration with cookies	88
44. Password Rules screen	46	98. Save/Restore screen	89
45. Save configuration	47	99. Operator interventions screen	89
46. Cartridge release gate	50	100. View Library Logs screen	90
47. Cartridge orientation	51	101. Traces screen	91
48. Operator Panel top menus	57	102. Download Drive Logs screen	92
49. Configuration settings	57	103. Download Library Logs screen	92
50. Current information	57	104. Reset library and drive screen	92
51. Firmware revision	58	105. Firmware Update screen	93
52. Unlock I/O station command	58	106. Usage Statistics screen	94
53. I/O station unlocked	58	107. The LTO Ultrium Data Cartridge	97
54. Unlock magazine command	59	108. Ultrium data and WORM tape cartridges	100
		109. Sample bar code label on the LTO Ultrium 7 Tape Cartridge	102

110. Setting the write-protect switch	103	113. Front panel LEDs	116
111. Double-boxing tape cartridges for shipping	104	114. Cartridge magazine lock release access hole	122
112. Checking for gaps in the seams of a cartridge	105		

Tables

1. Class I Laser Product	xiv	18. Cartridges and VOLSERs compatible with the Ultrium Tape Drives	101
2. Data capacity and recording format	2	19. Location of the write-protect switch	103
3. Front panel component descriptions.	2	20. Environment for operating, storing, and shipping the LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge ..	106
4. Rear panel component descriptions	5	21. Front Panel LED indicators	117
5. Ultrium data and cleaning cartridge compatibility with Ultrium tape drive	9	22. Library error codes	123
6. Physical specifications	10	23. Drive error codes	133
7. Electrical specifications.	10	24. Web user error messages.	133
8. Environmental specifications.	10	25. Trap list	136
9. Operational specifications	11	26. TapeAlert flags supported by the library	137
10. Acoustical specifications	11	27. TapeAlert flags supported by the Ultrium tape drive.	139
11. Operator Panel component descriptions	13	28. Sense key definitions	143
12. Location criteria	21	29. Library sense data	143
13. Default library configuration settings	30	30. Ultrium Tape drive sense data	145
14. Cartridge types and colors	98	31. Ultrium Tape drive sense data - Bytes 12 and 13	146
15. Cartridge Data Capacity and Recording Formats.	98		
16. Nominal cartridge life: Load/unload cycles	99		
17. Ultrium data cartridge compatibility with Ultrium tape drive	99		

Safety and environmental notices

Safety notices and environmental notices for this product are shown and described.

Safety notices

Observe the safety notices when this product is used. These safety notices contain danger and caution notices. These notices are sometimes accompanied by symbols that represent the severity of the safety condition.

Most danger or caution notices contain a reference number (Dxxx or Cxxx).

The sections that follow define each type of safety notice and give examples.

Danger notice

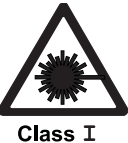
A danger notice calls attention to a situation that is potentially lethal or extremely hazardous to people. A lightning bolt symbol always accompanies a danger notice to represent a dangerous electrical condition. A sample danger notice follows:



DANGER: An electrical outlet that is not correctly wired could place hazardous voltage on metal parts of the system or the devices that attach to the system. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that the outlet is correctly wired and grounded to prevent an electrical shock. (D004)

Caution notice

A caution notice calls attention to a situation that is potentially hazardous to people because of some existing condition, or to a potentially dangerous situation that might develop because of some unsafe practice. A caution notice can be accompanied by one of several symbols:

If the symbol is...	It means...
	A hazardous electrical condition with less severity than electrical danger.
	A hazardous condition that is not represented by other safety symbols.
	This product contains a Class II laser. Do not stare into the beam. (C029) Laser symbols are always accompanied by the classification of the laser as defined by the U. S. Department of Health and Human Services (for example, Class I, Class II).
	A hazardous condition due to mechanical movement in or around the product.

If the symbol is...	It means...
	This part or unit is heavy but has a weight smaller than 18 kg (39.7 lb). Use care when lifting, removing, or installing this part or unit. (C008)
	A hazardous condition due to the unit's susceptibility to electrostatic discharge.

Laser safety and compliance



The library might contain a laser assembly that complies with the performance standards set by the US Food and Drug Administration for a Class I laser product. Class I laser products do not emit hazardous laser radiation. The library has the necessary protective housing and scanning safeguards to ensure that laser radiation is inaccessible during operation or is within Class I limits. External safety agencies have reviewed the library and have obtained approvals to the latest standards as they apply.

Performing the safety inspection procedure

Before you service the unit, complete the following safety inspection procedure.

1. Stop all activity between the host and the library's tape drive.
2. Turn off the power to the library by switching the **Power** button on the rear of the tape library to the Off position.
3. Disconnect the tape drive's SAS cable.
4. Unplug the library's power cord from the electrical outlet and the library's power supply unit.
5. Check the library's power cords for damage, such as a pinched, cut, or frayed cord.
6. Check the tape drive's SAS cable for damage.
7. Check the cover of the library for sharp edges, damage, or alterations that expose its internal parts.
8. Check the cover of the library for proper fit. It should be in place and secure.
9. Check the product label at the rear of the library to make sure that it matches the voltage at your outlet.

Rack safety

The following general safety information must be used for all rack mounted devices.

DANGER



- Always lower the leveling pads on the rack cabinet.
- Always install stabilizer brackets on the rack cabinet.
- To avoid hazardous conditions because of uneven mechanical loading, always install the heaviest devices in the bottom of the rack cabinet. Always install servers and optional devices, starting from the bottom of the rack cabinet.
- Rack mounted devices are not to be used as a shelf or workspace. Do not place any object on top of rack mounted devices.
- Each rack cabinet might have more than one power cord. Be sure to disconnect all power cords in the rack cabinet before you service any device in the rack cabinet.
- Connect all devices that are installed in a rack cabinet to power devices installed in the same rack cabinet. Do not plug a power cord from a device that is installed in one rack cabinet into a power device that is installed in a different rack cabinet.
- An electrical outlet that is not correctly wired might place hazardous voltage on the metal parts of the system or the devices that attach to the system. It is the responsibility of the customer to ensure that the outlet is correctly wired and grounded to prevent an electrical shock.

CAUTION:



- Do not install a unit in a rack where the internal rack ambient temperatures might exceed the manufacturer's recommended ambient temperature for all your rack mounted devices.
- Do not install a unit in a rack where the air flow is compromised. Ensure that air flow is not blocked or reduced on any side, front, or back of a unit that is used for air flow through the unit.
- Consideration must be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit so that overloading of the circuits does not compromise the supply wiring or overcurrent protection. To provide the correct power connection to a rack, refer to the rating labels on the equipment in the rack to determine the total power requirement of the supply circuit.
- (For sliding drawers) Do not pull out or install any drawer or feature if the rack stabilizer brackets are not attached to the rack. Do not pull out more than one drawer at a time. The rack might become unstable if you pull out more than one drawer at a time.
- (For fixed drawers) This drawer is a fixed drawer and must not be moved for servicing unless specified by the manufacturer. Attempting to move the drawer partially or out of the rack might cause the rack to become unstable or cause the drawer to fall out of the rack.

(R001)

CAUTION:



Removing components from the upper positions in the rack cabinet improves rack stability during relocation. Follow these general guidelines whenever you relocate a populated rack cabinet within a room or building:

- Reduce the weight of the rack cabinet by removing equipment, starting at the top of the rack cabinet. When possible, restore the rack cabinet to the configuration of the rack cabinet as you received it. If this configuration is not known, you must do the following:
 - Remove all devices in the 32U position and above.
 - Ensure that the heaviest devices are installed in the bottom of the rack cabinet.
 - Ensure that there are no empty U-levels between devices that are installed in the rack cabinet below the 32U level.
- If the rack cabinet you are relocating is part of a suite of rack cabinets, detach the rack cabinet from the suite.
- Inspect the route that you plan to take to eliminate potential hazards.
- Verify that the route that you choose can support the weight of the loaded rack cabinet. Refer to the documentation that comes with your rack cabinet for the weight of a loaded rack cabinet.
- Verify that all door openings are at least 760 x 2032 mm (30 x 80 in.).
- Ensure that all devices, shelves, drawers, doors, and cables are secure.
- Ensure that the four leveling pads are raised to their highest position.
- Ensure that there is no stabilizer bracket that is installed on the rack cabinet during movement.
- Do not use a ramp that is inclined at more than 10 degrees.
- When the rack cabinet is in the new location:
 - Lower the four leveling pads.
 - Install stabilizer brackets on the rack cabinet.
 - If you removed any devices from the rack cabinet, repopulate the rack cabinet from the lowest position to the highest position.
- If a long-distance relocation is required, restore the rack cabinet to the configuration of the rack cabinet as you received it. Pack the rack cabinet in the original packaging material, or equivalent. Also, lower the leveling pads to raise the casters off the pallet and bolt the rack cabinet to the pallet.

(R002)

Preface

This manual contains information and instructions necessary for the setup, operation, and servicing of the Dell™ PowerVault™ TL1000 Tape Library.

Chapter 1. Product description

"Front panel" on page 2
"Cartridge magazine" on page 4
"Rear panel" on page 5
"Bar code reader" on page 6
"SAS host interface" on page 6
"Encryption" on page 6
"Supported Internet Protocols" on page 7
"Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) messaging" on page 7
"Network Time Protocol" on page 7
"Ultrium tape drives" on page 8
"Media" on page 8
"Logical Unit Number (LUN) scanning" on page 9
"Location coordinates and element addresses" on page 9
"Library specifications" on page 10
"Product environment" on page 11
"Supported device drivers" on page 12



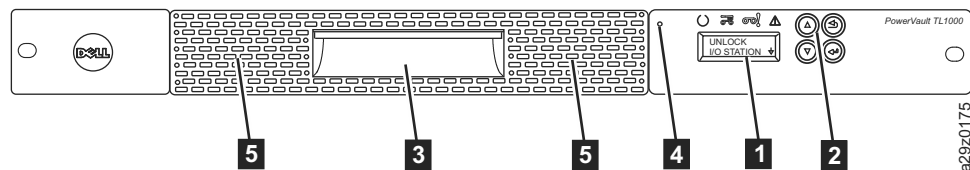
The Dell™ PowerVault™ TL1000 Tape Autoloader provides compact, high-capacity, low-cost solutions for simple, unattended data backup. The library has a compact 1U form factor with easy access to tape cartridges with a removable magazine. The TL1000 Tape Autoloader is an external stand-alone or rack-mountable unit that incorporates an Ultrium 7 Half-Height Tape Drive (Model S7H), Ultrium 6 Half-Height Tape Drive (Model S6H), Ultrium 5 Half-Height Tape Drive (Model S5H), or Ultrium 4 Half-Height Tape Drive (Model S4H). It is equipped with a SAS (Serial Attached SCSI) host adapter attachment that has a data transfer rate of up to 6.0 Gbps.

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader has a 10-position removable cartridge magazine, providing a maximum of 9 data cartridge positions, or a maximum of 8 data cartridge positions with a configurable 1-slot I/O station. One position is reserved as the tape drive exchange position and can be accessed by the library only. Tape cartridges that are supported in the TL1000 Tape Autoloader include the 6000 GB native physical capacity LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge (Ultrium 7), 2500 GB native physical capacity LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge (Ultrium 6), 1500 GB native physical capacity LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge (Ultrium 5), 800 GB native physical capacity LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge (Ultrium 4), 400 GB Tape Cartridge (Ultrium 3), 200

GB Tape Cartridge (Ultrium 2), and WORM (Ultrium 7, Ultrium 6, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 4). The library data storage capacity can be further increased by using hardware compression.

Type	Native Data Capacity	Recording Format
Ultrium 7	6000 GB (15000 GB at 2.5:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 3584 tracks, 32 tracks at a time.
Ultrium 6	2500 GB (6250 GB at 2.5:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 2176 tracks, 16 tracks at a time.
Ultrium 5	1500 GB (3000 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 1280 tracks, 16 tracks at a time.
Ultrium 4	800 GB (1600 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 896 tracks, 16 tracks at a time.
Ultrium 3	400 GB (800 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 704 tracks, 16 tracks at a time.
Ultrium 2	200 GB (400 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 512 tracks, 8 tracks at a time.
Ultrium 1	100 GB (200 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 384 tracks, 8 tracks at a time.

Front panel

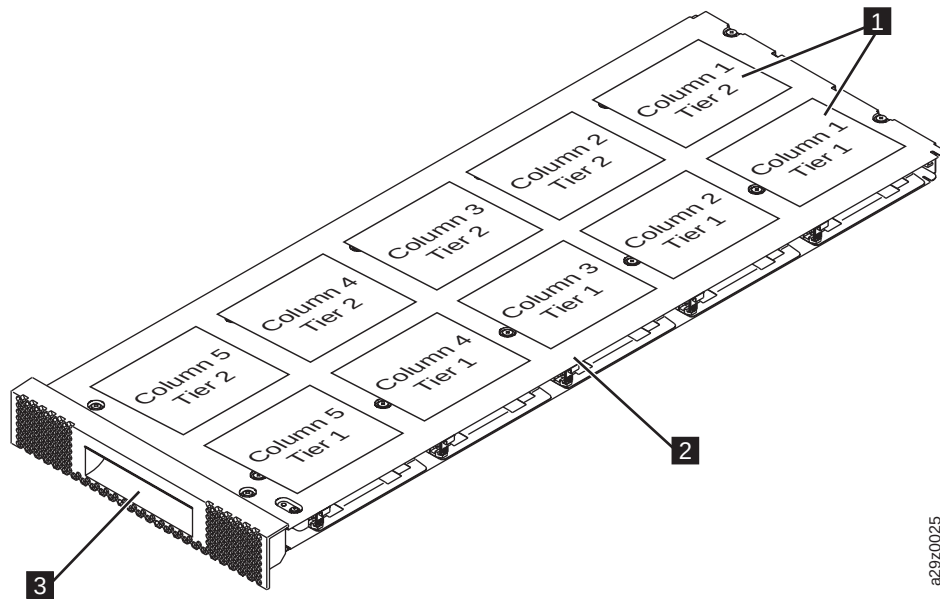


2

Number	Component	Description
1	Operator Panel	The Operator Panel features a monochrome 16-character LCD graphic display that is on the front of the library. Library operations and service functions are completed from this screen. The Web User Interface offers some of the same functionality as the Operator Panel with a web browser for remote access to the library. For information about the Operator Panel and the Web User Interface, see Chapter 2, "User interfaces," on page 13.
2	Control keys	The control keys are located to the right of the Operator Panel LCD display on the front of the library.

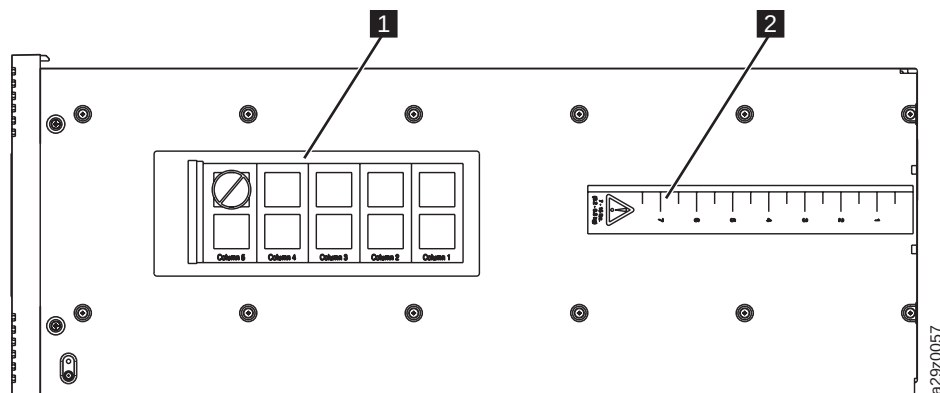
Number	Component	Description
3	Cartridge magazine	The tape library has a single cartridge magazine that can hold up to 9 data cartridges, or 8 data cartridges with a 1-slot I/O station. See Figure 3 on page 4. Column 5/Tier 1 in the cartridge magazine can be configured as a 1-slot I/O station. Column 5/Tier 2 in the cartridge magazine is reserved for the exchange position and can be accessed by the library only. The I/O station is used to import and export cartridges without interrupting normal library operation. Beginning with Column 4, a minimum of one column can be reserved for cleaning cartridges. Cleaning cartridges are used to clean the tape drive heads. For configuration details, see Chapter 3, "Installation and configuration," on page 21.
4	Cartridge magazine release	Emergency cartridge magazine lock release. When the I/O station is locked, insert a large, straightened paper clip twice or hold the paper clip in place while the cartridge magazine slides past the I/O station lock.
5	Air vents	These vents draw cooler air into the library enclosure and allow warm air to escape which helps keep the library at a normal operating temperature.

Cartridge magazine

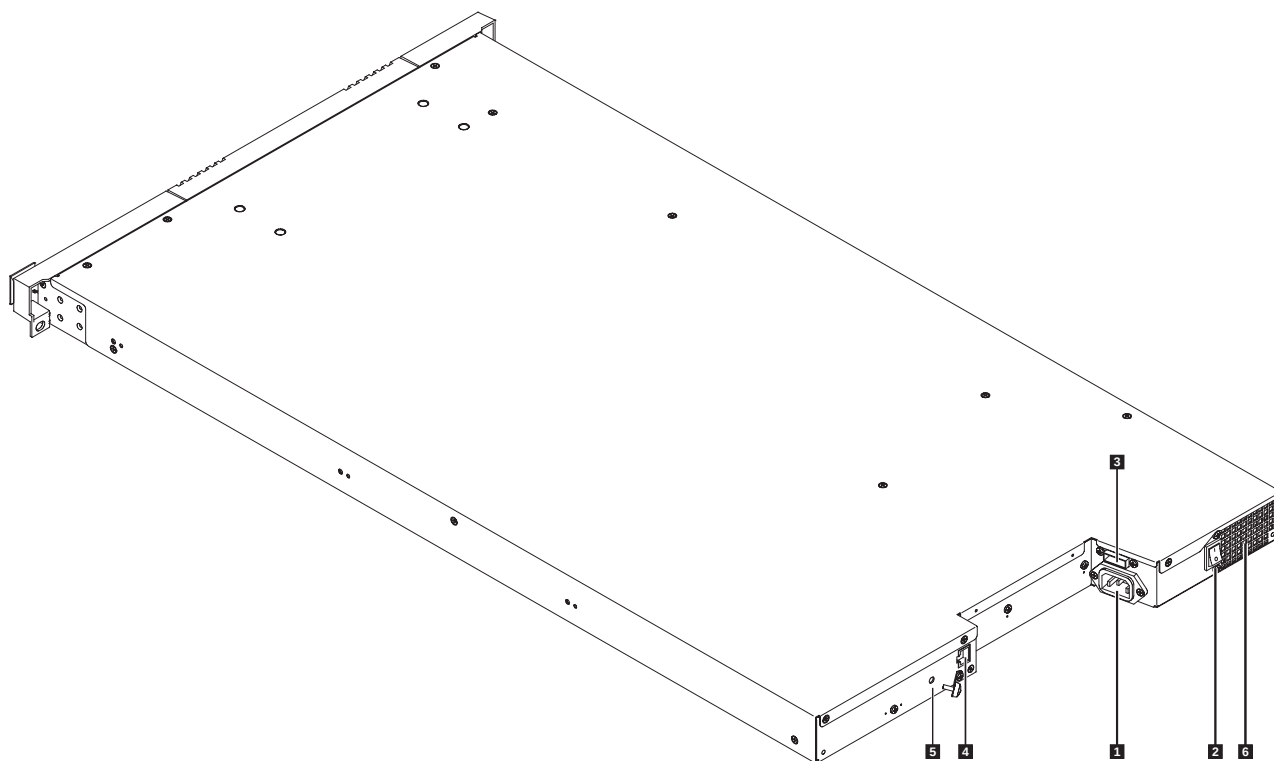


- 1** Cartridge locations as they appear in the Library Map.
Note: These labels are for reference only and do not display on the magazine.
- 2** Cartridge magazine
3 Magazine handle

Figure 4 shows the cartridge location label 1 and ruler 2 that appears on the cartridge magazine. The ruler provides an indication of the distance, when the magazine is opened or withdrawn, to the end of the magazine before it clears the front edge of the library. To prevent dropping the magazine, support both ends of the magazine before it clears the front edge of the library.



Rear panel



Number	Component	Description
1	Power connector	The library connects to a 110/220 volt ac power supply.
2	Power switch	The library is powered ON when the power supply switch on the rear panel is ON (I). The library has no independent power switch on the front panel.
3	SAS host interface connector	Serial-attached SCSI host interface cable connection. The Ultrium 4, 5, 6, and 7 SAS drives use the SFF-8088 connection at the drive end and SFF-8088 or SFF-8470 at the host adapter end.
4	Ethernet port	This port is used to connect the library to a network.
5	Accessor locking screw	The accessor locking screw is used to lock the accessor in place during transportation. Important: Remove the accessor locking screw before the library is powered ON.
6	Air vent	These vents allow air to escape from the power supply and tape drive sled.

Bar code reader

The bar code reader is a part of the library accessor. The bar code reader reads each cartridge bar code label that identifies the types of cartridge magazines and tape drive that is installed in the library. It also provides inventory feedback to the host application, Operator Panel, and Web User Interface. The library stores the customized inventory data in memory. Library firmware supports a 6 or 8-character volume serial number (VOLSER) on the bar code label on the tape cartridge.

SAS host interface

The Ultrium 4, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 6, and Ultrium 7 Half-Height Tape Drives support the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) interface. The SFF-8088 SAS connector on the Ultrium 4, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 6, and Ultrium 7 is compatible with SAS-1 or SAS-2 cables.

A drive with a SAS (Serial Attached SCSI) interface is linked directly to controllers. SAS is a performance improvement over traditional SCSI. SAS enables multiple devices (up to 128) of different sizes and types to connect simultaneously with thinner and longer cables. Its full-duplex signal transmission supports 6.0 Gb/s (S4H, S5H, S6H, and S7H). In addition, the TL1000 Tape Autoloader is hot-plugged, if necessary. SAS drives can auto-negotiate speed.

Encryption

The LTO Ultrium 7, Ultrium 6, Ultrium 5, and Ultrium 4 Tape Drives support host Application Managed Encryption (AME) with T10 encryption methods, for SAS drives. Library Managed Encryption (LME) is supported on LTO Ultrium 7 and Ultrium 6 drives only. Data encryption is supported by LTO Ultrium 7, Ultrium 6, Ultrium 5, and Ultrium 4 Data Cartridges only.

Important: Contact your Dell technical sales representative about the availability of Library Managed Encryption (LME).

Note: Application Managed Encryption (AME) does not require a key. Library Managed Encryption (LME) is available only by purchasing a library with the Library Managed Encryption enabled at point of sale.

Note: When available, library managed encryption will only be offered for purchase at point of sale on LTO-6 and LTO-7 TL1000 tape libraries. Library Managed Encryption will not be offered as an upgrade on existing TL1000 tape libraries.

The encryption enabled drive contains the necessary hardware and firmware to encrypt and decrypt host tape application data. Encryption policy and encryption keys are provided by the host application or host server. A drive digital certificate is installed at manufacturing time. Each drive receives a unique serial number and certificate. The T10 application validates each drive instance by checking the drive's digital certificate.

The encryption-capable library firmware allows the user to select **None** or **Application Managed** encryption from the Web User Interface. If the library was purchased with the Library Managed Encryption feature, **Library Managed Encryption** can also be selected. The factory default is **None**.

Supported Internet Protocols

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader supports the Internet protocols:

- IPv4
- IPv6

To learn more about IPv4, visit <http://www.iana.org/>. To learn more about IPv6, visit <http://www.ipv6.org/>.

Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) messaging

Occasionally, the library might encounter a situation that you want to know about, such as an open magazine or a fault that causes the library to stop. The library provides a standard TCP/IP protocol called Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) to send alerts about conditions (such as need for operator intervention) over a TCP/IP LAN network to an SNMP monitoring station. These alerts are called SNMP traps. With the information supplied in each SNMP trap, the monitoring station (together with customer-supplied software) can alert operations personnel of possible problems or operator interventions that occur.

SNMP traps

SNMP Traps are alerts or status messages that can be collected, monitored, and used to proactively manage attached libraries with SNMP protocol with the SNMP monitoring stations. In summary, each trap provides the following information:

- **Product Identification** such as product name, description, manufacturer, model number, firmware level, and the URL that the trap is designated for.
- **Product Status** such as the severity of the trap, status (current and previous) and the time the trap occurred.
- **Library State** (physical device status) such as identification and status of devices that is monitored. It would include enclosure, power supply, controller, magazine status, drive count, cartridge slot count, and I/O station count. Also included would be certain library statistics, and where appropriate, the fault FSC (fault symptom code) including the severity and description of that fault.
- **Drive Status** such as the identification of each drive in the library, firmware level, serial number, and other address and status information.
- **Trap Definitions** such as library status change, open magazine, I/O accessed, hard fault information, requests to clean the drive, excessive retries, and returning to normal operations.
- **SNMP MIBs:** The library's Management Information Base (MIB) contains units of information that specifically describe an aspect of the system, such as the system name, hardware number, or communications configuration. When with SNMP to monitor your TL1000 Tape Autoloader, make sure that the TL1000 MIB file is loaded on your SNMP monitoring station. SNMP traps are sent to the [SNMP monitoring stations that are defined for your library \(see "Configuring SNMP trap notifications" on page 86\)](#).

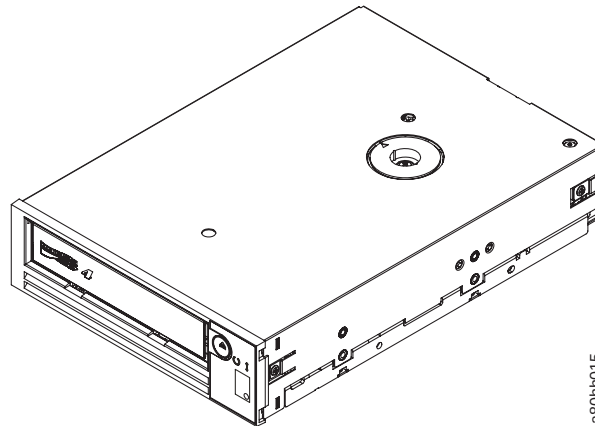
Network Time Protocol

NTP is an Internet standard protocol that assures accurate synchronization of computer clock times in a network of computers. Running as a continuous background client program on a computer, NTP sends periodic time requests to a server, obtaining server time stamps, and with them to adjust the client's clock.

Ultrium tape drives

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader supports the Ultrium 4 (S4H), Ultrium 5 (S5H), Ultrium 6 (S6H), and Ultrium 7 (S7H) half-height tape drives.

The Ultrium 4, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 6, and Ultrium 7 half-height tape drives support the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) interface. They have one Mini-SAS (SFF-8088) connector.



Speed matching

To improve system performance, the Ultrium 4, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 6, and Ultrium 7 Tape Drives use a technique that is called speed matching to dynamically adjust its native (uncompressed) data rate to the slower data rate of the attached server.

Channel calibration

The channel calibration feature of the Ultrium 4, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 6, and Ultrium 7 Tape Drives customizes each read/write data channel for optimum performance. The customization enables compensation for variations in the recording channel transfer function, media characteristics, and read/write head characteristics.

Power management

The Ultrium 4, Ultrium 5, Ultrium 6, and Ultrium 7 Tape Drives feature a power management function. This function controls the drive's electronics so that part of the electronics completely turns OFF when circuit functions are not needed for the drive's operation.

Media

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader uses Ultrium tape cartridges that provide up to 6000-GB native capacity (up to 15000 GB with 2.5:1 hardware data compression) for Ultrium 7 tape drives, 2500-GB native capacity (up to 6250 GB with 2.5:1 hardware data compression) for Ultrium 6 tape drives, 1500-GB native capacity (up to 3000 GB with 2:1 hardware data compression) for Ultrium 5 tape drives, and 800-GB native capacity (up to 1600 GB with 2:1 hardware data compression) for Ultrium 4 tape drives.

Tape Drive	LTO Ultrium Data Cartridges						
	6000 GB Ultrium 7	2500 GB Ultrium 6	1500 GB Ultrium 5	800 GB Ultrium 4	400 GB Ultrium 3	200 GB Ultrium 2	100 GB Ultrium 1
Ultrium 7	Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only				
Ultrium 6		Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only			
Ultrium 5			Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only		
Ultrium 4				Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only	
Ultrium 3					Read/Write	Read/Write	Read only
Ultrium 2						Read/Write	Read/Write
Ultrium 1							Read/Write

Note: The TL1000 Tape Autoloader supports the Ultrium 4 (S4H), Ultrium 5 (S5H), Ultrium 6 (S6H), and Ultrium 7 (S7H) Tape Drives only.

For more information about media compatibility, see [Chapter 5, "Media," on page 97.](#)

Logical Unit Number (LUN) scanning

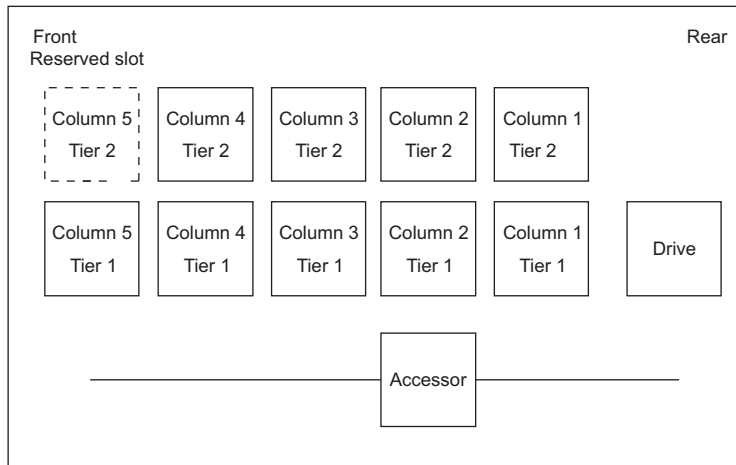
The TL1000 Tape Autoloader uses a single SCSI ID and dual LUNs to control the tape drive (LUN 0) and library accessor (LUN 1). The library requires a Host Bus adapter (HBA) that supports LUN scanning. If it is not enabled, your host system cannot scan beyond LUN 0 and fails to detect the library. It sees only the tape drive.

Important: Some HBAs, such as RAID controllers, do not support LUN scanning.

Location coordinates and element addresses

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader incorporates patented high-density (HD) slot technology, which allows multiple cartridges to be stored in a tiered architecture. The depth of a cartridge location in a high-density slot is known as a tier. High-density slots are designed to contain multiple cartridges in Tiers 1 and 2.

Note: Each column has a spring-loaded mechanism that pushes a tape cartridge into Tier 1 when it is the only cartridge in that column. A single cartridge in a column takes on the Tier 2 element address even though it is physically in Tier 1.



A storage element address is assigned to each cartridge at the time the cartridge is inserted. Storage element addresses range from 4097 to 4105 (0x1001 to 0x1009) when the I/O station is not enabled, and from 4097 to 4104 (0x1001 to 0x1008) when the I/O station is enabled.

Library specifications

Parameter	Measurement
Front panel width (chassis/bezel)	445 mm (17.52 in.)/483 mm (19.02 in.)
Depth	850 mm (33.46 in.)
Height	44 mm (1.73 in.)
Weight (library only)	13 kg (28.66 lbs)

Parameter	Measurement
Voltage	100 - 240 Vac. (4.0 to 1.5 A)
Frequency	50 - 60 Hz
Power consumption	110 W

For more information about installation specifications, see [Chapter 3, "Installation and configuration,"](#) on page 21.

Parameter	Operating (see Note)	Storage	Shipping
Temperature	10 - 38 °C (50 - 100 °F)	1 - 60 °C (34 - 140 °F)	-40 to 60 °C (-40 to 140 °F)
Temperature variation	10 °C/hour (maximum)	10 °C/hour (maximum)	10 °C/hour (maximum)
Relative humidity	20 - 80%	10 - 90%	10 - 90%
Wet bulb temperature	26 °C (78.8 °F) maximum	29 °C (84 °F) maximum	29 °C (84 °F) maximum

Parameter	Operating (see Note)	Storage	Shipping
Altitude (meters)	0 - 2,500	0 - 2,500	0 - 2,500
Note: The operating environment of the library must not conflict with the media storage requirements. The library can operate at elevated temperatures for an extended period. However, the temperature might shorten the useful life of media that is stored in the library. If media is stored in the library for more than 10 hours, the storage temperature requirements for media are met. It is assumed that media stored in the library is approximately 2 degrees above ambient temperature when the library is powered ON.			

Parameter	Model S7H	Model S6H	Model S5H	Model S4H
Maximum storage capacity	54 TB (135 TB with 2.5:1 compression)	22.5 TB (56.2 TB with 2.5:1 compression)	13.5 TB (27 TB with 2:1 compression)	7.2 TB (14.4 TB with 2:1 compression)
Maximum number of data cartridges	9 (including an optional I/O Station)			
Drive types	Ultrium 7 Half Height	Ultrium 6 Half Height	Ultrium 5 Half Height	Ultrium 4 Half Height
Sustained native data transfer rate	300 MB/s (750 MB/s with 2.5:1 compression)	160 MB/s (400 MB/s with 2.5:1 compression)	140 MB/s (280 MB/s with 2:1 compression)	120 MB/s (240 MB/s with 2:1 compression)
Interface	6 Gb/s SAS			3 Gb/s SAS
Note: The Ultrium 4 Half-Height tape drive in S4H libraries that are manufactured after March 2011 support 6.0 Gb/s and a sustained native data rate of 120 Gb/s.				

Parameter	Measurement
Idling acoustical noise sound power level LwAD in Bels (1 Bel = 10 dB)	6.6
Maximum acoustical noise sound power level LwAD in Bels (1 Bel = 10 dB)	6.8

Product environment

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader is designed to operate in a general business environment.

The library meets the acoustical requirements for general business area category 2D. Category 2D states that the library can be installed a minimum of 4 m (13 ft.) from a permanent work station.

To allow for service access, install the library a minimum of 0.9 m (3 ft.) from all obstacles.

The library is a precision computer peripheral device. To ensure maximum longevity of your library, locate the library away from dust, dirt, and airborne particulates, as follows:

- Keep the library away from high-traffic areas, especially if the floor is carpeted. Carpeting harbors dust and walking on the carpet can cause the carpet fibers and the dust to become airborne.
- Keep the library out of printer and copier rooms because of toner and paper dust. Additionally, do not store paper supplies next to the library.
- Keep the library away from moving air caused by doorways, open windows, fans, and air conditioners.

Ensure that the machine covers are always kept closed to minimize any contamination from airborne particles.

Supported device drivers

Device drivers enable the drive to interact with various servers. For applications that use device drivers, see the application's documentation to determine which drivers to use.

Note: If you do not have Internet access and you need information about device drivers, contact your sales representative.

Chapter 2. User interfaces

["Operator Panel"](#)

["Web User Interface" on page 17](#)

The library has a local interface, the Operator Panel, and a remote Web User Interface (UI).

The Operator Panel is on the front of the library and allows users to work locally on the library. The Web User Interface allows users and administrators to view and perform some library functions from remote sites.

The Web User Interface is implemented as a Java™ Applet that runs in a web browser from any PC on the network. The Java Applet requires that Java 1.5.0 or higher is installed on your host computer for full functionality, and is best viewed with Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher. Internet Explorer 7.0 or higher is required for IPv6.

Operator Panel

The Operator Panel is on the front bezel of the library. The Operator Panel displays library information and menu commands that are used to run library management functions in response to the control keys on the right of the LCD display.



Number	Component	Description
1	LCD display	16-character LCD graphic display
2	Up key (Δ)	Button that is used to navigate upward (↑) through the menu items
3	Down key (∇)	Button that is used to navigate downward (↓) through the menu items

Number	Component	Description
4	Cancel key	Button that is used to cancel a user action and return to the last menu item
5	Enter key	Button that is used to display a submenu or to select a user action
6	Ready/Activity LED	Green LED lit when the unit is powered ON. The LED flashes when there is any library activity or the library is offline.
7	Clean Drive LED	Amber LED lit when the drive needs cleaning. The LED turns OFF after the drive is cleaned successfully.
8	Attention LED	Amber LED lit when a cartridge is incompatible with the drive, marginal, or invalid. The LED turns OFF when the media is removed from the drive. The LED might also be lit when there is a power supply problem.
9	Error LED	Amber LED lit when there is an unrecoverable library or drive failure. The corresponding error message displays on the LCD display.

The Operator Panel operates in two basic modes:

- **User Interaction mode** - Mode that is employed when a user is pushing keys on the Operator Panel.
- **System Driven mode** - Normal mode of operation where the Operator Panel displays status in response to commands issued from the drive's internal interface.

When an Operator Panel key is pressed and released, the Operator Panel automatically changes to User Interaction mode. User Interaction mode continues until 3 minutes after a user stops pushing keys, or the requested accessor action stops, whichever is longer. Then, the Operator Panel returns to System Driven mode.

If necessary, the Operator Panel automatically changes to System Driven mode. When this change occurs, the library remembers what the user was doing before the display mode changed.

Any operational conflict between commands that are received over the host interface or the Web User Interface and those commands that are entered by way of the Operator Panel are avoided with a reservation mechanism on a first-come, first-served basis. Operator Panel commands are canceled by an Operator Panel logout or timeout.

Library firmware does not allow a user to select an impossible request. Those situations include, but are not limited to -

- Moving a cartridge from any source to a position occupied by another cartridge
- Moving a cartridge from an empty cartridge position
- Loading a cartridge from any source to a full drive
- Unloading a cartridge from an empty drive

Any error that is detected by the library or drive controller and not recoverable through predetermined firmware algorithms is considered unrecoverable. When an error occurs, an error code is displayed on the Operator Panel display and the

error LED is ON. The error code remains on the Operator Panel until a key is pressed, which causes the Operator Panel to return to the Home Screen. Numeric error codes are used for unrecoverable errors. Otherwise, text status messages are displayed.

When the library powers ON or resets, it goes through several internally controlled initialization processes, called the Power-On-Self-Test (POST).

Front panel LEDs

All LEDs are updated during power ON and reset sequences. At power ON or software reset, all LEDs turn ON as soon as POST allows. When initialization starts, all LEDs turn OFF and the Ready/Activity LED flashes at a rate of approximately 2 seconds per cycle. When the mechanical initialization is complete, the Ready/Activity LED stops flashing and turns ON.

If a library failure occurs, the Ready/Activity LED turns OFF and the Error LED turns ON. The Operator Panel also displays an appropriate error code to help identify the failure.

The following are more operational details of LEDs:

- The **Ready/Activity LED** (**6** in [Figure 8 on page 13](#)) turns ON any time the unit is powered ON and functional. The Ready/Activity LED flashes whenever there is library. This LED also flashes when the library is offline.
- The **Clean Drive LED** (**7** in [Figure 8 on page 13](#)) turns ON when a “cleaning required” command is issued by the drive. The LED turns OFF after a successful drive cleaning operation.
- The **Attention LED** (**8** in [Figure 8 on page 13](#)) turns ON to indicate that a piece of media is bad/marginal, or invalid. The LED turns OFF when all marginal and invalid cartridges are exported from the library. The Attention LED also turns ON if Autoclean is enabled and no cleaning cartridge is in a cleaning position.
- The **Error LED** (**9** in [Figure 8 on page 13](#)) turns ON when there is an unrecoverable drive or library failure. An error message is displayed on the screen and the LED remains ON until the error state is resolved.

For information, see [“Interpreting front panel LEDs” on page 116.](#)

Input modes

There are several ways to enter values in the different menu items. These values are selectable predefined values, toggle values (for example, ON/OFF) and numerical values like network addresses.

Selecting predefined values

1. To set the predefined values, press the Enter key to select the menu item.
2. With the Plus and Minus keys, select one of the various predefined values for that item.
3. As soon as the Operator Panel display shows the correct value, press the Enter key to apply the value.

Toggling values

Toggle values are used to switch between two different states like ON and OFF.

1. After you navigate to the menu item, press the Enter key to select the menu item.
2. With the Plus and Minus keys, select one of the various predefined states for that item.
3. Press the Enter key to apply the new state.

Entering numerical values

Numerical values are needed for network addresses, password entries, and other configuration entries.

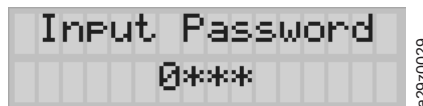
1. After you navigate to the menu item, the current value is displayed and the cursor highlights the first digit of the value that can be changed.
2. For each digit to be changed in the value:
 - a. Use the Plus and Minus keys to increment or decrement the digit.
 - b. Press the Enter key to highlight the next editable digit.
3. Press the Enter key at the last digit to apply the complete entry. Press the Cancel key to cancel the whole edit process and maintain the original value.

Logging in

At power ON or software reset, the library ready screen displays when POST initialization completes successfully.



To log in to the Operator Panel, press the Enter key. The password entry screen displays.



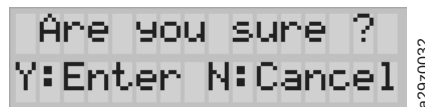
Press the UP and DOWN arrow keys to change the current digit. Press the Enter key to advance to the next digit. The default password is **0000**. When you are logged in, you can change the password with the **Change Login Password** command. See ["Configuring Operator Panel settings" on page 66.](#)

Screen elements



The Operator Panel displays a single menu item (**1** in [Figure 11](#)) on each screen. The existence of other menu items above and below the currently displayed item is indicated by the arrows (**2** in [Figure 11](#)) on the right side of the screen.

In the **Configuration** menu, the current configuration setting is indicated by an asterisk (**3** in [Figure 11](#)) on the right side of the screen. For example, in [Figure 11](#), the I/O station is enabled. When a configuration setting is changed, the confirmation screen in [Figure 12](#) displays. Press the Enter key to confirm, or Cancel to return to the previous screen.



Web User Interface

The Web User Interface Java Applet requires Java 1.5.0 or higher be installed on your host computer for full function, and is best viewed with Internet Explorer 6.0 or higher. Internet Explorer 7.0 or higher is required for IPv6. If your computer does not have Java installed or you must upgrade your installation, download the latest version of the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) for your platform from <http://www.java.com/>. Follow the instructions that are provided to enable and configure the Java Runtime Environment for your browser.

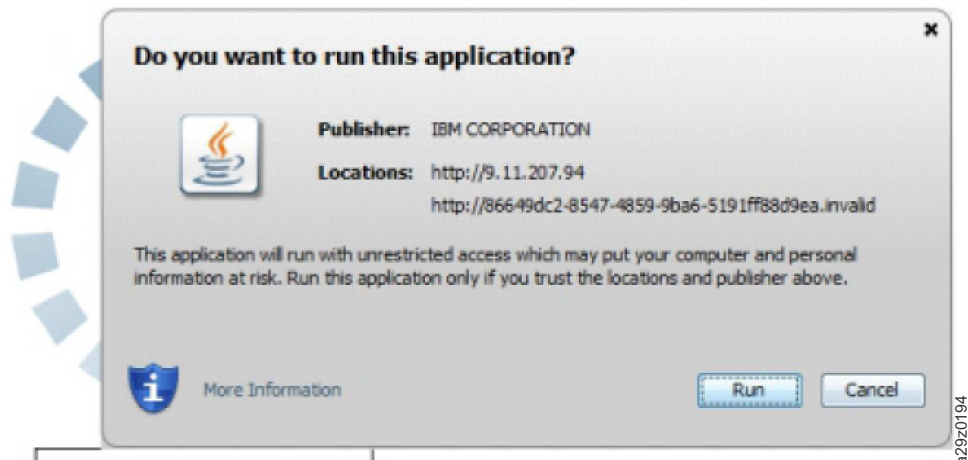
The Web User Interface can also be used to update the library and drive firmware, and to download error logs, drive memory dumps, and other library data.

Before the TL1000 Tape Autoloader can be managed over a network with the Web User Interface, set up the initial network configuration of the library with the Operator Panel. For information, see ["Configuring network settings" on page 47](#).

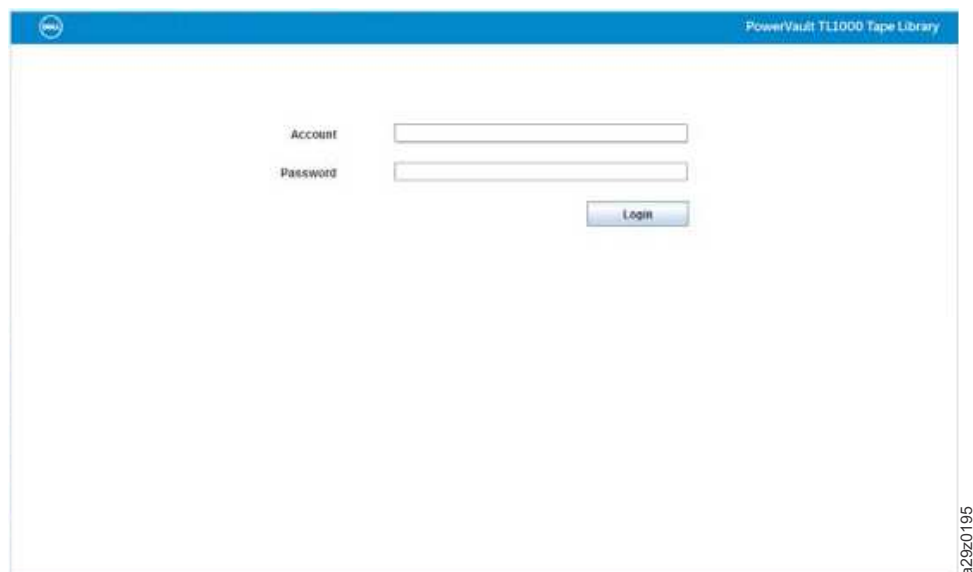
Logging in

To log in to the Web User Interface from Internet Explorer, you must enter the IP address of the library. The IP address can be obtained with the **View Settings** command from the Operator Panel. For example, <http://192.168.1.1>.

When the applet starts, the following warning message displays. This message is normal and does not indicate a problem.



After the Web User Interface is started, the login window is displayed.



The factory default account login and password for an Administrator account is

- Account: **admin**
- Password: **secure**

The account name and password are case-sensitive. After your account name and password are entered, use your mouse to click **Login** or press the **Enter** key.

For information about account privileges, see ["User privileges" on page 20.](#)

Common header elements

All Web User Interface windows (except for the Login screen) contain the following common elements in the header

- **Help** - Click to read context-sensitive help for the associated page.

- **Logoff** - Click to log out of the Web User Interface.

Menus available from the Web User Interface

Figure 15 shows the **Web User Interface** window for a User account, Figure 16 shows the window for a Superuser account, and Figure 17 on page 20 shows the window for an Administrator account.

PowerVault TL1000 Tape Library

Welcome user Help | Logoff

Monitor System

- System Summary
- Library Map
- Manage Library
 - Move Cartridges
 - Unload Drive
 - Clean Drive
 - Library State
 - Inventory
 - Unlock Magazine
- Configure Library
 - User Access
 - Physical
 - Logical
 - Network
 - Encryption
 - Date and Time
 - Notifications
 - Save / Restore
- Service Library
 - Key Path Diagnostics
 - Operator Interventions
 - View Library Logs
 - Traces
 - Download Drive Logs
 - Download Library Logs
 - Reset Library / Drive
 - Firmware Update
 - Usage Statistics

Display Refresh Interval (sec): 0 10 20 30 40 50 60

System Summary

Library name: OK

Library: OK

Drive: Empty

I/O station: Closed

Front panel indicators:

Configuration and cartridge counts:

	Cartridges	Slots
Drive	0	N/A
Storage	2	6
Cleaning / inactive	0	2
I/O station	0	1
Reserved	N/A	1
Total	2	10

Library firmware version: 0031.3000

Library serial number: 1307968

Drive firmware version: E6R1

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PowerVault TL1000 Tape Library

Welcome user Help | Logoff

Monitor System

- System Summary
- Library Map
- Manage Library
 - Move Cartridges
 - Unload Drive
 - Clean Drive
 - Library State
 - Inventory
 - Unlock Magazine
- Configure Library
 - User Access
 - Physical
 - Logical
 - Network
 - Encryption
 - Date and Time
 - Notifications
 - Save / Restore
- Service Library
 - Key Path Diagnostics
 - Operator Interventions
 - View Library Logs
 - Traces
 - Download Drive Logs
 - Download Library Logs
 - Reset Library / Drive
 - Firmware Update
 - Usage Statistics

Display Refresh Interval (sec): 0 10 20 30 40 50 60

System Summary

Library name: OK

Library: OK

Drive: Empty

I/O station: Closed

Front panel indicators:

Configuration and cartridge counts:

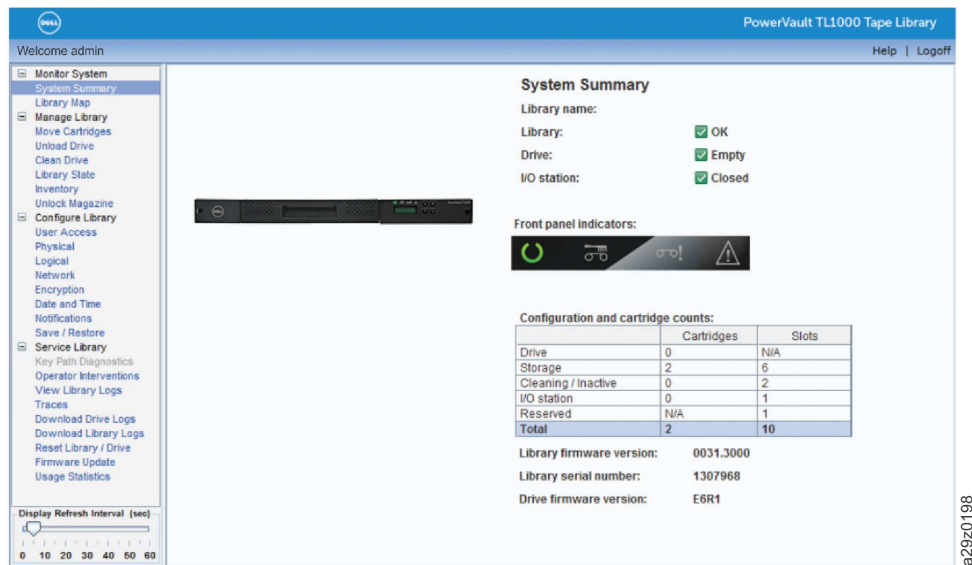
	Cartridges	Slots
Drive	0	N/A
Storage	2	6
Cleaning / inactive	0	2
I/O station	0	1
Reserved	N/A	1
Total	2	10

Library firmware version: 0031.3000

Library serial number: 1307968

Drive firmware version: E6R1

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For a complete description of all **Web User Interface** menu options, see [Chapter 4, "Operations,"](#) on page 55.

User privileges

User privilege levels are manually assigned to user accounts created within the library. Controlling access to screens and operations within the library preserves the integrity of the library and the data that is stored within the library.

There are three types of user privileges in the library.

- **Users** are allowed to monitor the library, but not complete actions that affect the physical library.
- **Superusers** are allowed to operate the physical and logical library, but not complete actions that affect the library configuration.
- **Administrator** users are allowed access to the entire physical library and logical library, including configuration. Only one administrator user must be assigned the login name **admin**.

User privileges include

- Multiple users can be logged in at one time on the Web User Interface.
- Any user can be logged in to only one interface at a time.

Chapter 3. Installation and configuration

"Choosing a location"	
"Installing in a rack" on page 22	
"Removing the accessor locking screw" on page 27	
"Attaching the library to a server" on page 28	
"Configuring your library with the Web User Interface" on page 31	"Logging in to the Web User Interface" on page 32
	"Checking firmware level" on page 33
	"Configuring library settings" on page 34
	"Configuring network settings" on page 36
	"Configuring date and time settings" on page 37
	"Configuring encryption settings" on page 38
	"Configuring email notifications" on page 41
	"Configuring trap notifications" on page 42
	"Managing user access" on page 44
	"Saving the library configuration" on page 47
"Configuring your library with the Operator Panel" on page 47	"Logging in to the Operator Panel" on page 47
	"Configuring network settings" on page 47
	"Configuring library settings" on page 49
"Populating the library with cartridges" on page 50	
"Verifying library and drive operation" on page 51	
"Taking the Library Online" on page 52	
"Registering for support notification" on page 52	

To install and configure a TL1000 Tape Autoloader, complete these procedures in the order they are presented.

Choosing a location

Criteria	Definition
Room temperature	16 - 32 °C (60 - 90 °F)
Voltage	100 - 240 Vac. (4.0 to 1.5 A) Note: The power switch is on the rear of the library and must be easily accessible.
Frequency	50 - 60 Hz
Relative humidity	20 - 80% non-condensing
Air quality	The library must be placed in an area with minimal sources of particulate contamination. Avoid areas near frequently used doors and walkways, stacks of supplies that collect dust, printers, and smoke-filled rooms. Excessive dust and debris can damage cartridges and the tape drive.

Criteria	Definition
Clearance	• Back: Minimum of 15 cm (6 in.) • Front: Minimum of 30 cm (12 in.) • Sides: Minimum of 5 cm (2 in.)
Rack requirements	Standard EIA 19-inch rack: 1U space

Installing in a rack

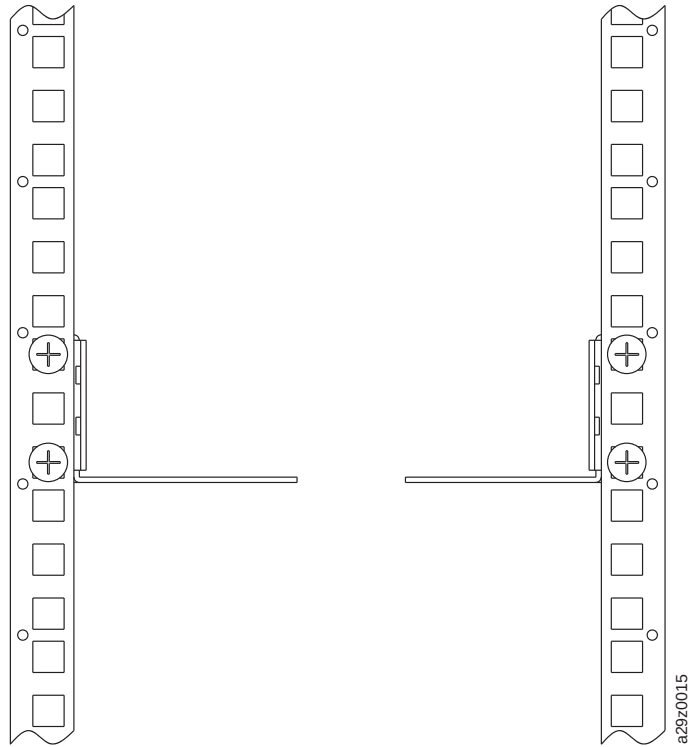
The TL1000 Tape Autoloader can be easily installed into a standard 19-inch rack system. A standard 19-inch rack system contains multiple mounting locations that are called EIA units as defined by the Electronics Industries Association. Each EIA unit contains three square or round holes that are used to mount rack designed equipment. The library requires 1 EIA unit (1U) of rack space. Each unit is separated by a small space.

When you decide on a location in your rack for the library, consider that the Operator Panel has a small LCD screen. The library must be positioned to allow for easy viewing. The rear of the library must be free from any obstructions to allow easy access to the power switch and other rear panel components.

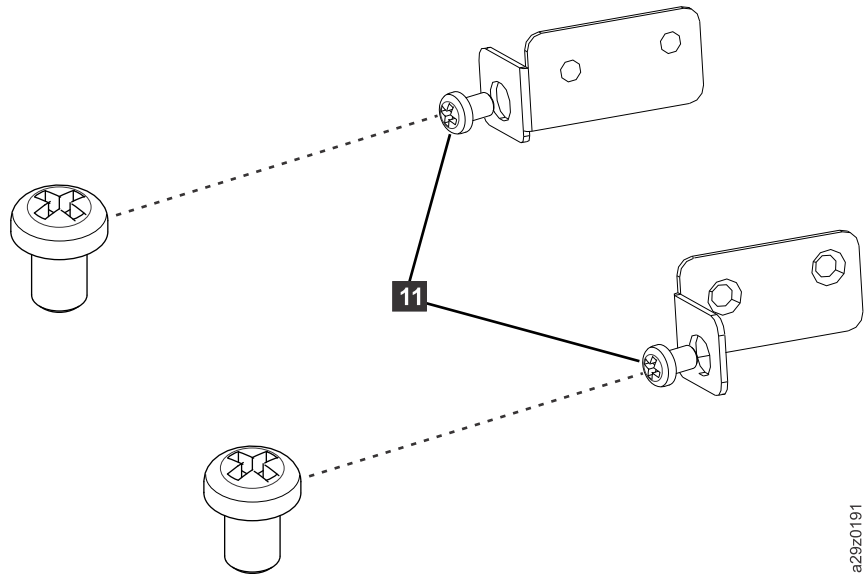
Note: Before you begin the rack installation of the library, read the safety information in [“Rack safety” on page xv](#). Also, verify that no desktop feet are attached to the bottom of the library.

To install the library in a rack:

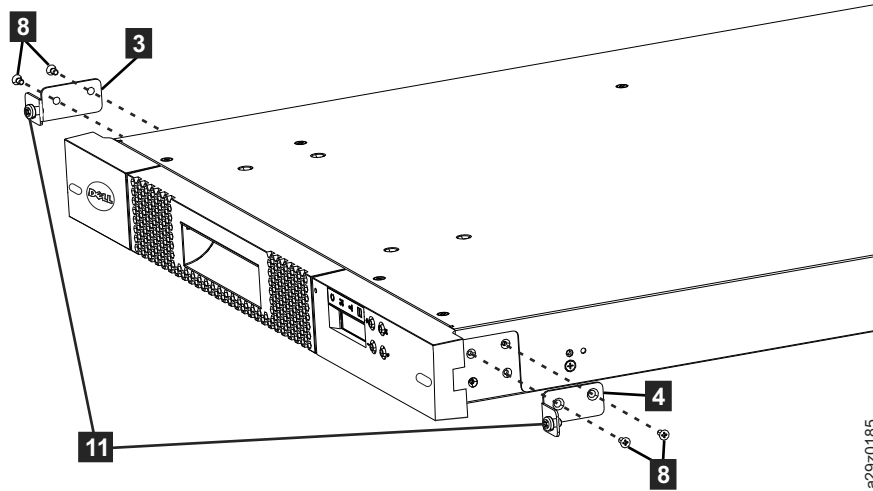
1. Verify that your rack kit includes all the necessary contents.
2. Determine the location in your rack for your library to be installed. With a pencil, mark the location on the front vertical rails and rear vertical rails [\(Figure 18 on page 23\)](#) in your rack.



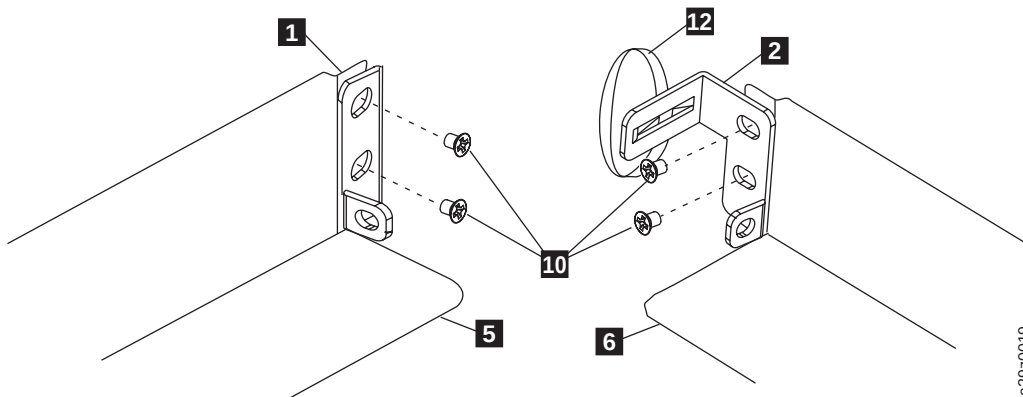
3. Place the screws **11** into the left and right brackets.



4. Attach the left **3** and right **4** (Figure 19 on page 24) front brackets to the front of the library chassis with 2 flat-head screws **8** on each side. Use the top two screw holes on each side. The flange of each bracket with the inserted screws (**11**) fits into the cutout on each side of the bezel.

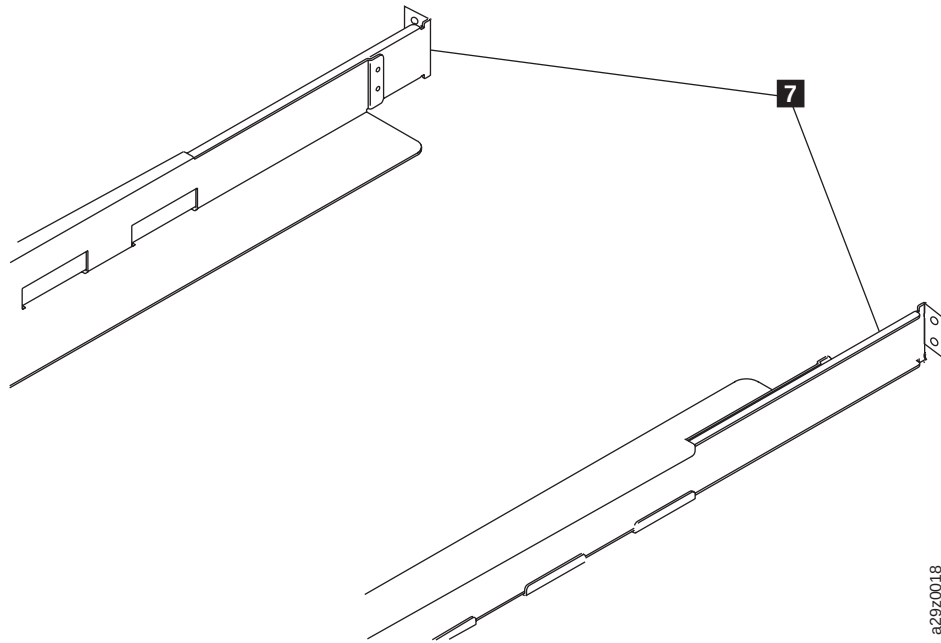


5. Attach the left **1** and right **2** rear brackets to the left **5** and right **6** front rails with 2 round-head screws **10** on each side (Figure 20).

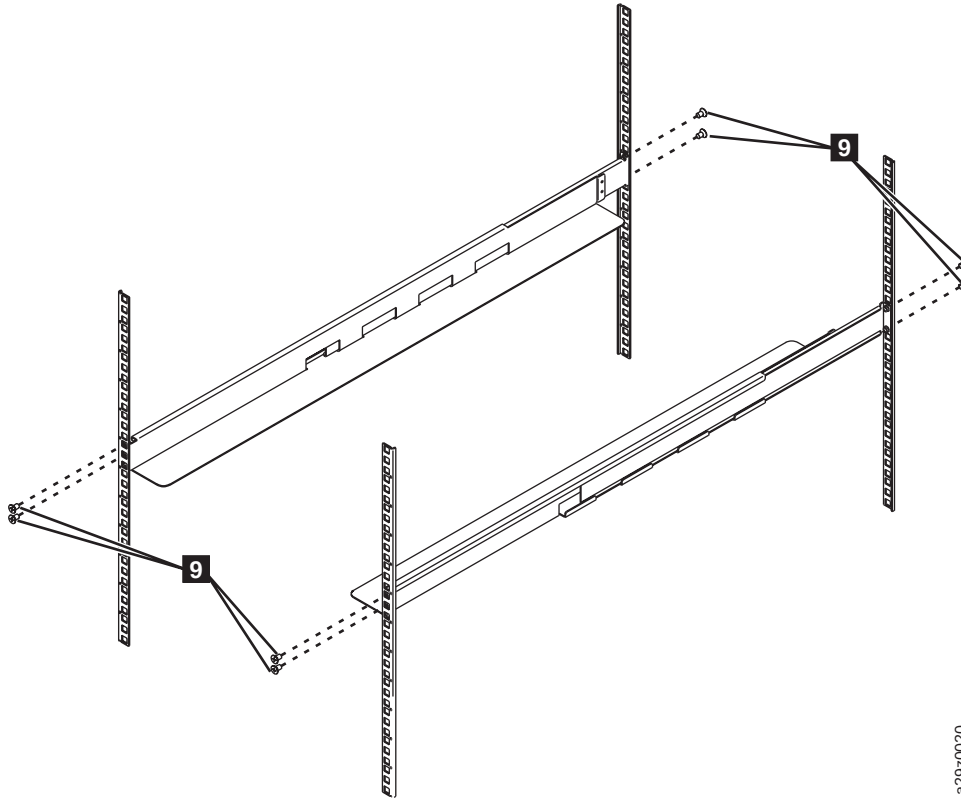


Important: Do NOT tighten these screws completely.

6. Slide in the rear rails **7** from back to front, to create the rail assemblies. Ensure that the screw holes face outwards (Figure 21 on page 25).

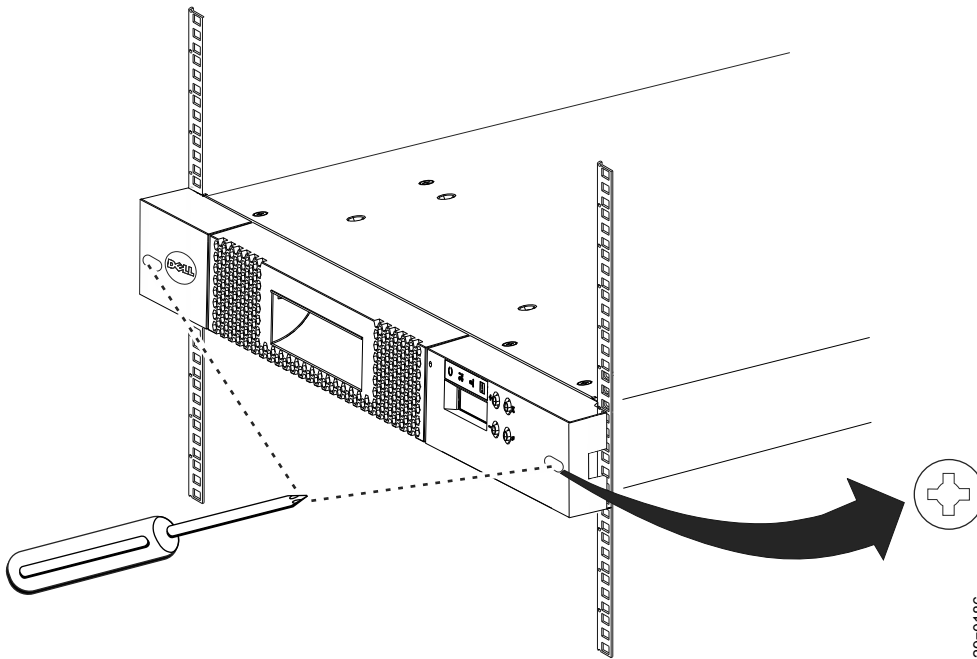


7. Install the rail assemblies into the rack (Figure 22 on page 26). Ensure the 3 holes in the front of the unit align with the 1U space marked on the vertical rails in Step 2. Secure the rails to the rack with 4 flat-head screws **9** on each side of the rack. Use the top and bottom screw locations on the front and rear of the rack rail (Figure 18 on page 23).



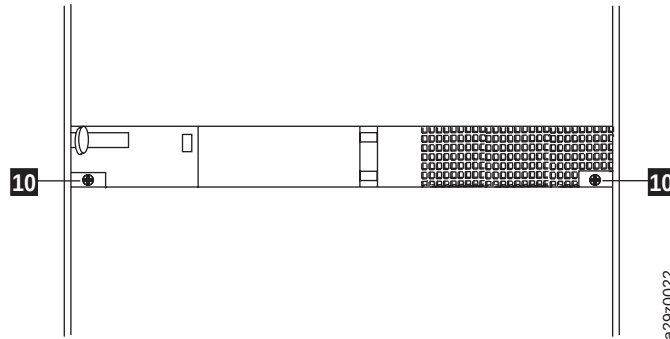
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8. Slide the library chassis into the rack. The heads of the large screws **11** appear through the oval openings on each side of the bezel. Use a Phillips screwdriver to attach these screws to the rack (Figure 23).

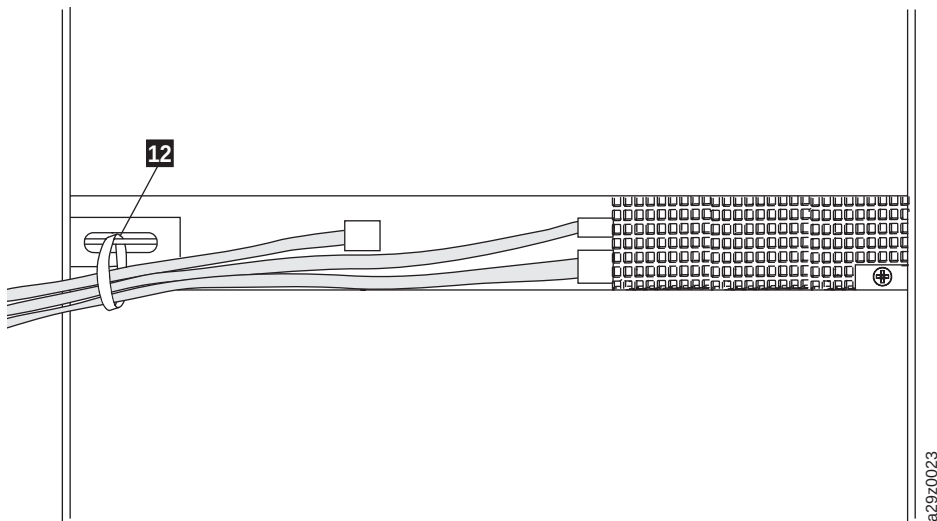


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9. Secure the rear of the library to the rack with a round-head screw **10** on each rear bracket (Figure 24). Tighten the other rear bracket screws to secure the library to the rack.



10. Run the SAS cable, power cable, and Ethernet cable through the hook-and-loop fastener strap **12**. Leave enough slack to reach the corresponding connectors, then tighten the strap (Figure 25).

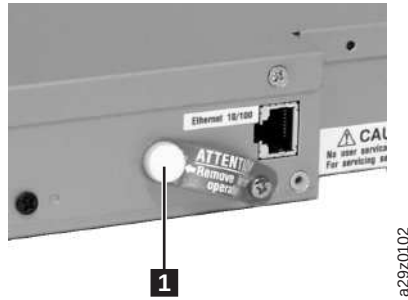


Note: For information about converting and relocating the library, see Chapter 8, "Removal and replacement procedures," on page 121.

Removing the accessor locking screw

Important: The accessor locking screw prevents the library accessor from moving during shipment and must be removed before the library is powered ON.

Remove the accessor locking screw, located on the rear panel of the library (**1** in Figure 26 on page 28).



Attaching the library to a server

The drive is attached to a server with the Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) interface. The Web User Interface accesses the library with an ethernet interface.

Connecting the Host Interface cables

To connect the host interface cable to the library:

Note: It is recommended that you shut down and turn OFF the associated server before you connect the SAS interface cable. Turn ON the associated server after the SAS interface cable is connected to the library and server, the library is powered ON, and the library completed the initialization.



1. Attach an ethernet cable to the ethernet port (**1** in [Figure 27](#))

Note: On rack mount installations, run the cable through the hook-and-loop fastener strap on the right rear bracket.

2. Attach the host end of the SAS cable to the drive's SAS connector (**2** in [Figure 27 on page 28](#)). See ["SAS host interface" on page 6](#) for information about the type of SAS connector that is required for attachment to the drive.

Note: On rack mount installations, run the cable through the hook-and-loop fastener strap on the right rear bracket.

3. Attach the other end of the host SAS interface cable to the host or to an interposer if required.
4.
 - Method 1: Plug the ethernet cable into your server or PC to access the Web User Interface directly. This method modifies your server or PC network settings to match the library default settings. You can also use the library Operator Panel to change the library network settings to match the server or PC network settings before you use the Web User Interface to access the library. If the ethernet connection is directly attached to a server or a PC, a crossover ethernet cable might be required.
 - Method 2: Plug the ethernet cable into an ethernet switch or router to access the Web User Interface on a LAN (local area network). The library network settings must be entered with the Operator Panel before the Web User Interface is used to access the library.

Connecting the power cord

Important: This product can ONLY be used with an approved power cord for your specific geographic region. Use of an unapproved power cord might result in

- Not meeting individual country-specific safety requirements
- Overheating with potential personal injury or property damage
- A fracture that results in internal contacts that are exposed, which might subject the user to a shock hazard

To connect a power cord:

1. Plug one end of the power cord or rack PDU power cord into the power connector (**3** in [Figure 27 on page 28](#)) on the rear panel of the library.

Note: On rack mount installations, run the rack PDU power cord through the hook-and-loop fastener strap on the right rear bracket, and tighten the strap. The rack PDU power cord is a special power cord that plugs into a rack power strip.

2. Plug the other end of the power cord into the nearest properly grounded power outlet. On rack mount installations, plug the other end of the rack PDU power cord into the nearest rack PDU.
3. Power ON the library by toggling the power switch on the power supply to the ON (I) position.
4. Wait for the library to initialize.

During initialization, the library completes a Power ON Self Test (POST) to ensure that the library hardware is functional. The library also tests communications with the tape drive over the internal bus.

Note: If the Operator Panel does not initialize, check all cable connections, and ensure that the cartridge magazine is closed and in the locked position. Ensure that the power supply switch is in the ON position. If the Operator Panel still does not initialize, see [Chapter 6, "Troubleshooting," on page 109](#).

Important: To disconnect all power from the library, turn the power switch to the OFF position, then remove the power cord from the outlet. The power switch removes power from portions of the library and the drive, but the power supply still has ac power at its input.

Note: When the library is power-cycled, wait 10 seconds after the power is OFF before the library is powered ON again.

Configuring the library

The library can be configured with the Web User Interface or the Operator Panel. The preferred method for configuring your library is by using the Web User Interface. See [“Configuring your library with the Operator Panel” on page 47](#) and [“Configuring your library with the Web User Interface” on page 31](#).

For complete detailed information about all of the functions available on the library with the Operator Panel and the Web User Interface, see [Chapter 4, “Operations,” on page 55](#).

The default library configuration settings are listed in [Table 13](#).

Configuration Item	Default Setting
NETWORK	
Ethernet link speed	Auto
SSL security	Disabled
IPv4 settings	Enabled
DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)	Enabled
Static IP address	Disabled
IPv4 address	0.0.0.0
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Gateway	0.0.0.0
IPv6 settings	Disabled
DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)	Enabled
Stateless auto-configuration	Enabled
Static IP address	Disabled
IPv6 address	0:0:0:0:0:0:0
Prefix length	64
Gateway	0:0:0:0:0:0:0
DNS setting	Disabled
DNS IP address	0.0.0.0
PHYSICAL	
Library name	(Blank)
Auto Cleaning	Disabled
Bar code label length	8 characters
LOGICAL	

Configuration Item	Default Setting
Library mode	Random
Loop	Enabled
Auto Load	Enabled
Active slots	9 + 0
ENCRYPTION	
Encryption method	None
DATE and TIME	
NTP server	Disabled
NTP server address	0.0.0.0
Time zone (GMT)	+00:00
Date (MM/DD/YYYY)	01/08/2008
Auto adjustment by PC	Every 1 minute
NOTIFICATIONS	
SMTP (mail) settings	
Mail server address	0.0.0.0
Mail event	Error events enabled
SNMP (trap) settings	
Community	Public
Trap event	Error events enabled
SNMPv3 engine ID	(Set by library firmware)

Static library network settings must be entered with the Operator Panel before the library can be accessed remotely with the Web User Interface. If your system is serviced by a Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP) server, the network parameters are automatically set. Once remote access is established, you can complete the configuration of your library remotely.

If you choose to use the Operator Panel to configure your library, go to [“Configuring your library with the Operator Panel” on page 47.](#)

Configuring your library with the Web User Interface

If you choose to use the Web User Interface to configure your library, first enter your library network settings with the Operator Panel (see [“Configuring network settings” on page 65](#)).

To configure your library with the Web User Interface:

1. Install Java 1.5.0 or higher on your host computer. Download the latest version of the Java Runtime Environment (JRE) for your platform from <http://www.java.com/>.
2. [“Logging in to the Web User Interface” on page 32](#)
3. [“Checking firmware level” on page 33](#)
4. [“Configuring library settings” on page 34](#)
5. [“Configuring network settings” on page 36](#)
6. [“Configuring date and time settings” on page 37](#)

7. "Configuring encryption settings" on page 38
8. "Configuring email notifications" on page 41
9. "Configuring trap notifications" on page 42
10. "Managing user access" on page 44
11. "Saving the library configuration" on page 47

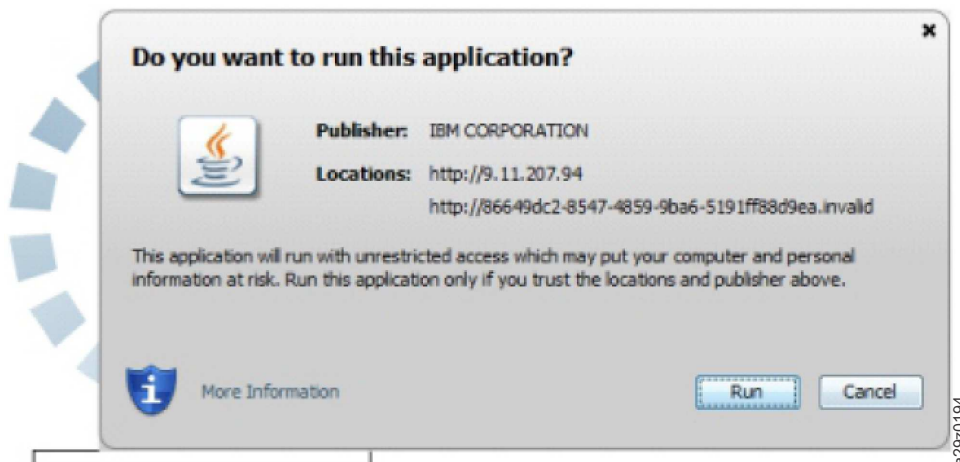
Logging in to the Web User Interface

To log in to the Web User Interface:

1. If necessary, obtain the IP address of the library on the Operator Panel.
 - a. From the top menu of the Operator Panel, press the Minus key to select **View Current Information**, and press **Enter**.
 - b. Press the **Minus** key until the **IP Address** setting is displayed and make a note of the IP address.
 - c. Press the **Cancel** key repeatedly to log out of the Operator Panel.
2. Open Internet Explorer on your server or PC to access the Web User Interface.
3. In the browser address field, enter your library's IP address URL to start the Web User Interface applet in the browser window. For example, `http://192.168.1.1`

When the applet launches, the warning message in [Figure 28](#) displays. This message is normal and does not indicate a problem.

4. Click **Run**.



5. On the Web User Interface login screen, enter the administrator login account name and default password.
 - Account: **admin**
 - Password: **secure**

Account

Password

a29z0099

6. Click Login.

Checking firmware level

PowerVault TL1000 Tape Library
Help | Logoff

System Summary

Library name:

Library: ✓ OK

Drive: ✓ Empty

I/O station: ✓ Closed

Front panel indicators:



Configuration and cartridge counts:

	Cartridges	Slots
Drive	0	N/A
Storage	2	6
Cleaning / Inactive	0	2
I/O station	0	1
Reserved	N/A	1
Total	2	10

Library firmware version: 0031.3000

Library serial number: 1307968

Drive firmware version: E6R1

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Check the current level of library firmware that is displayed in the **System Summary**. If an updated level of firmware is available, download and update the library firmware before normal operation starts. See [“Updating library and drive firmware”](#) on page 93.

Configuring library settings

Logical library settings

To configure the library access mode settings for the logical library:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Logical** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Select the **Library Mode**.

- **Random** - In random mode, the library allows the server's (host's) application software to select any data cartridge in any order.
- **Sequential** - In sequential mode, the library's firmware predefines the selection of the cartridges. After initialization, the firmware causes the library to select the first available cartridge found (counting from the lowest Column/Tier position through the highest cartridge position in your library) for loading into the drive. See ["Location coordinates and element addresses" on page 9](#).
 - **Loop** - Sequential mode with loop mode ON loads the cartridge in the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position after the cartridge in the highest Column/Tier cartridge position is filled with data and sent back to its home position. This mode allows endless backup operations without user interaction.
 - **Autoload** - Sequential mode with autoload mode ON loads the first available cartridge (the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position that contains a cartridge) automatically if the library powers ON, or resets, with an empty drive. If the library powers ON with a cartridge already in the drive, sequential mode starts from the home position of that cartridge, unless the host issues a rewind and unload command to the drive. In which case the next cartridge in sequence will be loaded into the drive.

To start sequential mode if autoload is OFF, use the **Move Cartridge** command to load the first cartridge into the drive. The sequence starts from the home position of that cartridge. Cartridges need not to be in contiguous slots.

To stop sequential mode, use the **Move Cartridge** command to unload the drive. This command cancels sequential mode; the next sequential cartridge is NOT loaded.

To restart sequential mode, use the **Move Cartridge** command again to load a cartridge; the loading sequence resumes from the home position of that cartridge.

- **Number of active slots** - Select the number of active slots you would like to assign in your library. Selecting the number of active slots defines the number of storage slots, number of cleaning/inactive slots, whether the I/O Station is enabled/disabled, and whether auto cleaning is allowed. The first digit configures the number of active storage positions (4, 6, 8, or 9). The

second digit configures Column 5, Tier 1 of the magazine as an I/O Station (0 when disabled, and 1 when enabled). The Auto Cleaning function can be enabled only if there is at least one inactive position in the magazine. If Auto Cleaning is enabled, the inactive positions become cleaning cartridge positions.

3. Click **Submit** to enable the settings.

Physical library settings

Library	
Library name:	Tuscon
Auto cleaning:	☐ Enable ☒ Disable
Bar code label length:	☐ 6 ☒ 8

To configure the library cartridge assignment settings, complete the following procedure:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Physical** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Select the **Library** settings.
 - **Library name** - Enter a name for your library.
 - **Auto Cleaning** - Automatically cleans the drive when the drive requests that cleaning and a cleaning cartridge is present in the library. Auto cleaning can be enabled only when there is at least one inactive position in the magazine in the library.

Note: It is recommended that the Auto Clean function is enabled on the library. With the Auto Clean function enabled, drive cleaning occurs automatically. The only time Auto Cleaning must be disabled is when your Backup Application requires that it has control.

- **Bar code label length** - Use to choose the number of characters in the cartridge bar code that is reported to the host computer.
3. Click **Submit** to enable the settings.

Configuring network settings

Once the network settings are entered on the Operator Panel, the current network configuration of the library can be modified with the Web User Interface. The changes that are made to the network settings do not take effect until after the library is rebooted.

To modify the network settings:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Network** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Select the Ethernet **Link speed** (duplex mode).
3. Select the **TCP/IP** settings. To enable dual IPv4/IPv6 protocol, select both **Use IPv4** and **Use IPv6** and enter parameters for both.
 - **Security** - Select **Enable SSL for Web** to provide secure communications between the web browser and the tape library.
 - **IPv4 setting** - Select **Use IPv4** to enable the IPv4 Internet Protocol. Select the corresponding button to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) or use static IP address settings. When with DHCP, use the Operator Panel to determine the library's assigned IP address. See ["Configuring network settings" on page 65](#). Enter the following parameters if with static IP address settings.
 - **IPv4 address** - Sets the TCP/IPv4 address of the library on the network.
 - **Subnet mask** - Defines and limits users within a local network.
 - **Gateway** - Allows access outside the local network.
 - **IPv6 setting** - Select **Use IPv6** to enable the IPv6 Internet Protocol. Select the corresponding button to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP), to obtain an IP address with stateless auto configuration, or use static IP address settings. Enter the following parameter if with static IP address settings.
 - **IPv6 address** - Sets the TCP/IPv6 address of the library on the network.

- **Prefix length** - Decimal value that indicates the number of contiguous, high-order bits comprising the network portion of the address.
 - **Gateway** - Allows access outside the local network.
 - **DNS setting** - Select **Use DNS** to use a domain name server. The DNS server, if entered, allows the encryption, date and time, and notifications IP addresses to be specified with host names instead of numerical IP addresses.
 - **DNS IP address** - Sets the IP address of the DNS server.
4. Click **Submit** to enable the settings.

Configuring date and time settings

Refresh

Date and Time

NTP server: ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

NTP server address: 2001:DB8:0:0:0:1:101

Time zone (GMT): +00:00

Date (MM/DD/YYYY): 01/01/2000

Time (HH:MM:SS): 00:00:00

Auto Adjustment by PC: Every 1 minute

Start

Submit

a29z0170

Configure the date and time settings with one of three methods: automatically with a remote NTP time server on the network, automatically with the clock on your host computer, or manually.

Note: Selecting **Refresh** refreshes the date and time.

Note: If you choose to manually set your date and time, you must reset the date and time after the library is power-cycled and after a library reset.

Note: When the library is power-cycled, wait 10 seconds after the power is OFF before the library is powered ON again.

Once the network settings are entered on the Operator Panel, the current date and time can be modified with the Web User Interface.

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader communicates with an NTP server with the following conditions:

- Client/server basis operation
- UDP (User Datagram Protocol) to access the NTP server
- Does not use authentication keys
- Library polling is every 12 hours

To modify the date and time settings:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Date and Time** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Select the **Date and Time** settings.
 - **NTP Server** - Enables time and date control with a time server on the network.

- **NTP server address** - Enter the IP address of the time server. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported, depending on the TCP/IP settings. Host names can be entered instead of numerical IP addresses if **Use DNS** is selected in the Network settings.
- **Time zone** - Enter the time zone relative to Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).
- If the time server is disabled, enter the local time and date manually.
 - **Date** - Enter the date with the MM/DD/YYYY format.
 - **Time** - Enter the time with the HH:MM:SS format.
- **Auto Adjustment by PC** - Select a time interval and click **Start** to synchronize the library with the clock on your host computer at regular intervals. The Web User Interface Java Applet must be running continuously to use this function.

3. Click **Submit** to update the settings.

Configuring encryption settings

Two types of encryption can be configured for your library. The default is **None**. The two types are

- **Application Managed Encryption** - For encryption in operating environments that run an application capable of generating and managing encryption policies and keys.
- **Library Managed Encryption** - For encryption by the TL1000 Tape Autoloader tape drive.

If you did not purchase the feature for Library Managed encryption, you can configure your library for Application Managed encryption. If you select application-managed encryption, no further configuration steps are necessary. Click **Submit** to enable the setting.

Important: Contact your Dell technical sales representative about the availability of Library Managed Encryption (LME).

Note: Library Managed Encryption (LME) is available only by purchasing a library with the Library Managed Encryption Feature installed. When available, library

managed encryption will only be offered for purchase at point of sale on LTO-6 and LTO-7 TL1000 tape libraries. Library managed encryption will not be offered as an upgrade on existing TL1000 tape libraries.

Encryption

Refresh
Encryption is currently licensed.

Encryption Settings

Encryption method: None (default)

Encryption policy: None (default)

Security

SSL: Application Managed

Primary EKM Server Settings

Address: 0.0.0.0

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Secondary EKM Server Settings

Address: 0.0.0.0

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Submit

a29z0199

Welcome admin
PowerVault TL1000 Tape Library

- Monitor System
- System Summary
- Library Map
- Manage Library
- Move Cartridges
- Unload Drive
- Clean Drive
- Library State
- Inventory
- Unlock Magazine
- Configure Library
- User Access
- Physical
- Logical
- Network
- Encryption**
- Date and Time
- Notifications
- Save / Restore
- Service Library
- Key Path Diagnostics
- Operator Interventions
- View Library Logs
- Traces
- Download Drive Logs
- Download Library Logs
- Reset Library / Drive
- Firmware Update
- Usage Statistics

Encryption

Refresh
Encryption is currently licensed.

Encryption Settings

Encryption method: Library Managed

Encryption policy: Encrypt All (default)

Security

SSL: ☐ Enable SSL for EKM

Primary EKM Server Settings

Address: 9.11.207.43

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Secondary EKM Server Settings

Address: 9.11.207.59

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Submit

a29z0212

To modify the encryption settings:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Encryption** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. In the **Encryption method**: drop-down menu, choose **Library Managed Encryption** (if the library is purchased with the Library Managed Encryption feature) to enable encryption in your library. **Application Managed Encryption** is also a choice. No further configuration steps are necessary for Application Managed Encryption.
3. Select the **Encryption policy** settings (library-managed encryption only).

Chapter 3. Installation and configuration 39

- **Encrypt All** - All tape cartridges that are loaded into the tape drive are encrypted.
 - **Internal Label - Selective Encryption** - This option is used only for Symantec's Veritas NetBackup.
 - **Internal Label - Encrypt All** - This option is used only for Symantec's Veritas NetBackup.
4. Select the **Security** settings (library-managed encryption only).
 - **Enable SSL for EKM** - Select to enable secure communications between the tape library and the EKM server.
 5. Select the **Primary EKM Server Settings** (library-managed encryption only) - The address of the primary encryption key manager on a server. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported. Host names can be entered instead of numerical IP addresses if the DNS server is specified.
 - **Address** - The IP address of the primary encryption key manager.
 - **TCP port number** - The port number of the primary encryption key manager for TCP. The default port number is 3801.
 - **SSL port number** - The port number of the primary encryption key manager for SSL. The default port number is 443.
 6. Select the **Secondary EKM Server Settings** (library-managed encryption only) - The address of the secondary encryption key manager on a server. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported. Host names can be entered instead of numerical IP addresses if the DNS server is specified.
 - **Address** - The IP address of the secondary encryption key manager.
 - **TCP port number** - The port number of the secondary encryption key manager for TCP. The default port number is 3801.
 - **SSL port number** - The port number of the secondary encryption key manager for SSL. The default port number is 443.
 7. Click **Submit** to enable the settings.

Configuring email notifications

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for SMTP (Mail) Settings. At the top, there are two tabs: 'SMTP (Mail) Settings' and 'SNMP Settings'. Below the tabs is a 'Refresh' button. The main configuration area includes the following elements:

- SMTP server address:** A text field containing 'mail.example.com'.
- Sender address:** A text field containing 'machine@example.com'.
- Subject:** An empty text field.
- Mail to:** A list of four email addresses, each with an 'Enable' checkbox:
 - 01 ☐ Enable coolcustomer@example.com
 - 02 ☐ Enable
 - 03 ☐ Enable
 - 04 ☐ Enable
- Mail event:** Three radio buttons:
 - ☐ Error Events
 - ☐ Error and Warning Events
 - ☒ Error, Warning, and Information Events
- Test:** A button to send a test email message.
- Submit:** A button to save the settings.

On the right side of the window, there is a vertical text label 'a29z0127'.

Note: This procedure is optional.

To set up email notifications of library events:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Notifications** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Click the **SMTP (Mail) Settings** tab.
3. Configure the SMTP server and header settings.
 - **SMTP server address** - SMTP mail server address. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported. Host names can be entered instead of numerical IP addresses if the DNS server is specified in the Network settings.
 - **Sender address** - Mail header information.
 - **Subject** - Mail header information.
4. Enter the email addresses to be notified when an event takes place in the **Mail To** fields.
5. Select the event level to report in the **Mail Event** field.
6. Click **Test** to send a test email message to the enabled addresses.
7. Click **Submit** to enable the settings.

Configuring trap notifications

Refresh

Community: public

Name: example

Location:

Contact:

SNMPv3 engine ID:

Submit

Trap event:

☐ Error Events

☐ Error and Warning Events

☒ Error, Warning, and Information Events

Test

Trap List

--- Select Action ---

Select	Validity	Address	Version	Community	Username
☒	Enable	trap.example	v1	public	-----
☐	Enable	2001:db8:0:0:0:0:1002	v1	public	-----
☐	Disable		v1		-----
☐	Disable		v1		-----

SNMPv3 User List

--- Select Action ---

Select	Validity	User Name	Authentication	Privacy
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable

a29z0128

Note: This procedure is optional. SNMP notifications are not enabled unless there is a check mark in the **SNMP Enabled** check box. To disable SNMP notifications, clear the **SNMP Enabled** check box and click **Submit**.

The traps that are supported by the TL1000 Tape Autoloader are listed in ["Trap definitions \(types\)" on page 136](#).

To set up trap notifications for an SNMP server:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Notifications** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Click the **SNMP Settings** tab.
3. Click to place a check mark in the **SNMP Enabled** check box.
4. Configure the SNMP server and header settings.
 - **Community** - SNMP community name to which the library belongs.
 - **Name** - Unique SNMP name for the system.
 - **Location** - Physical location of the system.
 - **Contact** - Contact person's name.
 - **SNMPv3 engine ID** - A read-only attribute that identifies the SNMPv3 engine.
5. Enter the trap IP addresses of the SNMP monitoring stations to be notified when an event takes place and the security settings in the **Trap List** menu.

- **Validity** - Enable/Disable setting.
 - **Trap version** - v1, v2c, or v3. For v2c and v3, the **Inform** check box determines whether an SNMP INFORM request is sent instead of a trap event.
 - **IP address** - IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported. Host names can be entered instead of numerical IP addresses if the DNS server is specified.
 - **Community** (v1 or v2c) - SNMP community name.
 - **User name** (v3 only) - SNMPv3 unique user name.
 - **Authentication** (v3 only) - Authentication algorithm, MD5, or SHA. When an algorithm is specified, an authentication password and confirmation of the password are required.
 - **Privacy** (v3 only) - Privacy service encryption and decryption algorithm, DES or AES. When an algorithm is specified, a privacy password and confirmation of the password are required.
6. Enter the SNMPv3 users who are allowed to access the tape library in the **SNMPv3 User List** menu.

- **Validity** - Enable/Disable setting.
- **User name** - SNMPv3 unique user name.
- **Authentication** - Authentication algorithm, MD5, or SHA. When an algorithm is specified, an authentication password and confirmation of the password are required.

- **Privacy** - Privacy service encryption and decryption algorithm, DES or AES. When an algorithm is specified, a privacy password and confirmation of the password are required.
7. Select the event level to report in the **Trap event** field.
 8. Click **Test** to send a test trap notification to the enabled IP addresses.
 9. Click **Submit** to enable the settings.

Managing user access

Users Password Rules

Refresh

Current users:

--- Select Action ---

Select	User Name	Role	Password
☐	admin	Administrator	Available
☐	suser	Superuser	Unchangeable
☐	user	User	Expired
☐	user2	User	Locked

a29z0122

Note: This procedure is optional.

Add, modify, or remove users with the following information:

- **Select action**
 - **Add** - To add new users.
 - Enter the user name and password into the dialog box and assign the user's role.

- Click **Submit** to save the new user, **Cancel** to remove the user, or **Clear** to remove the information and start over.
- **Modify** - To change the selected user's access role or password.
- **Remove** - To delete the selected user from the system.
- **User Name** - The user name of a registered user.
- **Role** - The user access level for the registered user.
 - **Users** are allowed to monitor the library, but not complete actions that affect the physical library.
 - **Superusers** are allowed to operate the physical and logical library, but not complete actions that affect the library configuration.
 - **Administrator** users are allowed access to the entire physical library and logical library, including configuration. Only one administrator user must be assigned the login name **admin**.
- **Password** indicates the status of the user's password.
 - **Expired**: The maximum password age was exceeded. **The password is now invalid.**
 - **Unchangeable**: The minimum password age was not exceeded. **You cannot change the password.**
 - **Available**: The password is available to be changed.
 - **Locked**: The maximum number of failed login attempts for the account was exceeded. **An administrator must unlock the account.**

An administrator can add/modify/remove extra administrator, superuser, and user accounts, and change passwords. User accounts are restricted to specific areas of the library. For more information, see [Chapter 2, "User interfaces," on page 13.](#)

A User account can be modified by an administrator to provide a user with superuser or administrator access permissions to the library functions.

Enter all user IDs and passwords on the Library Configuration form in ["Library Configuration Form" on page 153.](#)

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring Password Rules Settings

Users Password Rules

Refresh

Current rules:

Minimum number of characters:	8
Minimum number of upper case alphabetic characters (A-Z):	1
Minimum number of lower case alphabetic characters (a-z):	1
Minimum number of numeric characters (0-9):	1
Minimum number of special characters (!@#\$%^&*()_+={} []\';:~<>?,./):	0
Maximum number of identical consecutive characters:	2
Maximum number of failed logins before password is locked:	5
Maximum number of days before password must be changed:	90
Minimum number of days before password can be changed:	1
Number of password changes before an old password can be used again:	8

Submit

a29z0205

The **Password Rules** tab displays the rules for user passwords.

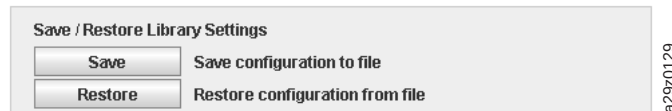
- **Minimum number of characters** - Choose the minimum password length. The factory default value is 8. The maximum password length is 16.
- **Minimum number of upper case alphabetic characters (A-Z)** - Choose the minimum number of uppercase alphabetic characters. The factory default value is 1.
- **Minimum number of lower case alphabetic characters (a-z)** - Choose the minimum number of lowercase alphabetic characters. The factory default value is 1.
- **Minimum number of numeric characters (0-9)** - Choose the minimum number of numeric characters. The factory default value is 1.
- **Minimum number of special characters (!@#\$%^&*()_+={}|[]\';:~<>?,./)** - Choose the minimum number of special characters. The factory default value is 0.
- **Maximum number of identical consecutive characters** - Choose the maximum number of identical consecutive characters. The factory default value is 2. There is no limitation if 0 is selected.
- **Maximum number of failed logins before password is locked** - Choose the maximum number of failed logins before the password is locked. The factory default value is 5. Possible range for this configuration option is 0 - 10. There is no limitation if 0 is selected.
- **Maximum number of days before password must be changed** - Choose the maximum number of days before the password must be changed. There is no limitation if 0 is selected.
- **Minimum number of days before password can be changed** - Choose the minimum number of days before the password can be changed. A password can be changed immediately if 0 is selected.

- **Number of password changes before an old password can be used again** - Choose the number of password changes that are required before a password can be used again. A password can be reused immediately if 0 is selected.

Click **Submit** to save all the information.

Click **Refresh** to display the current password settings.

Saving the library configuration



Note: This procedure is recommended.

Each time that you change the configuration of your library, save the configuration. This function also maintains several library configuration profiles that can be restored to the library when wanted with the Web User Interface.

To save library configuration:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Save/Restore** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. Click **Save** to create a configuration file of your library on your computer.

Configuring your library with the Operator Panel

To configure your library with the Operator Panel, complete the following procedures:

1. ["Logging in to the Operator Panel"](#)
2. ["Configuring network settings"](#)
3. ["Configuring library settings" on page 49](#)

Logging in to the Operator Panel

In many environments, the default network settings might be sufficient to access your tape library on a network. To change the default network settings with the Operator Panel, complete the following procedure:

1. When the library is initialized, press **Enter** to move to the Password screen.
2. Enter **0000**, the default password. The top menu screen displays.
3. When finished with the Operator Panel, press **Cancel** to return to the top menu screen.
4. When finished, press the **Minus** key to select **Logout**, and press **Enter**.

Configuring network settings

In many environments, the default network settings might be sufficient to access your tape library on a network. To change the default network settings with the Operator Panel, complete the following procedure:

1. From the top menu screen, press the **Minus** key to select **Configuration**, and press **Enter**.
2. Link speed (Default: Auto Negotiation)
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Configure Link Speed**.

- b. Select the required speed and press **Enter**.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
The speed must be set to **Set Auto Negotiation** for gigabit Ethernet networks.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
3. DHCP IPv4 (Default: Enabled)
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Configure DHCP > Configure DHCPIPv4**.
 - b. Select **Enable DHCP IPv4** and press **Enter** to enable, or press **Down** and select **Disable DHCP IPv4** to disable.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
4. DHCP IPv6 (Default: Disabled)
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Configure DHCP > Configure DHCPIPv6**.
 - b. Select **Enable DHCP IPv6** and press **Enter** to enable, or press **Down** and select **Disable DHCP IPv6** to disable.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
5. IPv4/IPv6 Address (Default: 0.0.0.0). If DHCP is disabled, set the IP address manually.
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Change IP Address**.
 - b. Select **Set IP Address IPv4** to enter the IPv4 address of the tape library.
Set IP Address IPv6 to enter the IPv6 IP address (split over 4 screens).
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
6. IPv4 Subnet Mask (Default: 255.255.255.0). If DHCP IPv4 is disabled, set the IPv4 subnet mask manually.
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Change Subnet Mask > Set Subnet Mask**.
 - b. Enter the IPv4 subnet mask.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
7. IPv6 Prefix Length (Default: 64). If DHCP IPv6 is disabled, set the IPv6 prefix length manually.
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Change Subnet Mask > Set Prefix Length**.
 - b. Enter the IPv4 prefix length.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
8. IPv4/IPv6 Gateway (Default: 0.0.0.0). If DHCP is disabled, set the IP address manually.
 - a. Select **Configure Network Settings > Change Gateway**.
 - b. Select **Set Gateway Address IPv4** to enter the IPv4 gateway address or **Set Gateway Address IPv6** to enter the IPv6 gateway address (split over 4 screens).
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.

9. Press **Cancel** to return to the **Network Settings** menu.
10. Press **Cancel** to return to the **Configuration** menu.
11. Press **Cancel** to return to the top menu screen.

Configuring library settings

To configure the library settings, complete the following procedure:

1. From the top menu screen, press the Minus key to select **Configuration**, and press **Enter**.
2. Select **Configure Library**, and press **Enter**.
3. I/O Station (Default: Disabled)
 - a. Select **Configure Library > Configure I/O Station**.
 - b. Select **Enable I/O Station** to enable the 1-slot I/O station or **Disable I/O Station** to disable.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
4. **Active Slots** (Default: All)
 - a. Select **Configure Library > Set Active Slots Count**.
 - b. Select the number of active slots you would like to assign for the logical library.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
5. **Library Mode** (Default: Random)
 - a. Select **Configure Library > Configure Library Mode**.
 - b. Select **Set Random Mode** or **Configure Sequential Mode**, and press **Enter**.

Random - In random mode, the library allows the server's (host's) application software to select any data cartridge in any order.

Sequential - In sequential mode, the library's firmware predefines the selection of the cartridges. After initialization, the firmware causes the library to select the first available cartridge found (counting from the lowest Column/Tier position through the highest cartridge position in your library) for loading into the drive.

 - **Loop** - Sequential mode with loop mode ON loads the cartridge in the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position after the cartridge in the highest Column/Tier cartridge position is filled with data and sent back to its home position. This procedure allows endless backup operations without user interaction.
 - **Autoload** - Sequential mode with autoload mode ON loads the first available cartridge (the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position that contains a cartridge) automatically if the library powers ON, or resets, with an empty drive. If the library powers ON with a cartridge already in the drive, sequential mode starts from the home position of that cartridge, unless the host issues a rewind and unload command to the drive. In which case the next cartridge in sequence is loaded into the drive.

To start sequential mode if autoload is OFF, use the **Move Cartridge** command to load the first cartridge into the drive. The sequence starts from the home position of that cartridge. Cartridges need not to be in contiguous slots.

To stop sequential mode, use the **Move Cartridge** command to unload the drive. This command cancels sequential mode; the next sequential cartridge is NOT loaded.

- To restart sequential mode, use the **Move Cartridge** command again to load a cartridge; the loading sequence resumes from the home position of that cartridge.
- c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
6. Date/Time - Enter the local time and date manually if you do not plan to use a network-based time server.
- a. Select **Configure Library > Configure Date/Time**.
 - b. Select **Set Date** or **Set Time**, and press **Enter**.
 - **Date** - Enter the date with the MM/DD/YYYY format.
 - **Time** - Enter the time with the HH:MM:SS format.
 - c. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.
7. Auto Cleaning (Default: Disabled)
- a. Select **Configuration > Configure Auto Cleaning**.
 - b. Select **Enable Auto Cleaning** or **Disable Auto Cleaning**, and press **Enter**.
The Auto Cleaning function is enabled only if there is at least one inactive position in the magazine in the library.
 - c. Press **Enter** again to apply the setting, or **Cancel** to reject the setting.
 - d. Press **Cancel** to backtrack through the menu hierarchy.

Populating the library with cartridges

The magazine is opened with the Operator Panel.

To populate the library with data and cleaning cartridges, complete the following procedure:

1. From the top menu screen on the Operator Panel, press the Minus key to select **Unlock Magazine**, and press **Enter**, or from Web User Interface: **Manage Library > Unlock Magazine**.
2. Insert cartridges in the magazine.

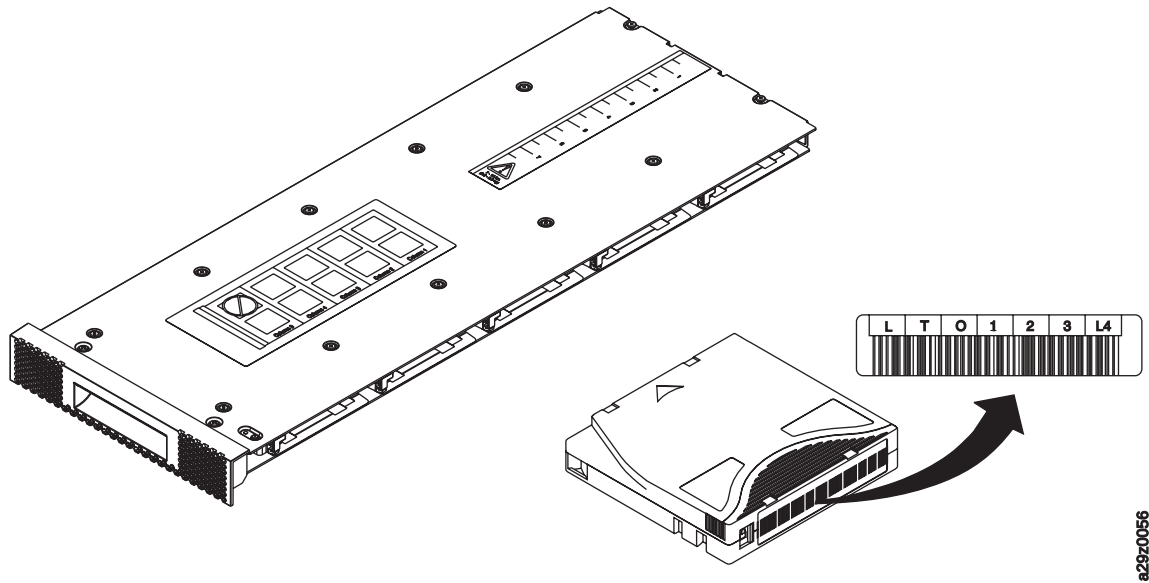
Note: A blue release gate (**1** in Figure 46) in the upper left corner of each column in the cartridge magazine prevents each cartridge from falling out of the front of the magazine. When manually releasing the gate with one hand, position your other hand in front of the column opening to protect cartridges that are ejected by the internal column spring.



Note: Column 5 Tier 2 is reserved as the exchange position. This position is accessible by the library only. A locking mechanism prevents insertion of a cartridge into the reserved slot.

Each cartridge must be inserted with the indicator arrow on the leading edge of the upper surface of the cartridge pointing towards the cartridge magazine (see [Figure 47](#)).

Note: Do not rely on the bar code label orientation, if attached, to provide an indication of the correct cartridge orientation. The bar code label is right side up if attached correctly.



The Auto Cleaning function can be enabled only if the number of active slots is less than the maximum available slots. The active slots are always enabled starting with the lowest numerical cartridge position number in the magazine. This position is at the drive end of the cartridge magazine. Place cleaning cartridges in inactive cartridge positions for use by the auto cleaning function. Do not store data or cleaning cartridges in the I/O Station (Column 5, Tier 1) if the I/O station is enabled.

3. Put the magazine back into the library and wait for the library inventory to complete. Then, you can proceed to the next step.
4. Press **Cancel** to return to the top-level menu.

Verifying library and drive operation

To verify the library is operating correctly:

1. From the top menu screen on the Operator Panel, press the Minus key to select **Service**, and press **Enter**.
2. Press the **Minus** key to select **Diagnostics**, and press **Enter**.
3. Select **Run Library Verify**, and press **Enter**. Follow the on-screen instructions. If there is a cartridge in a drive, the library moves the cartridge to its home position, or to the I/O station if the home position is not known.
4. When prompted, insert a customer supplied scratch cartridge into the I/O station.

When the scratch cartridge is loaded, the bar code reader reads the bar code label on the cartridge and stores it for later comparison. The cartridge is then

moved to the tape drive, where the drive runs its own write/read/verify test. When the test is done, the library tells the drive to eject the cartridge, and then the cartridge is moved back to the I/O station. The bar code is read again and compared with the value stored earlier.

5. When prompted, remove the cartridge from the I/O station.

The result of the test is reported on the Operator Panel.

If an error occurs, note the error code number and see ["Error codes" on page 123.](#)

6. Press **Cancel** to return to the top-level menu.

Taking the Library Online

When your library is configured, you are ready to save the library configuration and take the library online.

Note: The tape drive is always online, regardless of whether the library is online or offline.

To take the library online with the Operator Panel:

1. From the top menu screen, press the Minus key to select **Commands**, and press **Enter**.
2. Select **Change Library State**, and press **Enter**.
3. Select **Set Library Online**, and press **Enter**.
4. Press **Cancel** repeatedly to return to the top-level menu.
5. Press the **Minus** key to select **Logout**, and press **Enter**.

To take the library online with the Web User Interface:

1. Save the library configuration.
 - a. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Save/Restore** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
 - b. Click **Save**, and then enter a file name and select a location to save the configuration file.
2. Verify the library state.
 - a. Click **Library State** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
 - b. If the library is offline, click **Bring Online**.
 - c. Click **Yes** to confirm when prompted.

A message dialog displays when the operation is completed.

3. Click **Logoff** in the upper right corner of the window.

Registering for support notification

Support notification registration provides email notification when new firmware levels are updated and are available for download and installation.

Enter your user name and password on the ["Library Configuration Form" on page 153.](#)

Note: Library firmware and tape drive firmware are verified and released together. When the latest firmware is updated, verify that all installed components such as

the tape drive and library are at the latest levels noted on the Support website. Mixing different levels of library and tape drive firmware is not supported and might cause unpredictable results.

Dell suggests that you update library and drive firmware when new levels become available. For instructions on updating library and drive firmware, see [“Updating library and drive firmware” on page 93](#).

Now you are ready to use your library.

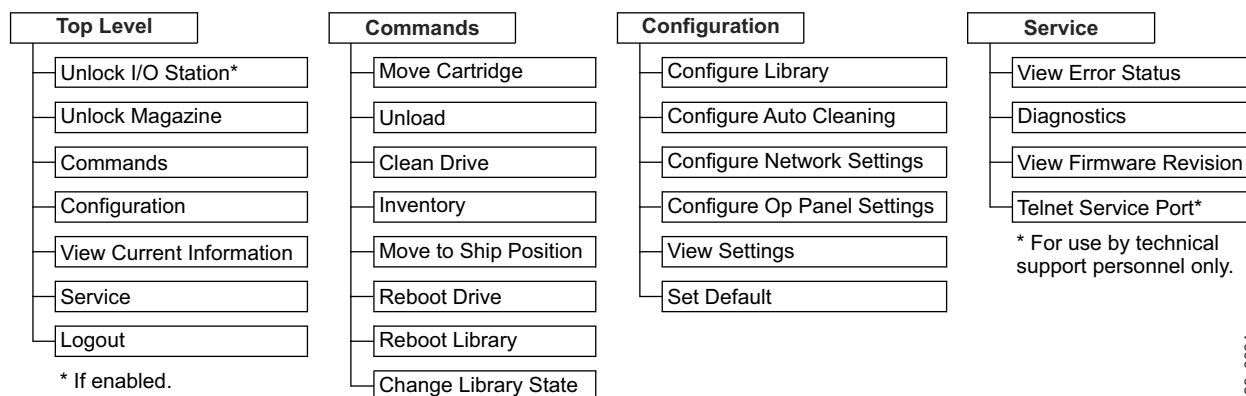
Chapter 4. Operations

“The Operator Panel” on page 56	Monitoring the Library	“Configuration settings” on page 57 “Current information” on page 57 “Firmware revision” on page 58
	Managing the Library	“Unlocking the I/O station” on page 58 “Unlocking the cartridge magazine” on page 59 “Moving cartridges” on page 59 “Unloading the drive” on page 60 “Cleaning the drive manually” on page 60 “Conducting a library inventory” on page 60 “Taking the library online and offline” on page 61 “Powering down the library” on page 61 “Shipping the library” on page 61 “Rebooting the drive” on page 62 “Rebooting the library” on page 62 “Logging out of the library” on page 62
	Configuring the Library	“Configuring auto cleaning” on page 62 “Configuring the number of active slots” on page 63 “Configuring the library access mode” on page 63 “Configuring date and time settings” on page 64 “Configuring network settings” on page 65 “Configuring Operator Panel settings” on page 66 “Configuring Web GUI Settings” on page 66 “Setting the library to factory defaults” on page 67
	Servicing the Library	“Checking the library error status” on page 67 “Running library verify diagnostic procedures” on page 67 “Running drive diagnostic procedures” on page 68

"The Web User Interface" on page 69	Monitoring the Library	"The system summary" on page 70
		"The library map" on page 71
	Managing the Library	"Moving cartridges" on page 73
		"Unloading the drive" on page 74
		"Cleaning the drive manually" on page 74
		"Taking the library online and offline" on page 74
		"Conducting a library inventory" on page 75
		"Unlocking the cartridge magazine" on page 75
	Configuring the Library	"Managing user access" on page 76
		"Configuring physical library settings" on page 79
		"Configuring logical library settings" on page 79
		"Configuring network settings" on page 81
		"Configuring encryption settings" on page 82
		"Configuring date and time settings" on page 84
		"Configuring email notifications" on page 85
		"Configuring SNMP trap notifications" on page 86
		"Saving and restoring configuration settings" on page 88
	"Operator interventions" on page 89	
	"Library logs" on page 90	
	"Trace data" on page 91	
	"Downloading drive logs" on page 92	
	"Downloading library logs" on page 92	
	"Resetting the library and drives" on page 92	
	"Updating library and drive firmware" on page 93	
	"Accessor statistics" on page 94	

The Operator Panel

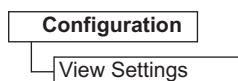
Figure 48 on page 57 shows the top-level menu tree structure of the Operator Panel on the front of the TL1000 Tape Autoloader. For details on how to select commands and options, see the description in "Operator Panel" on page 13.



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Monitoring the library

Configuration settings



Use **Configuration > View Settings** to display a list of the library configuration settings.

The settings that are displayed include:

- Library settings
 - I/O station (On/Off)
 - Auto cleaning (On/Off)
 - Number of cleaning slots when Auto cleaning is enabled
 - Operator Panel back light setting
- Network settings
 - Link speed
 - IP address protocol
 - IPv4 settings (IP address, subnet mask address, gateway address, DHCP)
 - IPv6 settings (IP address, gateway address, prefix length, DHCP, stateless Auto configuration)
- Drive settings
 - Model number

Current information

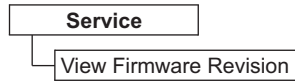


Use **View Current Information** to display the network settings information.

The settings that are displayed include:

- Network settings
 - Worldwide node name
 - IP address protocol stack
 - IP address

Firmware revision



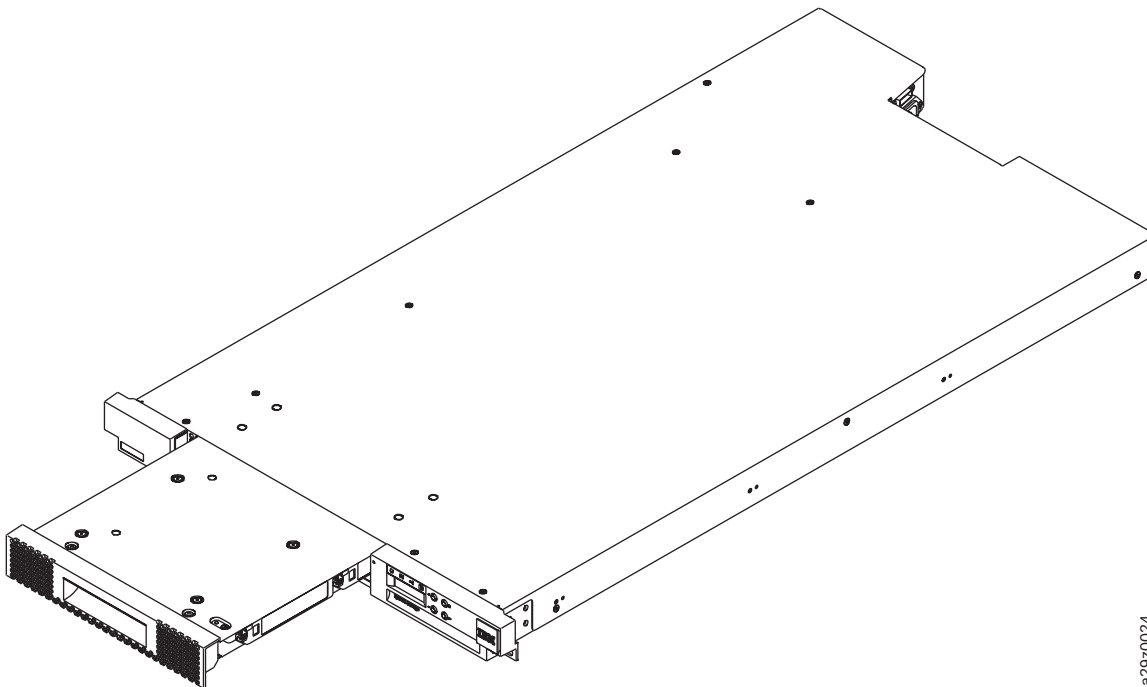
Select **Service > View Firmware Revision** to display the current version of the library firmware.

Managing the library

Unlocking the I/O station

Unlock I/O Station

Select **Unlock I/O Station** to unlock the I/O station. This menu option is available only when the I/O station is enabled in the library configuration settings.



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After the I/O station is closed, wait for the library to complete its inventory before you proceed with normal library operations.

Note: A blue release gate in the upper left corner of each column in the cartridge magazine prevents each cartridge from falling out of the front of the magazine. When manually releasing the gate with one hand, position your other hand in front of the column opening to protect cartridges that are ejected by the internal column spring.

Unlocking the cartridge magazine

Unlock Magazine

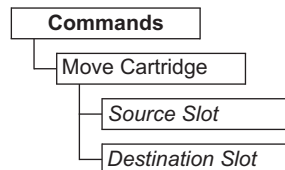
Select **Unlock Magazine** to unlock and remove the cartridge magazine.

When the cartridge magazine is unlocked, it can be removed from the library to insert or remove data and cleaning cartridges. When the cartridge magazine is fully inserted, the magazine locks into place.

After the magazine is closed, wait for the library to complete its inventory before you proceed with normal library operations.

Note: A blue release gate in the upper left corner of each column in the cartridge magazine prevents each cartridge from falling out of the front of the magazine. When manually releasing the gate with one hand, position your other hand in front of the column opening to protect cartridges that are ejected by the internal column spring.

Moving cartridges



Select **Commands > Move Cartridge** to move data cartridges and cleaning cartridges between the I/O station, storage positions, and tape drive.

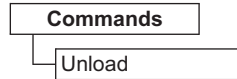
Specify the following parameters:

- **Source Slot** - Specify a source that contains a cartridge.
- **Destination Slot** - Specify the destination.

Press the **Enter** key to move the cartridge from the source to the destination.

Note: Cartridges cannot be moved to the accessor with this command, but can be moved from the accessor if, for example, the library was powered OFF with a tape still held in the Picker.

Unloading the drive



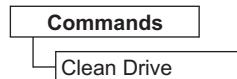
Select **Commands** > **Unload** to unload the cartridge from the tape head mechanism.

Unload when library is in Random mode: The cartridge in the drive is unloaded from the tape head mechanism, but is still retained inside the tape drive housing. The **Move Cartridge** command moves the cartridge from the drive to another location. Moving a tape cartridge from a drive to another location both unloads and moves the cartridge in a single action.

Unload when library is in Sequential mode: The cartridge in the drive is unloaded from the tape head mechanism, and returned to the cartridge home position.

Press the **Enter** key to unload the cartridge from the tape head mechanism.

Cleaning the drive manually



Select **Commands** > **Clean Drive** to clean the tape drive manually with a cleaning cartridge in either a cartridge storage position or the I/O station.

Press the **Enter** key to move the cleaning cartridge to the drive and start drive head cleaning. The cleaning cartridge is returned to its home position when drive cleaning is finished.

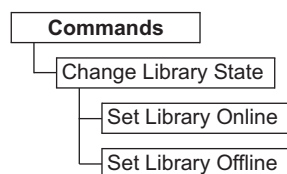
Conducting a library inventory



Select **Commands** > **Inventory** to force the library to run an inventory of the cartridge magazine, accessor, and tape drive to refresh the library map. An inventory is conducted automatically when power is first turned ON or when the cartridge magazine is removed and reinserted.

Press the **Enter** key to conduct the inventory.

Taking the library online and offline



Select **Commands > Change Library State** to take the library online or offline.

It is sometimes necessary to take the library offline before servicing functions for the library are done. Once these operations are finished, it is necessary to bring the library online.

Note: The tape drive is always online, even when the library is offline.

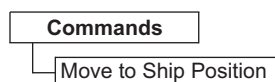
Powering down the library

Before powering OFF the library, ensure that the library is in an idle state with no mechanical movement of the accessor, and all data operations (for example, backup operations, accessing of log files) are complete. Then, power OFF the library with the power switch on the rear panel of the library.

Important: If you switch the library power OFF while the library is being accessed, loss of data might occur.

Note: When power cycling the library, wait 10 seconds after the power is OFF before the library is powered ON again.

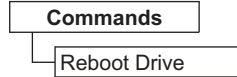
Shipping the library



Select **Commands > Move to Ship Position** when the library is prepared to move to a new location. The accessor must be placed in a parked position within the library housing. **Move to Ship Position** finishes all active commands that are received from the host application, does not process any new commands, and moves the accessor to the parked position before the power is turned OFF.

1. When **Unlock Magazine** is displayed, press the **Enter** key to unlock the cartridge magazine. The magazine unlocks and the display prompts the removal of the magazine.
2. Remove all cartridges from the magazine and reinsert the magazine into the slide mechanism. The library completes an inventory to verify no cartridges are in the magazine.
3. If the magazine is empty, the library moves the accessor to the ship position. The library can be powered down. If the magazine is NOT empty, the library prompts to remove cartridges. After all cartridges are removed and the magazine is replaced, start the ship position process again.

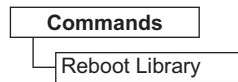
Rebooting the drive



Select **Commands** > **Reboot Drive** to force the drive to reboot. You also specify whether the library will come online or offline after it finishes rebooting.

Press the **Enter** key to reboot the drive.

Rebooting the library



Select **Commands** > **Reboot Library** to force the library to reboot. You also specify whether the library will come online or offline after it finishes rebooting.

Press the **Enter** key to reboot the library.

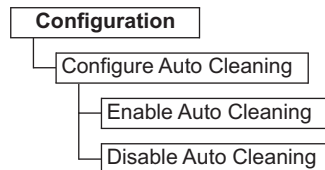
Logging out of the library



Select **Logout** to log out of the library. The login screen is displayed for the next user.

Configuring the library

Configuring auto cleaning

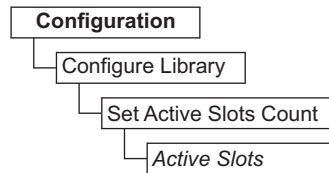


Select **Configuration** > **Configure Auto Cleaning** to enable or disable automatic head cleaning of the tape drive in the library.

Note: It is recommended that the Auto Clean function is enabled on the library. With the Auto Clean function enabled, drive cleaning occurs automatically. The only time Auto Cleaning is disabled is when your Backup Application requires that it has control.

The drive can also be cleaned manually. For details, see [“Cleaning the drive manually” on page 60.](#)

Configuring the number of active slots



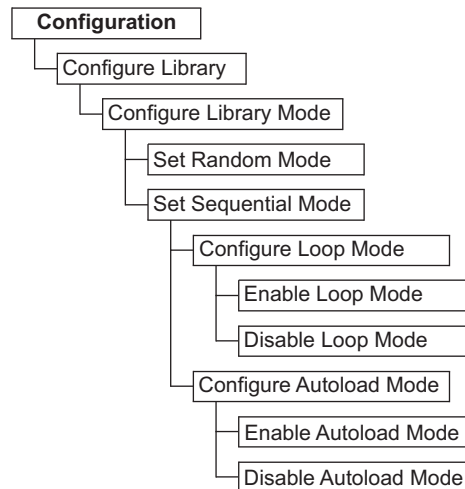
Select **Configuration > Configure Library > Set Active Slots Count** to set the number of active data cartridge positions within the logical library.

Configure the number of active slots with the following setting:

- **Active Slots** - The maximum number of active slots that can be set is dependent upon the I/O station configuration and auto cleaning setting.

The active cartridge slots always begin with the cartridge position with the lowest cartridge address within the logical library.

Configuring the library access mode



Select **Configuration > Configure Library > Configure Library Mode** to set the logical library access mode.

Configure the library access mode with the following settings:

- **Random Mode** - In random mode, the library allows the server's (host's) application software to select any data cartridge in any order.
- **Sequential Mode** - In sequential mode, the library's firmware predefines the selection of the cartridges. After initialization, the firmware causes the library to select the first available cartridge found (counting from the lowest Column/Tier position through the highest cartridge position in your library) for loading into the drive.

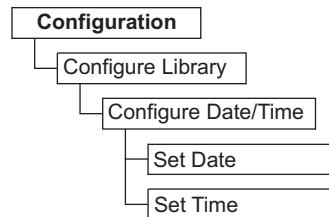
- **Loop** - Sequential mode with loop mode ON loads the cartridge in the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position after the cartridge in the highest Column/Tier cartridge position is filled with data and sent back to its home position. This mode allows endless backup operations without user interaction.
- **Autoload** - Sequential mode with autoload mode ON loads the first available cartridge (the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position that contains a cartridge) automatically if the library powers ON, or resets, with an empty drive. If the library powers ON with a cartridge already in the drive, sequential mode will start from the home position of that cartridge, unless the host issues a rewind and unload command to the drive, in which case the next cartridge in sequence will be loaded into the drive.

To start sequential mode if autoload is OFF, use the **Move Cartridge** command to load the first cartridge into the drive. The sequence starts from the home position of that cartridge. Cartridges do not need to be in contiguous slots.

To stop sequential mode, use the **Move Cartridge** command to unload the drive. This mode cancels sequential mode; the next sequential cartridge is NOT loaded.

To restart sequential mode, use the **Move Cartridge** command again to load a cartridge; the loading sequence resumes from the home position of that cartridge.

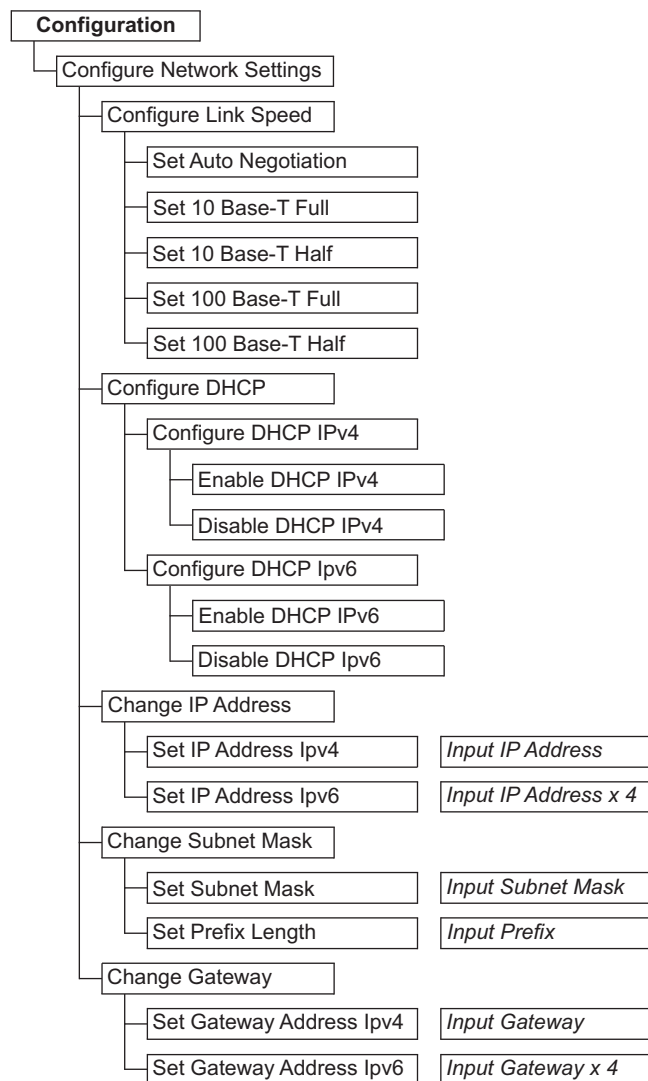
Configuring date and time settings



Select **Configuration > Configure Library > Configure Date/Time** to set the date and time on your library manually after a power disruption and when daylight saving time starts and ends. The date is set in MM/DD/YYYY format, and the time is set in 24-hour HH:MM:SS format.

The current date and time is also controlled automatically with a network-based Network Time Protocol (NTP) server. For more information, see [“Configuring network settings” on page 65](#).

Configuring network settings



Select **Configuration** > **Configure Network Settings** to set the network settings for the library.

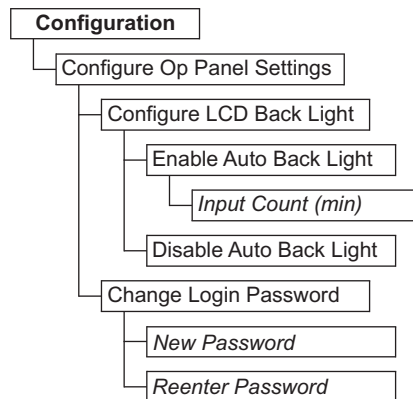
Note: The Internet Protocol (IPv4, IPv6, or dual IPv4/IPv6) selection is used for the TL1000 Tape Autoloader IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, time server address, mail server address, SNMP trap address, and EKM server addresses.

Configure the network with the following settings:

- **Link Speed** - Ethernet duplex mode (Auto, 10Base-T Full, 10Base-T Half, 100Base-TX Full, 100Base-TX Half).
- **DHCP** - (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) Enable DHCP to have the library server or router negotiate the connection with the library.
 - **IPv4** - Select to enable DHCP with the IPv4 protocol.
 - **IPv6** - Select to enable DHCP with the IPv6 protocol
- **IP Address** - If **DHCP** is disabled, set the IP address of the library manually.

- **IPv4** - Select to enter the library IP address with the IPv4 protocol.
- **IPv6** - Select to enter four library IP addresses with the IPv6 protocol.
- **Subnet Mask** - If **DHCP** is disabled, set the IP address of the subnet mask.
 - **Subnet Mask** - Select to enter the subnet mask address with the IPv4 protocol.
 - **Prefix Length** - Select to enter the prefix length for the IPv6 protocol.
- **Gateway** - If **DHCP** is disabled, set the IP address of the gateway.
 - **IPv4** - Select to enter the gateway IP address with the IPv4 protocol.
 - **IPv6** - Select to enter four gateway IP addresses with the IPv6 protocol.

Configuring Operator Panel settings

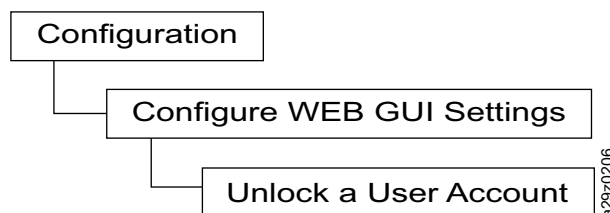


Select **Configuration > Configure Op Panel Settings** to set the preferences when with the Operator Panel.

Configure the Operator Panel with the following settings:

- **Back light** - Select to enable the LCD back light when with the Operator Panel.
 - **Input Count** - If the auto back light is enabled, specify the time duration before the back light turns OFF. The setting uses a four-digit timer in minutes.
- **Login Password** - Select to change the Operator Panel four-character login password. The new password must be reentered for confirmation before the password is changed (default: 0000).

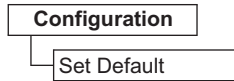
Configuring Web GUI Settings



Use **Configuration > Configure Web GUI Settings > Unlock a User Account** to unlock a User Account.

The password of the user unlocked by **Unlock a User Account** is automatically changed to **secure**.

Setting the library to factory defaults



Select **Configuration > Set Default** to reset the library to the factory default settings. See [Table 13 on page 30](#). The date and time must be reset after restoring factory default settings. See ["Configuring date and time settings" on page 64](#).

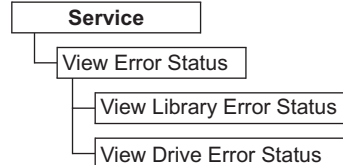
Important: This configuration setting deletes all current library settings, and should be used with utmost caution.

To restore your library configuration, see ["Saving and restoring configuration settings" on page 88](#).

Servicing the library

The **Service** menu on the Operator Panel gives users access to troubleshooting and maintenance diagnostic tools.

Checking the library error status



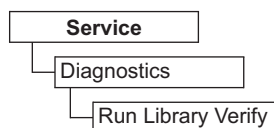
Select **Service > View Error Status** to check the status of the major library components.

Select the component to view its error status:

- **Library** - Checks the error status of the library.
- **Drive** - Checks the error status of the tape drive.

If an error occurs, press the **Enter** key to display specific error information. You can check the meaning of error codes in ["Error codes" on page 123](#).

Running library verify diagnostic procedures



Select **Service > Diagnostics > Run Library Verify** to test the library and drive hardware, communications, and the read or write capability of the library. Library Verify is the most critical and most frequently used test, and is run after all maintenance procedures to ensure correct library performance.

Note: Running the Library Verify diagnostic test unloads tape cartridges in the drives if the host application has not already done so.

To run library verification diagnostic tests:

1. Select **Run Library Verify**, and press **Enter**. Follow the on-screen instructions. If there is a cartridge in the drive, the library moves the cartridge to its home position, or to the I/O station if the home position is not known.

2. When prompted, insert a scratch cartridge into the I/O station.

When the scratch cartridge is loaded, an inventory is conducted and the bar code reader reads the bar code label on the cartridge and stores it for later comparison. The scratch cartridge is then moved to the tape drive, where the drive runs its own write/read/verify test. When the test is done, the library tells the drive to eject the scratch cartridge, and then the cartridge is moved back to the I/O station. The bar code is read again and compared with the value stored earlier.

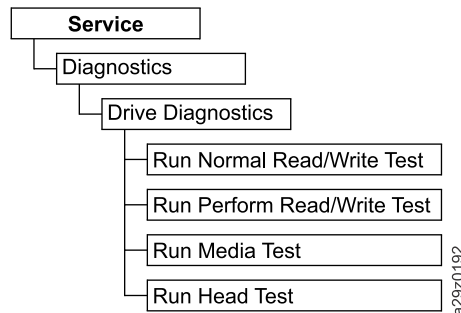
3. When prompted, remove the scratch cartridge from the I/O station.

The result of the test (PASSED or error message) is reported on the Operator Panel.

4. View the **Error Log** to check if any errors occur.

If an error occurs, see ["Error codes" on page 123](#) to identify and locate the problem.

Running drive diagnostic procedures



Select **Service > Diagnostics > Drive Diagnostics** to run various drive-related diagnostic tests.

To run drive diagnostic tests:

1. Select **Drive Diagnostics**, and press **Enter**. Select one of the diagnostic tests and follow the on-screen instructions.

2. When prompted, insert a scratch (blank) cartridge into the I/O station.

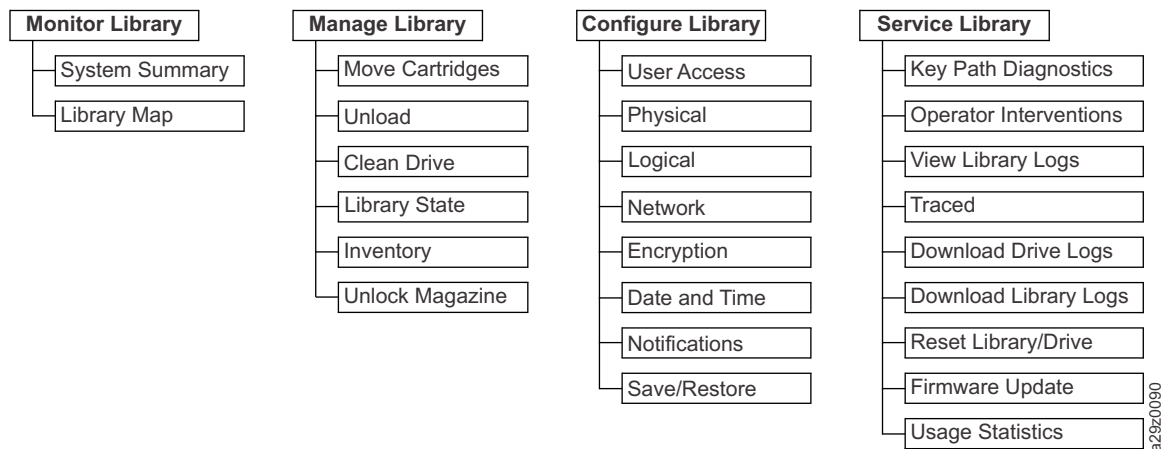
- **Normal R/W Test** - Runs a shortened version of the **Performance R/W Test**. It does not include the POST diagnostic, calibrate drive, or unique tape motion tests. It checks the motors and head by running read/write tests on a

shortened section of tape, both inbound and outbound. Takes approximately 4 minutes (if no error occurs) to 9 minutes (if calibration is required).

- **Perform R/W Test** (Performance R/W Test) - Runs most of the tests that normally occur when the library is powered ON (POST). When prompted, load a CE scratch cartridge to run the calibrate drive, read/write, and tape motion tests. These tests calibrate the read/write channel to optimum settings, run a long read/write test with all servo positions, and exercise all of the tape motion functions of the drive. Takes up to 30 minutes.
- When prompted, remove the cartridge from the I/O station.
The result of the test (PASSED or error message) is reported on the Operator Panel.
- View the **Error Log** to check if any errors occur.
If an error occurs, see [“Error codes” on page 123](#) to identify and locate the problem.

The Web User Interface

[Figure 75](#) shows all the menu options available from the Web User Interface for the Administrator User account. For information on the menu user access privileges for User, Superuser, and Administrator accounts, see [Chapter 2, “User interfaces,” on page 13](#).



Monitoring the library

The system summary

PowerVault TL1000 Tape Library

Help | Logoff

System Summary

Library name:

Library: ✓ OK

Drive: ✓ Empty

I/O station: ✓ Closed

Front panel indicators:

Configuration and cartridge counts:

	Cartridges	Slots
Drive	0	N/A
Storage	2	6
Cleaning / Inactive	0	2
I/O station	0	1
Reserved	N/A	1
Total	2	10

Library firmware version: 0031.3000

Library serial number: 1307968

Drive firmware version: E6R1

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Select **Monitor Library > System Summary** to display a summary of the status of the tape drive and the library, and the current configuration of the library, comprising:

- Library name
- Library status (OK, Degraded, or Failed). It displays Not Ready while initializing.
- Drive status (OK, Degraded, or Failed). It displays Empty, Loading, or Ejected when the drive is empty, loading media, or media is ejected or unloaded in the drive. It displays Cleaning when the cleaning cartridge is in the drive, and Initializing while initializing.
- I/O Station status (Open/Closed, when I/O Station is enabled)
- Operator Panel LED indicators

- Number of cartridges and slot configuration
 - Cartridge in the drive (0 or 1); Slots value is always “N/A”
 - Number of cartridges in the active slots; Number of active slots
 - Number of cartridges in the cleaning/inactive slots; Number of cleaning/inactive slots
 - Number of cartridges in the I/O Station (0 or 1) when enabled; Number of I/O Station slots
 - Number of cartridges in the reserved slot; Number of reserved slots
- Library firmware version
- Library serial number
- Drive firmware version

The library map

The screenshot displays the 'Library Map' interface. On the left, a grid of slots is shown, organized into five columns (Column 5 to Column 1) and two rows. The top row contains slots with labels LT1145L4, 03K324L2, and 08E125L4. The bottom row contains slots with labels CLNX001L, LT1144L4, and 08E126L4. A shaded area on the far left represents the I/O station. Below the grid is an 'Accessor' icon. To the right of the grid is a 'Library' section with an 'Ethernet' icon and a 'Drive' icon. At the bottom left, a 'Library Motion' status box shows 'Idle'. On the right side, a detailed 'Ethernet Information' panel is displayed, showing various network settings and status.

Ethernet Information

Status:	☒ OK
Protocol:	IPv4/v6 Dual
IPv6 address:	2001:DB8:0:0:0:0:1:1
DHCPv6:	Disabled
Stateless IPv6 address:	Disabled
Static IPv6 address:	Enabled
IPv4 address:	192.168.1.1
Subnet mask:	255.255.255.0
Gateway address:	192.168.1.254
DHCPv4:	Disabled
Library WWNN:	00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77
MAC address:	00 11 22 33 44 55
Link speed:	Auto
NTP server:	2001:DB8:0:0:0:0:1:101
SNMP trap:	2001:DB8:0:0:0:0:0:1002
E-Mail address:	coolcustomer@example.com

Library Motion
Idle

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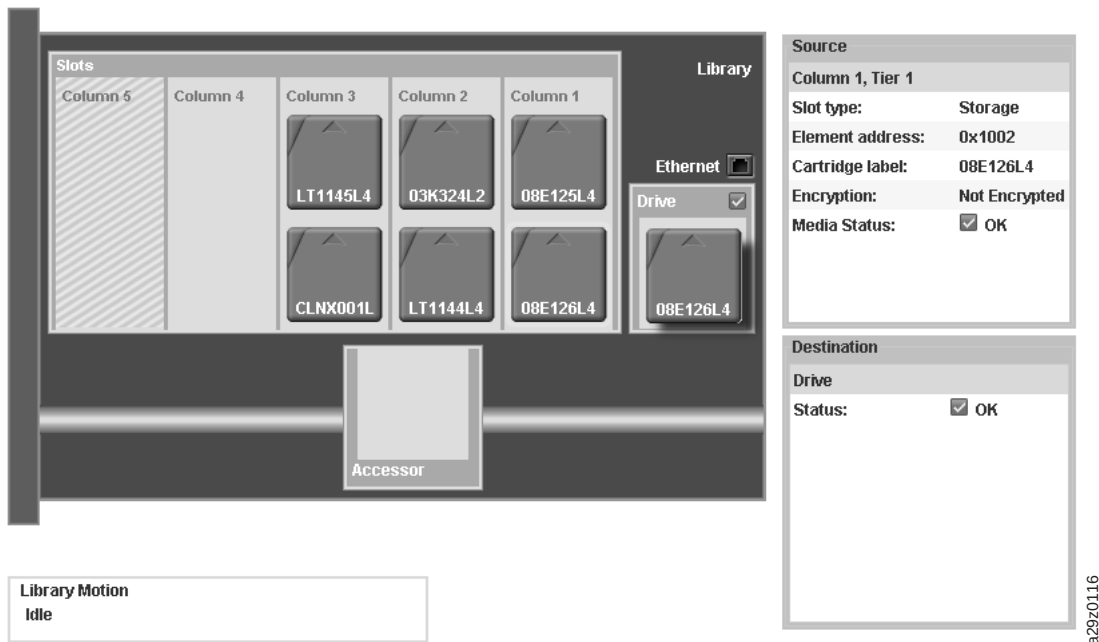
Select **Monitor Library > Library Map** to display a graphical view of the library. Each component of the library is represented by a clickable icon. Select a component in the library map to display detailed information for that component of the library on the right side of the page. A grayed-out column represents the I/O station. The information that is displayed varies according to the type of device selected:

- Library information
 - Accessor status (OK, Degraded, or Failed)
 - Drive Status (OK, Degraded, or Failed). Drive Status displays Empty, Loading, or Ejected when the drive is empty, loading media, or media is ejected/unloaded in the drive. It displays Cleaning when the cleaning cartridge is in the drive, and Initializing while initializing.
 - I/O station (Enabled or Disabled)
 - Auto cleaning (Enabled or Disabled)
 - Magazine status (Inserted or Open)

- Library mode (Random or Sequential). In Sequential mode, Loop and Auto load mode are also displayed.
- Ethernet information
 - Status
 - Protocol
 - IP addresses
 - DHCP (Enabled or Disabled)
 - Subnet mask
 - Gateway address
 - Library worldwide node name
 - MAC address
 - Link speed
 - NTP server
 - SNMP trap
 - Email address
- Cartridge
 - Cartridge label that is detected by the bar code reader
 - Encryption setting (for data cartridges)
 - Media status (OK, Degraded, or Failed)
 - Remaining uses for cleaning cartridges. When a cleaning cartridge is added to the library (I/O station or cleaning slot) the remaining uses is displayed as 50. The actual remaining uses are updated when the cleaning cartridge is loaded into the tape drive. See ["Cleaning cartridge" on page 101.](#)
- Column **n**, Tier **n**
 - Slot type (Storage, I/O station, or Cleaning)
 - Element address
- Drive information
 - Status (OK, Degraded, or Failed). Drive Status displays Empty, Loading, or Ejected when the drive is empty, loading media, or media is ejected/unloaded in the drive. It displays Cleaning when the cleaning cartridge is in the drive, and Initializing while initializing.
 - Vendor ID
 - Product ID
 - Firmware version
 - Serial number
 - Worldwide node name
 - Encryption capability
 - Drive event
 - Cartridge information
- Accessor information
 - Status (OK, Degraded, or Failed)
 - Accessor event

Managing the library

Moving cartridges



Use **Manage Library > Move Cartridges** to move data and cleaning cartridges between the I/O station, storage positions, inactive slots, and tape drive. Move cartridges by clicking and dragging a cartridge from one location to another, or by right-clicking a cartridge and selecting a destination.

Select a cartridge to display information for that cartridge in the Source pane on the right side of the page. Drag the cartridge to a valid destination location to display information in the Destination pane. Release the mouse button to run the move.

The following information is displayed:

- Source
 - Location coordinates in the library (Column, Tier)
 - Slot type (Storage, I/O station, or Cleaning)
 - Element address
 - Cartridge label
 - Encryption capability for storage cartridges
 - Remaining uses for cleaning cartridges. When a cleaning cartridge is added to the library (I/O station or cleaning slot) the remaining uses are displayed as 50. The actual remaining uses are updated when the cleaning cartridge is loaded into the tape drive. See [“Cleaning cartridge” on page 101.](#)
 - Media status (OK, Degraded, or Failed)
- Destination
 - Location coordinates in the library (Column, Tier)
 - Status (for the tape drive)
 - Slot type and element address

Note: Each column has a spring loaded mechanism that pushes the cartridges into Tier 1. Moving a second cartridge into a column moves the first cartridge into Tier 2. Cartridges cannot be moved directly from Tier 1 in one column to Tier 2 in another column in a single move operation (intermediate move operations are required).

Note: Cartridges cannot be moved to the accessor with this command. However, cartridges can be moved from the accessor with this command if the library was powered OFF with a cartridge still held in the accessor.

Unloading the drive



Select **Manage Library > Unload Drive** and click **Unload** to unload the tape cartridge from the tape drive head.

Unload when library is in Random mode: The cartridge in the drive is unloaded from the tape head mechanism, but is still retained inside the tape drive housing. The **Move Cartridge** command moves the cartridge from the drive to another location. Moving a tape cartridge from a drive to another location both unloads and moves the cartridge in a single action.

Unload when library is in Sequential mode: The cartridge in the drive is unloaded from the tape head mechanism, and returned to the cartridge home position

Cleaning the drive manually



Select **Manage Library > Clean Drive** to clean a drive manually. Select a cleaning cartridge to use (from the magazine or from the I/O station), and click **Clean**.

The cleaning cartridge is returned to its home position when the drive cleaning is finished.

Taking the library online and offline

Current state: Online



Select **Manage Library > Library State** to take the library online or offline. Check the library status, and click the button that is displayed to change the library status.

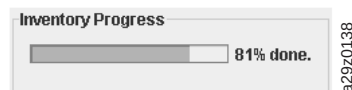
It is sometimes necessary to take the library offline before library servicing functions are completed. Once these operations are finished, it is necessary to bring the library back online.

Note: The tape drive is always online, even when the library is offline.

Conducting a library inventory



Select **Manage Library > Inventory** to force the library to run an inventory of the cartridge magazine, accessor, and tape drive to refresh the library map. Conduct an inventory by clicking the **Start** button. The Inventory Progress bar indicates the process in action. Wait until the operation finishes before normal library operations resume.



An inventory is conducted automatically when the power is first turned ON or when a cartridge magazine is inserted.

Unlocking the cartridge magazine

Magazine state: Locked



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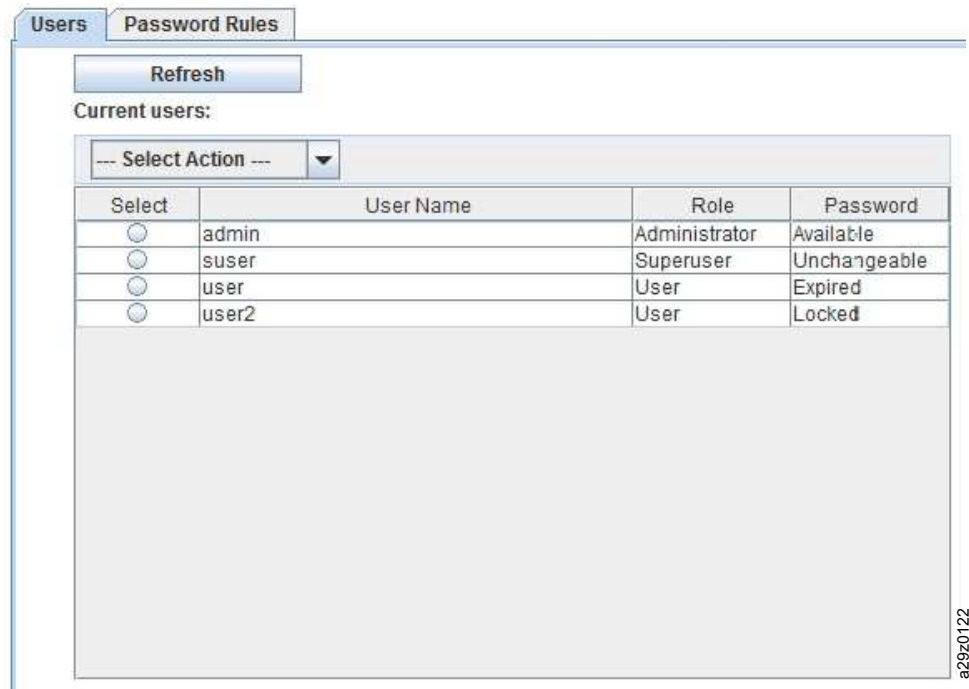
Select **Manage Library > Unlock Magazine** to unlock and remove the cartridge magazine. When the cartridge magazine is unlocked, it can be removed from the library to insert or remove data and cleaning cartridges. When the cartridge magazine is fully inserted, the magazine locks into place. After the magazine is closed, wait for the library to complete its inventory before normal library operations resume.

Note: A blue release gate in the upper left corner of each column in the cartridge magazine prevents each cartridge from falling out of the front of the magazine. When manually releasing the gate with one hand, position your other hand in front of the column opening to protect cartridges that are ejected by the internal column spring.

Note: If the cartridge magazine is not removed within 5 minutes, it is automatically locked.

Configuring the library

Managing user access



The screenshot shows a web interface with two tabs: "Users" and "Password Rules". The "Users" tab is active. Below the tabs is a "Refresh" button. Under "Current users:", there is a dropdown menu labeled "--- Select Action ---". Below this is a table with four columns: "Select", "User Name", "Role", and "Password".

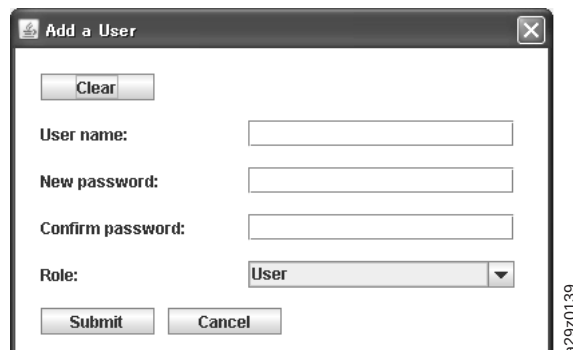
Select	User Name	Role	Password
☐	admin	Administrator	Available
☐	suser	Superuser	Unchangeable
☐	user	User	Expired
☐	user2	User	Locked

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Select **Configure Library > User Access** to add, modify, or remove administrator, superuser, and user accounts, and to change passwords. Up to 7 users can be configured with the Web User Interface.

Add, modify, or remove users with the following information:

- **Select action**
 - **Add** - To add new users.
 - Enter the user name and password into the dialog box and assign the user's role.



The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Add a User". It contains a "Clear" button at the top left. Below it are four input fields: "User name:", "New password:", "Confirm password:", and "Role:". The "Role:" field is a dropdown menu currently showing "User". At the bottom are "Submit" and "Cancel" buttons.

a29z0139

- Click **Submit** to save the new user, **Cancel** to remove the user, or **Clear** to remove the information and start over.

- **Modify** - To change the selected user's access role or password.
- **Remove** - To delete the selected user from the system.
- **User Name** - The user name of a registered user.
- **Role** - The user access level for the registered user.
 - **Users** are allowed to monitor the library, but not complete actions that affect the physical library.
 - **Superusers** are allowed to operate the physical and logical library, but not complete actions that affect the library configuration.
 - **Administrator** users are allowed access to the entire physical library and logical library, including configuration. Only one administrator user must be assigned the login name **admin**.
- **Password** indicates the status of the user's password.
 - **Expired:** The maximum password age was exceeded. **The password is now invalid.**
 - **Unchangeable:** The minimum password age was not exceeded. **You cannot change the password.**
 - **Available:** The password is available to be changed.
 - **Locked:** The maximum number of failed login attempts for the account was exceeded. **An administrator must unlock the account.**

An administrator can add/modify/remove extra administrator, superuser, and user accounts, and change passwords. User accounts are restricted to specific areas of the library. For more information, see [Chapter 2, "User interfaces," on page 13.](#)

A User account can be modified by an administrator to provide a user with superuser or administrator access permissions to the library functions.

Enter all user IDs and passwords on the Library Configuration form in ["Library Configuration Form" on page 153.](#)

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring Password Rules Settings

Users Password Rules

Refresh

Current rules:

Minimum number of characters:	8
Minimum number of upper case alphabetic characters (A-Z):	1
Minimum number of lower case alphabetic characters (a-z):	1
Minimum number of numeric characters (0-9):	1
Minimum number of special characters (!@#\$%^&*()_+={} []\';:~<>?,./):	0
Maximum number of identical consecutive characters:	2
Maximum number of failed logins before password is locked:	5
Maximum number of days before password must be changed:	90
Minimum number of days before password can be changed:	1
Number of password changes before an old password can be used again:	8

Submit

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The **Password Rules** tab displays the rules for user passwords.

- **Minimum number of characters** - Choose the minimum password length. The factory default value is 8. The maximum password length is 16.
- **Minimum number of upper case alphabetic characters (A-Z)** - Choose the minimum number of uppercase alphabetic characters. The factory default value is 1.
- **Minimum number of lower case alphabetic characters (a-z)** - Choose the minimum number of lowercase alphabetic characters. The factory default value is 1.
- **Minimum number of numeric characters (0-9)** - Choose the minimum number of numeric characters. The factory default value is 1.
- **Minimum number of special characters (!@#\$%^&*()_+={}|[]\';:~<>?,./)** - Choose the minimum number of special characters. The factory default value is 0.
- **Maximum number of identical consecutive characters** - Choose the maximum number of identical consecutive characters. The factory default value is 2. There is no limitation if 0 is selected.
- **Maximum number of failed logins before password is locked** - Choose the maximum number of failed logins before the password is locked. The factory default value is 5. Possible range for this configuration option is 0 - 10. There is no limitation if 0 is selected.
- **Maximum number of days before password must be changed** - Choose the maximum number of days before the password must be changed. There is no limitation if 0 is selected.
- **Minimum number of days before password can be changed** - Choose the minimum number of days before the password can be changed. A password can be changed immediately if 0 is selected.

- **Number of password changes before an old password can be used again** - Choose the number of password changes that are required before a password can be used again. A password can be reused immediately if 0 is selected.

Click **Submit** to save all the information.

Click **Refresh** to display the current password settings.

Configuring physical library settings

Select **Configure Library > Physical** to configure the I/O station and auto cleaning.

Configure the I/O station and auto cleaning cartridge slot assignment with the following settings:

- **Library name** - Use to enter a name for your library.
- **Auto cleaning** - Use to enable automatic cleaning of the tape drive. Auto cleaning can be enabled only when there the number of active slots is less than the total number of available slots in the library.
- **Bar code label length** - Use to choose the number of characters in the cartridge bar code that is reported to the host computer.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring logical library settings

Select **Configure Library > Logical** to configure the library access mode for the logical library and the number of active cartridge slots.

Configure the library access mode with the following settings:

- **Library mode** - The library mode can be set to Random or Sequential.

- **Random** - In random mode, the library allows the server's (host's) application software to select any data cartridge in any order.
- **Sequential** - In sequential mode, the library's firmware predefines the selection of the cartridges. After initialization, the firmware causes the library to select the first available cartridge found (counting from the lowest Column/Tier position through the highest cartridge position in your library) for loading into the drive. See ["Location coordinates and element addresses" on page 9.](#)

Loop - Sequential mode with loop mode ON loads the cartridge in the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position after the cartridge in the highest Column/Tier cartridge position is filled with data and sent back to its home position. This mode allows endless backup operations without user interaction.

Autoload - Sequential mode with autoload mode ON loads the first available cartridge (the lowest Column/Tier cartridge position that contains a cartridge) automatically if the library powers ON, or resets, with an empty drive. If the library powers ON with a cartridge already in the drive, sequential mode will start from the home position of that cartridge, unless the host issues a rewind and unload command to the drive, in which case the next cartridge in sequence will be loaded into the drive.

To start sequential mode if autoload is OFF, select the **Move Cartridges** command to load the first cartridge into the drive. The sequence starts from the home position of that cartridge. Cartridges need not to be in contiguous slots.

To stop sequential mode, select the **Move Cartridges** command to unload the drive. This mode cancels sequential mode; the next sequential cartridge is NOT loaded.

To restart sequential mode, select the **Move Cartridges** command again to load a cartridge; the loading sequence resumes from the home position of that cartridge.

- **Number of active slots** - Select the number of active slots you would like to assign in your library. Selecting the number of active slots defines the number of storage slots, number of cleaning/inactive slots, whether the I/O station is enabled/disabled, and whether auto cleaning is allowed.

The first digit configures the number of active storage positions (4, 6, 8, or 9). The second digit configures Column 5, Tier 1 of the magazine as an I/O Station (0 when disabled, and 1 when enabled).

The Auto Cleaning function can be enabled only if there is at least one inactive position in the magazine. If auto cleaning is enabled, the inactive positions become cleaning cartridge positions.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring network settings

The screenshot shows a web-based configuration interface for network settings. At the top left is a 'Refresh' button. Below it, the 'Ethernet' section has a 'Link speed:' dropdown menu set to 'Auto'. The 'TCP/IP Settings' section is divided into several sub-sections: 'Security' with a checkbox for 'Enable SSL for Web'; 'IPv4 setting' with a checked checkbox for 'Use IPv4', radio buttons for 'Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)' and 'Use static IP address', and input fields for 'IPv4 address' (192.168.1.1), 'Subnet mask' (255.255.255.0), and 'Gateway' (192.168.1.254); 'IPv6 setting' with a checked checkbox for 'Use IPv6', radio buttons for 'Obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP)', 'Obtain an IP address automatically (Stateless Auto Config)', and 'Use static IP address', and input fields for 'IPv6 address' (2001:DB8:0:0:0:1:1), 'Prefix length (0 - 128)' (64), and 'Gateway' (2001:DB8:0:0:0:1:1:FFFE); and 'DNS settings' with a checked checkbox for 'Use DNS' and an input field for 'DNS IP address' (2001:DB8:0:0:0:1:1:234). A 'Submit' button is at the bottom left. A vertical text 'a29x0125' is on the right side of the form.

Use **Configure Library > Network** to set the network settings for the library.

Note: The Internet Protocol (IPv4, IPv6, or dual IPv4/IPv6) selection is used for the TL1000 Tape Autoloader IP address, subnet mask, gateway address, time server address, mail server address, SNMP trap address, and EKM server addresses.

Configure the network with the following settings:

- **Link speed** - Ethernet duplex mode (Auto, 10Base-T Full, 10Base-T Half, 100Base-TX Full, 100Base-TX Half).
- **TCP/IP settings** - IPv4, IPv6, and dual stack IPv4/IPv6 are supported. To enable the dual IPv4/IPv6 protocol, select both **Use IPv4** and **Use IPv6** and enter parameters for both.
- **Security** - Select **Enable SSL for Web** to provide secure communications between the web browser and the tape library.
- **IPv4 setting** - Select **Use IPv4** to enable the IPv4 Internet Protocol. Select the corresponding button to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP) or use static IP address settings. When with DHCP, use the Operator Panel to determine the library's assigned IP address. See ["Current information" on page 57](#). Enter the following parameters if with static IP address settings.
 - **IPv4 address** - Sets the TCP/IPv4 address of the library on the network.
 - **Subnet mask** - Defines and limits users within a local network.
 - **Gateway** - Allows access outside the local network.
- **IPv6 setting** - Select **Use IPv6** to enable the IPv6 Internet Protocol. Select the corresponding check boxes to obtain an IP address automatically (DHCP), to obtain an IP address with stateless auto configuration, or use static IP address settings. Enter the following parameter if with static IP address settings.
 - **IPv6 address** - Sets the TCP/IPv6 address of the library on the network.
 - **Prefix Length** - Decimal value 0 - 128 indicating the number of contiguous, high-order bits comprising the network portion of the address.

- **Gateway** - Allows access outside the local network.
- **DNS setting** - Select **Use DNS** to use a domain name server. The DNS server, if entered, allows the encryption, date and time, and notifications IP addresses to be specified with host names instead of numerical IP addresses.
- **DNS IP address** - Sets the IP address of the DNS server.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring encryption settings

Two types of encryption can be configured for your library. The default is **None**. The two types are

- **Application Managed Encryption** - For encryption in operating environments that run an application capable of generating and managing encryption policies and keys.
- **Library Managed Encryption** - For encryption by the TL1000 Tape Autoloader tape drive.

If you did not purchase the feature for Library Managed encryption, you can configure your library for Application Managed encryption. If you select application-managed encryption, no further configuration steps are necessary. Click **Submit** to enable the setting.

Important: Contact your Dell technical sales representative about the availability of Library Managed Encryption (LME).

Note: Library Managed Encryption (LME) is available only by purchasing a library with the Library Managed Encryption Feature installed. When available, library managed encryption will only be offered for purchase at point of sale on LTO-6 and LTO-7 TL1000 tape libraries. Library managed encryption will not be offered as an upgrade on existing TL1000 tape libraries.

Encryption

Refresh

Feature Activation Key Encryption is currently licensed.

Encryption Settings

Encryption method: **None (default)**

Encryption policy: **None (default)**

Security

SSL: **None (default)**

Primary EKM Server Settings

Address: 0.0.0.0

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Secondary EKM Server Settings

Address: 0.0.0.0

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Submit

a29z0199

Select **Configure Library > Encryption** to configure an encryption method for data that is stored on tape cartridges.

Note: Application Managed Encryption (AME) does not require a key. Library Managed Encryption (LME) is available only by purchasing a library with the Library Managed Encryption Feature installed.

PowerVault TL1000 Tape Library

Welcome admin Help | Logoff

Encryption

Refresh

Feature Activation Key Encryption is currently licensed.

Encryption Settings

Encryption method: **Library Managed**

Encryption policy: **Encrypt All (default)**

Security

SSL: ☐ Enable SSL for EKM

Primary EKM Server Settings

Address: 9.11.207.43

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Secondary EKM Server Settings

Address: 9.11.207.59

TCP port number: 3801

SSL port number: 443

Submit

Display Refresh Interval (sec)

0 10 20 30 40 50 60

a29z0212

Configure encryption with the following settings:

1. Expand **Configure Library**, if necessary, and click **Encryption** in the left navigation pane of the Web User Interface.
2. In the **Encryption method**: drop-down menu, choose **Library Managed Encryption** (if library is purchased with the Library Managed Encryption

feature) to enable encryption in your library. **Application Managed Encryption** is also a choice. No further configuration steps are necessary for Application Managed Encryption.

3. **Encryption policy (library-managed encryption)**

- **Encrypt All** (default) - All tape cartridges that are loaded into the tape drive are encrypted.
- **Internal Label - Selective Encryption** - This option is used only for Symantec's Veritas NetBackup.
- **Internal Label - Encrypt All** - This option is used only for Symantec's Veritas NetBackup.

4. **Security (library-managed encryption)** - Sets secure communications with secure sockets layer (SSL).

- **Enable SSL for EKM** - Select to enable secure SSL communications between the tape library and the EKM server.

5. **Primary EKM Server Settings and Secondary EKM Server Settings (library-managed encryption)** - For encryption to work, at least one server must be configured with an IP address and port number.

- **IP address** - The IP address of the encryption key manager. IPv4, IPv6, and dual stack IPv4/IPv6 are supported.
- **TCP port number** - The TCP port number of the encryption key manager.
- **SSL port number** - The port number of the encryption key manager.

To determine whether a cartridge is encrypted, use **Configure Library > Library Map** and select the cartridge. The screen displays whether the cartridge is encrypted, not encrypted, or unknown.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Configuring date and time settings

Select **Configure Library > Date and Time** to configure the date and time settings with one of three methods. The date and time can be automatically updated with a remote NTP time server over the network. Alternatively, the date and time can be synchronized with the clock on your host computer. And lastly, that date and times can be set manually.

Note: Selecting **Refresh** refreshes the date and time.

Note: If you choose to manually set your date and time, you must reset the date and time after the library is power cycled and after a library reset.

Note: When the library is power cycled, wait 10 seconds after the power is OFF before powering ON the library again.

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader communicates with an NTP server with the following conditions:

- Client/server basis operation
- UDP (User Datagram Protocol) to access the NTP server
- Does not use authentication keys
- Library polling is every 12 hours

Configure the date and time with the following settings:

- **NTP Server** - Enables time and date control with a time server on the network.
 - **NTP server address** - The IP address of the time server. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported, depending on the TCP/IP settings. Host names can be entered instead of numerical IP addresses if **Use DNS** is selected in the Network settings.
 - **Time zone** - The time zone relative to Greenwich Mean Time (GMT).
- If the time server is disabled, enter the local time and date manually.
 - **Date** - The date with the MM/DD/YYYY format.
 - **Time** - The time with the HH:MM:SS format.
- **Auto Adjustment by PC** - Select a time interval and click **Start** to synchronize the library with the clock on your host computer at regular intervals. The Web User Interface Java Applet must be running continuously to use this function.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings have been updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring email notifications

SMTP (Mail) Settings SNMP Settings

Refresh

SMTP server address: mail.example.com

Sender address: machine@example.com

Subject:

Mail to:

01 ☒ Enable coolcustomer@example.com

02 ☐ Enable

03 ☐ Enable

04 ☐ Enable

Mail event:

☐ Error Events

☐ Error and Warning Events

☒ Error, Warning, and Information Events

Test

Submit

a29z0127

Select **Configure Library > Notifications > SMTP (Mail) Settings** to configure the email settings for sending event information whenever an event of a certain level occurs.

Configure email notification with the following settings:

- **SMTP server address** - SMTP mail server IPv4 or IPv6 address (depending on network configuration)
- **Sender address** - email message header information
- **Subject** - email message header information
- **Mail to** - email addresses of contacts to be notified of the event
- **Mail event** - Event level notification threshold
 - Error events
 - Error and Warning events
 - Error, Warning, and Information events

Click **Test** to send a test message to the addresses enabled in the **Mail to** fields.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

Configuring SNMP trap notifications

SNMP (Mail) Settings | **SNMP Settings**

Refresh

Community: public

Name: example

Location:

Contact:

SNMPv3 engine ID:

Submit

Trap event:

☐ Error Events

☐ Error and Warning Events

☒ Error, Warning, and Information Events

Test

Trap List

Select	Validity	Address	Version	Community	Username
☒	Enable	trap.example	v1	public	----
☐	Enable	2001:db8:0:0:0:0:1002	v1	public	----
☐	Disable		v1		----
☐	Disable		v1		----

SNMPv3 User List

Select	Validity	User Name	Authentication	Privacy
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable
☐	Disable		Disable	Disable

a29z0128

Use **Configure Library > Notifications > SNMP Settings** to configure the trap settings for sending event information whenever an event of a certain level occurs, and to register users who can access the tape library with SNMP Version 3. The traps that are supported by the TL1000 Tape Autoloader are listed in **“Trap definitions (types)”** on page 136.

Download the SNMP MIB file for this library from www.Dell.com/support. Install the MIB file on your SNMP server. Refer to your server application documentation for instructions.

Configure SNMP trap notification with the following settings:

- **SNMP Enabled** - The **SNMP Enabled** check box must have a check mark to enable SNMP notifications.
- **Community** - SNMP community name (for example, "public")
- **Name** - Device name (for example, "TL1000 Tape Autoloader")
- **Location** - Physical location of the tape library
- **Contact** - Contact individual's name
- **SNMPv3 engine ID** - A read-only attribute that identifies the SNMPv3 engine.
- **Trap event** - Event level notification threshold
 - Error events
 - Error and Warning events
 - Error, Warning, and Information events
- **Trap List** - IP addresses of the SNMP monitoring stations to be notified when an event takes place and the security settings.
 - **Validity** - Enable/Disable setting.
 - **Trap version** - v1, v2c, or v3. For v2c and v3, the **Inform** check box determines whether an SNMP INFORM request is sent instead of a trap event.
 - **IP address** - IPv4 and IPv6 addresses are supported.
 - **Community** (v1 or v2c) - SNMP community name.
 - **User name** (v3 only) - SNMPv3 unique user name.
 - **Authentication** (v3 only) - Authentication algorithm, MD5, or SHA. When an algorithm is specified, an authentication password and confirmation of the password are required.
 - **Privacy** (v3 only) - Privacy service encryption and decryption algorithm, DES or AES. When an algorithm is specified, a privacy password and confirmation of the password are required.
- **SNMPv3 User List** - SNMPv3 users who can access the tape library.
 - **Validity** - Enable/Disable setting.
 - **User name** - SNMPv3 unique user name.
 - **Authentication** - Authentication algorithm, MD5, or SHA. When an algorithm is specified, an authentication password and confirmation of the password are required.
 - **Privacy** - Privacy service encryption and decryption algorithm, DES or AES. When an algorithm is specified, a privacy password and confirmation of the password are required.

Click **Test** to send a test trap to the IP addresses enabled in the **Trap to** fields.

Click **Submit** to transfer the settings to the library. A dialog message is displayed when the settings are updated successfully.

Click **Refresh** to read the current settings from the library.

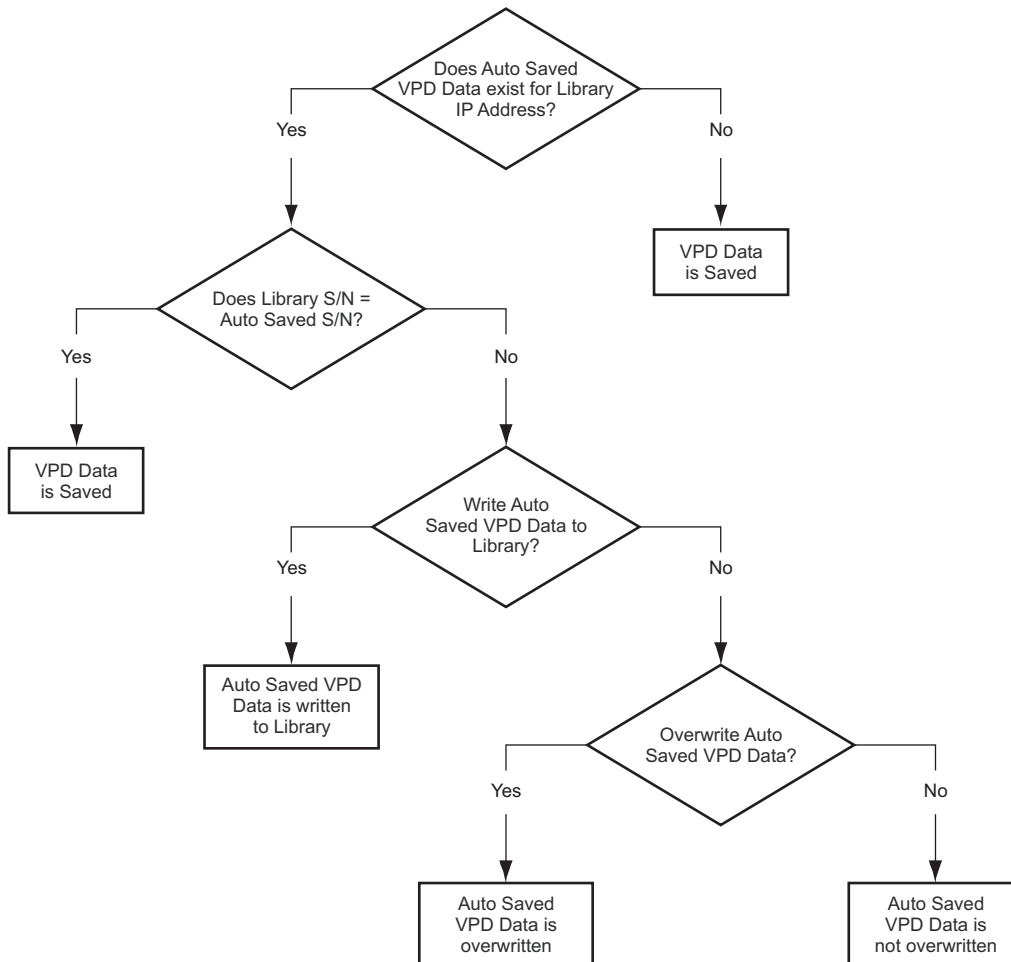
Saving and restoring configuration settings

Your library configuration can be saved and restored automatically by a cookie and manually by with the Web User Interface. It is recommended that you use the Web User Interface method whether you use the cookie method.

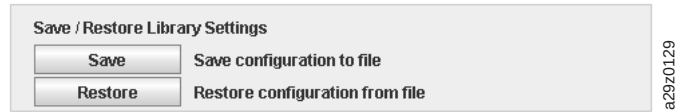
Important: Verify all configuration settings after your library configuration is restored. Reset the library date and time (see [“Configuring date and time settings” on page 84](#)).

Saving and restoring configuration automatically with cookies

If allowed by your web browser preference settings, cookies are employed to automatically save your library configuration on your host computer and automatically restore your library configuration if your library network configuration uses a static IP address. The following flowchart illustrates how VPD data is saved from and restored to a library with cookies.



Saving and restoring configuration manually with Web User Interface



The dialog box titled "Save / Restore Library Settings" contains two buttons: "Save" and "Restore". To the right of the "Save" button is the text "Save configuration to file". To the right of the "Restore" button is the text "Restore configuration from file". A vertical text label "a29z0129" is positioned to the right of the dialog box.

Select **Configure Library** > **Save/Restore** to manually save library configuration settings to an external file or restore configuration settings from a file. This function is useful when you have several logical configurations for different tape storage implementations that you must switch between regularly.

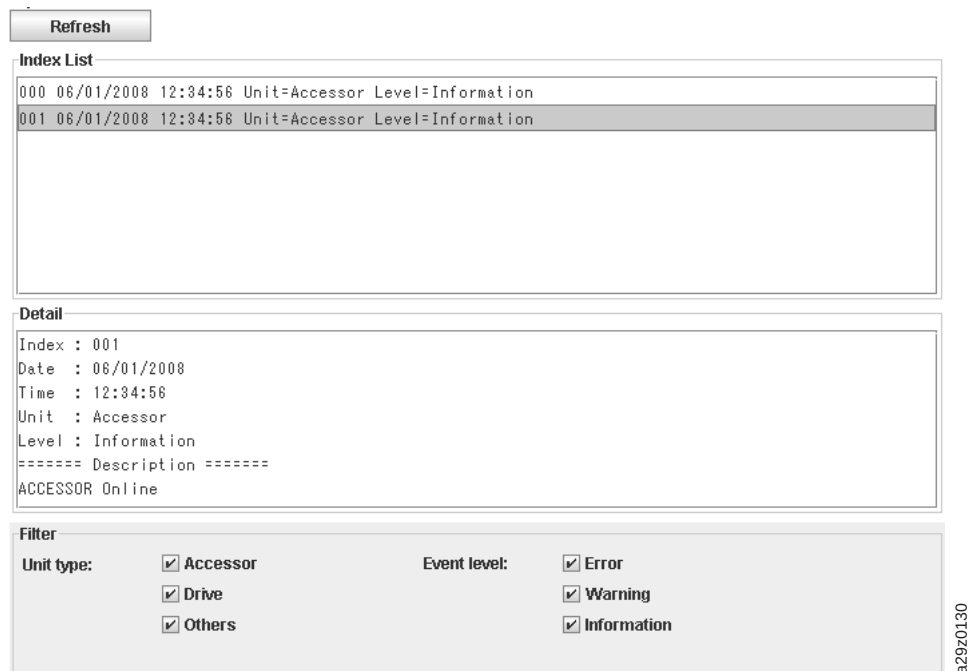
Note: When the library configuration is saved manually, the library must be offline to save to files and to restore from files.

Click **Save** to save the current settings to a file.

Click **Restore** to load the settings from a file.

Servicing the library

Operator interventions



The web interface for "Operator Interventions" includes a "Refresh" button at the top. Below it is the "Index List" section, which displays a table with two rows of log entries. The first row is highlighted. Below the index list is the "Detail" section, which shows the details for the selected entry (Index: 001). At the bottom is the "Filter" section, which allows filtering by unit type and event level. A vertical text label "a29z0130" is positioned to the right of the interface.

Index List			
000	06/01/2008	12:34:56	Unit=Accessor Level=Information
001	06/01/2008	12:34:56	Unit=Accessor Level=Information

Detail

Index : 001
Date : 06/01/2008
Time : 12:34:56
Unit : Accessor
Level : Information
===== Description =====
ACCESSOR Online

Filter

Unit type: ☒ Accessor ☒ Drive ☒ Others

Event level: ☒ Error ☒ Warning ☒ Information

Select **Service Library** > **Operator Interventions** to display a log history summary of information, warning, and error events that occurred for the selected library component units.

The summary can be filtered to display the operator intervention log for a specific hardware component and specific event levels. The log is stored in memory on the

library control board. When the memory buffer is full, new events overwrite the oldest events. The log is not cleared from memory when power is turned OFF.

Click **Refresh** to read the log of operator interventions from the tape library. You can select an event in the **Index List** panel to display data specific to that event in the **Detail** panel.

The information that is displayed for the operator intervention event comprises:

- Index number of the event
- Date the event occurred
- Time the event occurred
- Unit in the library where the event occurred
- Event level
- Description of the event

Library logs

Refresh

Index list

006	07/17/2008	16:15:06	Code=6/29/01	POWER ON OCCURRED.
007	01/01/2008	18:01:31	Code=6/29/01	POWER ON OCCURRED.
008	01/01/2008	18:01:18	Code=[0011]	Failed in time data acquisition from time server.
009	01/01/2008	19:53:34	Code=6/29/01	POWER ON OCCURRED.
010	01/01/2008	19:52:07	Code=6/29/01	POWER ON OCCURRED.

Detail

Index : 008

Occurred at : 01/01/2008 18:01:18

Code=[0011] : Failed in time data acquisition from time server.

x0	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	xA	xB	xC	xD	xE	xF
0000:	FF	00	00	00	00	00	00	0A	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0010:	11	00	40	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	11	00	00
0020:	0B	0D	11	00	00	00	01	FC	00	00	30	30	30	31	00
0030:	00	00	10	00	00	00	04	00	12	00	00	00	00	00	00

Filter

Code: Sense key:	☒ Library/Drive Error [Check Codes] ☒ No Sense (Code=0/xx/xx) ☒ Recovered Error (Code=1/xx/xx) ☒ Not Ready (Code=2/xx/xx) ☒ Medium Error (Code=3/xx/xx)	☒ Command Error (Sense Keys) ☒ Hardware Error (Code=4/xx/xx) ☒ Illegal Request (Code=5/xx/xx) ☒ Unit Attention (Code=6/xx/xx) ☒ Aborted Command (Code=8/xx/xx)
--------------------------------	--	---

a29z0131

Select **Service Library > View Library Logs** to display a log history summary of errors that occurred.

The error log is displayed with sense data information. The summary can be filtered to display errors with specific sense data code types.

Click **Refresh** to read the log of errors from the tape library. You can select an error in the **Index List** panel to display data specific to that error in the **Detail** panel.

The information that is displayed for the error comprises:

- Index number of the error
- Date and time the error occurred
- Error code

- Description of the error

There are two types of error data that are displayed in the library log with different Code attributes:

- Library/Drive sense data (Sense key/ASC/ASCQ)

For example, a 5/3B/0D error states that an illegal request was initiated that resulted in a “medium destination element full” error that is reported by the library. Selecting log entry 012 provides detailed sense data for this failure. Information about sense data is listed in [“Sense data” on page 143.](#)

- Library/Drive error code ([Code])

For example, in log entry 010, a [0222] error states that the library cannot eject medium because drive is in state of Prevent Media Removal. Information about errors and action to resolve the problem are listed in [“Error codes” on page 123.](#)

Trace data

Refresh

System Trace Data

Index : 008
Occurred at : 01/01/2008 18:01:18
Code= [0011] : Failed in time data acquisition from time server.

	x0	x1	x2	x3	x4	x5	x6	x7	x8	x9	xA	xB	xC	xD	xE	xF
0000:	FF	00	00	00	00	00	00	0A	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0010:	11	00	4D	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	11	00	00
0020:	0B	0D	11	00	00	00	01	FC	00	00	30	30	30	31	00	40
0030:	00	00	10	00	00	00	04	00	12	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0040:	00	05	EE	30	30	11	1A	AB	30	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0050:	00	00	10	00	00	00	04	02	01	00	C2	80	00	00	00	00
0060:	00	E9	00	00	31	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0070:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
0080:	00	00	01	BC	00	00	00	02	00	00	00	00	02	00	00	00
0090:	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	04	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00
00A0:	01	04	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00

Filter

Trace type:

☒ Command Log
☒ Error Log
☒ Retry Log
☒ Mechanical Motion Log

Number of minutes (1-255):

255

Select **Service Library > Traces** to display a trace history of errors that occurred. The summary can be filtered to display the type of errors that are occurring within a specified time period.

The system trace data for the interval that is entered in the **Number of Minutes** field is displayed. The summary can be filtered to trace data for specific system logs.

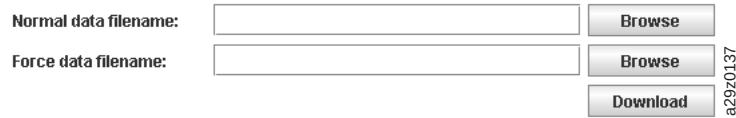
Click **Refresh** to read the system trace data from the tape library.

The information that is displayed in the system trace data comprises:

- Index number
- Date and time of event
- Sense data

Chapter 4. Operations 91

Downloading drive logs



Normal data filename:

Force data filename:

a29z0137

Select **Service Library > Download Drive Logs** to download a tape drive memory dump to file for use by support personnel to help troubleshoot a problem. To create a drive memory dump, you must create both normal memory dump data (currently stored in flash) and force memory dump data (currently stored in memory and moved to flash).

Note: Both file name fields must be entered and the file names must be unique.

To download a drive log:

1. Take the library offline.
2. For each type of memory dump (normal or forced), click the corresponding **Browse** button to display a dialog to enter a file name and to select a location to save the drive log.
3. Click **Download** to download the drive log and save to a file.

Downloading library logs



Data filename:

a29z0169

Select **Service Library > Download Library Logs** to download a tape library dump to file for use by support personnel to help troubleshoot a problem.

To download a library log:

1. Take the library offline.
2. Click **Browse** to display a dialog to enter a file name and to select a location to save the library log.
3. Click **Download** to download the library log and save to a file.

Resetting the library and drives



Target device:

Library	☒ OK
Drive	☒ OK

a29z0121

Select **Service Library > Reset Library/Drive** to reset the library or the tape drive.

Select the target device and click **Reset**. The library and tape drive status is displayed. A dialog message is displayed when the unit is reset. The reset operation is fully completed when the tape library is taken online.

Updating library and drive firmware

The image shows two stacked dialog boxes. The top box is titled 'Library Firmware Update' and contains a label 'Library firmware file:' followed by a text input field, a 'Browse' button, and an 'Update' button. The bottom box is titled 'Drive Firmware Update' and contains a label 'Drive firmware file:' followed by a text input field, a 'Browse' button, and an 'Update' button. A vertical text label 'a2970132' is positioned to the right of the bottom dialog box.

Select **Service Library > Firmware Update** to update the library and drive firmware.

Note: It is the customer's responsibility to maintain the library and drive firmware at the most recent level.

Consider these recommendations to provide maximum performance and reliability:

- The latest version of microcode must be installed on your tape libraries and devices.
- The library code must be updated first, unless noted otherwise. This action supports any changes that are introduced in the library code for that drive, or any changes made to the drive for that release.
- These firmware updates are intended to increase overall reliability, improve tape handling, reduce the possibility of data errors, and enhance diagnostic capabilities.

To determine the correct version of drive firmware in an S4H library:

1. Use **Monitor System > Library Map** to display the graphical view of the library.
2. Select the Drive component in the library map to display Drive information about the right side of the page.
3. Refer to the Product ID to determine which drive is installed in the library.
 - Product ID: ULT3580-HH4
 - Product ID: ULT3580-HH4 V2
4. Ensure that you download and install the correct drive firmware.
 - Firmware for the ULT3580-HH4 drive is not compatible with the ULT3580-HH4 V2 drive.
 - Firmware for the ULT3580-HH4 V2 drive is not compatible with the ULT3580-HH4 drive.

To update library and drive firmware:

1. Unload the tape drive, if there is a cartridge in the tape drive, before the library and drive firmware are updated.
2. Use **Service Library > Firmware Update** and click **Browse** to locate the library firmware file or the LTO SAS drive firmware file that you downloaded from the Dell web site, then click **Update**. The Web User Interface indicates that the operation is complete. This means that the firmware file is successfully moved from the host computer to the library.

Note:

- Library firmware files will have an extension of ".fmg".
 - LTO 4 or 5 drive firmware files will have an extension of ".ro".
 - LTO 6 or 7 drive firmware files will have an extension of ".fmrz".
3. Wait for the library to reboot before normal library operations resume. It can take several minutes before the library reboots.
 4. Verify the firmware update by viewing the System Summary on the Web User Interface.

Important: After the update process starts, you must wait until the library reboots. Do not attempt to interrupt the process in any way, or the upgrade will not be successful.

Accessor statistics

Refresh

Last refresh: Sunday, July 6, 2008 11:06:56 AM JST

Statistics Information Data

[Motion Counts]

Move : 909

Accessor : 1,832

Picker : 1,818

X Move : 1,818

[Retry Counts]

Drive : 1

C1,T2 : 1

C1,T1 : 1

C2,T2 : 2

C2,T1 : 0

C3,T2 : 3

C3,T1 : 0

C4,T2 : 2

C4,T1 : 3

C5,T1 : 2

[Error Counts]

Accessor motion : 0

X move motion : 1

Drive loading : 0

2920135

Select **Service Library > Usage Statistics** to view statistics information about the movement of the robotics of the library.

- Motion counts - Lists the accumulated operation count for all movements, accessor movements, picker movements, and X-axis movements.
- Retry counts - Lists the accumulated number of retries (re-attempts to load cartridges) in the drive and the cartridges positions by the accessor.

- Error counts - Lists the accumulated number of errors for the accessor, X-axis movements, and drive load and unload operations.

Click **Refresh** to read the accessor statistics from the library. The **Last refresh** shows the time of the most recent library data refresh.

Chapter 5. Media

"Data cartridges" on page 98

"Write once, read many (WORM) cartridges" on page 100

"Cleaning cartridge" on page 101

"Bar code labels" on page 101

"Write-Protect switch" on page 103

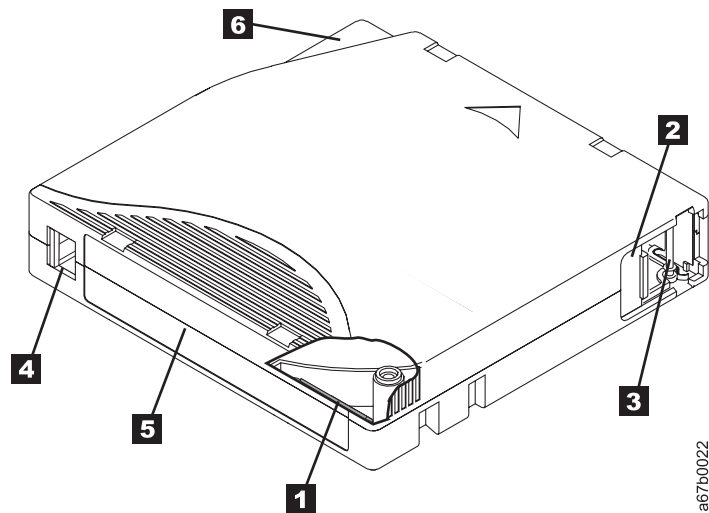
"Cartridge care and handling" on page 103

"Environmental and shipping specifications for tape cartridges" on page 106

To ensure that your Ultrium Tape Drive conforms to Dell's specifications for reliability, use only LTO Ultrium tape cartridges. You might use other LTO-certified data cartridges, but they might not meet the standards of reliability that are established by Dell. The LTO Ultrium Data Cartridge cannot be interchanged with the media used in other non-LTO Ultrium tape products.

Figure 107 shows the LTO Ultrium Data Cartridge and its components.

- | | | | |
|----------|----------------------|----------|----------------------|
| 1 | LTO cartridge memory | 4 | Write-protect Switch |
| 2 | Cartridge door | 5 | Label area |
| 3 | Leader Pin | 6 | Insertion guide |



Note: The same components are on all the LTO Ultrium Data Cartridges.

Data cartridges

The different generations of Ultrium data cartridges can be identified by color:

Type	Color
Ultrium 7	Purple
Ultrium 7 WORM	Purple and Silvery gray
Ultrium 6	Black
Ultrium 6 WORM	Black and Silvery gray
Ultrium 5	Burgundy
Ultrium 5 WORM	Burgundy and Silvery gray
Ultrium 4	Green
Ultrium 4 WORM	Green and Silvery gray
Ultrium 3	Slate Blue
Ultrium 3 WORM	Slate Blue and Silvery gray
Ultrium 2	Purple
Ultrium 1	Black

All generations contain 1/2-inch, dual-coat, magnetic tape.

You can order tape cartridges with the bar code labels included, or you can order custom labels.

When tape is processed in the cartridges, Ultrium Tape Drives use a linear, serpentine recording format. The native data capacity and recording format of Ultrium data cartridges is as follows:

Type	Native Data Capacity	Recording Format
Ultrium 7	6000 GB (15000 GB at 2.5:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 3584 tracks, 32 tracks at a time
Ultrium 6	2500 GB (6250 GB at 2.5:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 2176 tracks, sixteen tracks at a time
Ultrium 5	1500 GB (3000 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 1280 tracks, sixteen tracks at a time
Ultrium 4	800 GB (1600 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 896 tracks, sixteen tracks at a time.
Ultrium 3	400 GB (800 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 704 tracks, sixteen tracks at a time
Ultrium 2	200 GB (400 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 512 tracks, eight tracks at a time
Ultrium 1	100 GB (200 GB at 2:1 compression)	Reads and writes data on 384 tracks, eight tracks at a time

The first set of tracks is written from near the beginning of the tape to near the end of the tape. The head then repositions to the next set of tracks for the return pass. This process continues until all tracks are written and the cartridge is full, or until all data is written.

The cartridge door (**2** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)) protects the tape from contamination when the cartridge is out of the drive. The tape is attached to a leader pin (**3** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)) behind the door. When the cartridge is inserted into the drive, a threading mechanism pulls the pin (and tape) out of the cartridge, across the drive head, and onto a non-removable take-up reel. The head can then read or write data from or to the tape.

The write-protect switch (**4** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)) prevents data from being written to the tape cartridge. For more information, see [“Write-Protect switch” on page 103.](#)

The label area (**5** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)) provides a location to place a label. .

The insertion guide (**6** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)) is a large, notched area that prevents the cartridge from being inserted incorrectly.

Type	Load/Unload Cycles
Ultrium 7	20,000 (20k)
Ultrium 6	20,000 (20k)
Ultrium 5	20,000 (20k)
Ultrium 4	20,000 (20k)
Ultrium 3	20,000 (20k)
Ultrium 2	10,000 (10k)
Ultrium 1	5000 (5k)

Cartridge compatibility

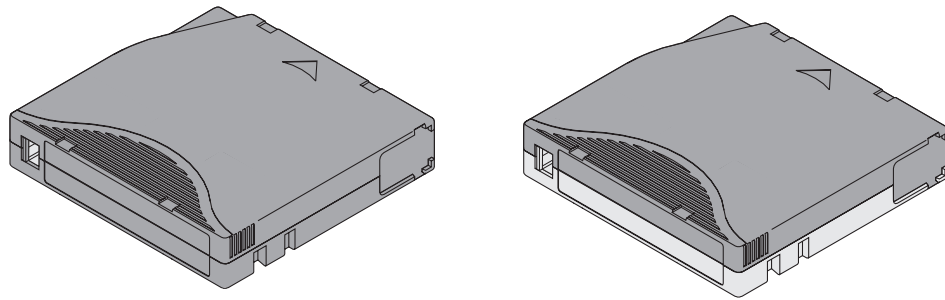
Ultrium Tape Drive	LTO Ultrium Data Cartridges						
	6000 GB Ultrium 7	2500 GB Ultrium 6	1500 GB Ultrium 5	800 GB Ultrium 4	400 GB Ultrium 3	200 GB Ultrium 2	100 GB Ultrium 1
Ultrium 7	Read/ Write	Read/ Write	Read only				
Ultrium 6		Read/ Write	Read/ Write	Read only			
Ultrium 5			Read/ Write	Read/ Write	Read only		
Ultrium 4				Read/ Write	Read/ Write	Read only	
Ultrium 3					Read/ Write	Read/ Write	Read only
Ultrium 2						Read/ Write	Read/ Write
Ultrium 1							Read/ Write

Write once, read many (WORM) cartridges

Certain Records retention and data security applications require a write once, read many (WORM) method for storing data on tape. The LTO Ultrium 7, Ultrium 6, Ultrium 5, and Ultrium 4 drives enable WORM support when a WORM tape cartridge is loaded into the drive.

WORM media

Because standard read/write media are incompatible with the WORM feature, a specially formatted WORM tape cartridge (see [Figure 108](#)) is required. Each WORM cartridge has a unique, worldwide cartridge identifier (WWCID), which consists of the unique CM chip serial number and the unique tape media serial number. Ultrium 7 WORM cartridges are two-tone purple and silver-gray.



Data security on WORM media

Certain built-in security measures help ensure that the data written on a WORM cartridge does not become compromised, for example:

- The format of an Ultrium 7, Ultrium 6, Ultrium 5, or Ultrium 4 WORM tape cartridge is unlike that of standard read/write media. This unique format prevents a drive that lacks WORM-capable firmware from writing on a WORM tape cartridge. For LTO 7, native data capacity is 6000 GB and compressed data capacity is 15000 GB.
- When the drive senses a WORM cartridge, the firmware prohibits the changing or altering of user data that are already written on the tape. The firmware tracks the last appendable point on the tape.

WORM media errors

The following conditions cause WORM media errors to occur:

- Information in the servo manufacturer's word (SMW) on the tape must match information from the cartridge memory (CM) module in the cartridge. If it does not match, a media error code 7 posts on the drive's single-character display (SCD).
- Inserting a WORM tape cartridge into a drive that is not compatible with WORM causes the cartridge to be treated as an unsupported medium. The drive reports a media error code 7. Upgrading the drive firmware to the correct code level resolves the problem.

Requirements for WORM capability

To use the WORM capability of your LTO Ultrium generation 7, 6, 5, or 4 drive, you must use a compatible WORM tape cartridge. See ["Cartridge compatibility" on page 99](#) for cartridge and VOLSER compatibility.

Cleaning cartridge

An Ultrium Universal Cleaning Cartridge is required to clean the tape drive. The drive itself determines when it must be cleaned and notifies the library. When notified, the library indicates that the drive needs cleaning by turning ON the "Clean Drive" LED on the front panel of the library and posting a message on the library display.

A tape drive within a library requires the use of a [library menu function to either automatically or manually clean the tape drive. See Chapter 4, "Operations," on page 55.](#)

Important: The drive must be cleaned only when it is requested by the drive.

The Ultrium Universal Cleaning Cartridge is valid for 50 uses. The cartridge's LTO-CM (Cartridge Memory) chip tracks the number of times that the cartridge is used.

Note: The drive automatically ejects an expired cleaning cartridge.

Bar code labels

A bar code label contains:

- A volume serial number (VOLSER) that is human-readable
- A bar code that the library can read

Note: LTO drives do not require cartridges to have bar code labels. Specific library types or models might require cartridges to have bar code labels.

When read by a library's bar code reader, the bar code identifies the cartridge's VOLSER to the library. The bar code also tells the library whether the cartridge is a data cartridge or cleaning cartridge. In addition, the bar code includes the two-character media-type identifier Lx, where x equals 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, or 7. L identifies the cartridge as an LTO cartridge and the number represents the generation of cartridge for that cartridge type. [Figure 109 on page 102](#) shows a sample bar code label for the LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge.

Tape cartridges can be ordered with the labels included or with custom labels.

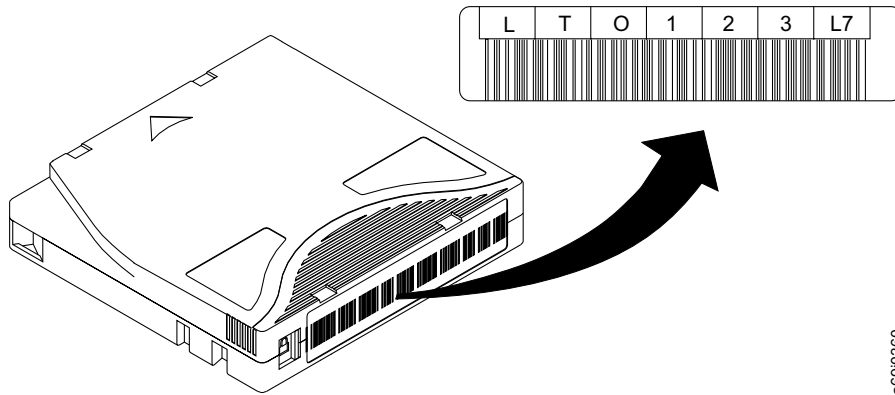
Cartridges	VOLSER
Ultrium 7 Data Cartridge	xxxxxxL7
Ultrium 7 WORM Cartridge	xxxxxxLX
Ultrium 6 Data Cartridge	xxxxxxL6
Ultrium 6 WORM Cartridge	xxxxxxLW
Ultrium 5 Data Cartridge	xxxxxxL5
Ultrium 5 WORM Cartridge	xxxxxxLV
Ultrium 4 Data Cartridge	xxxxxxL4
Ultrium 4 WORM Cartridge	xxxxxxLU
Ultrium 3 Data Cartridge	xxxxxxL3
Ultrium 3 WORM Cartridge	xxxxxxLT

Cartridges	VOLSER
Ultrium 2 Data Cartridge	xxxxxxL2
Ultrium 1 Data Cartridge (READ ONLY)	xxxxxxL1
LTO Ultrium Cleaning Cartridge	CLNxxxLx

To determine the complete specifications of the bar code and the bar code label, contact your sales representative.

When a bar code label is attached to a tape cartridge, place the label only in the recessed label area (see **5** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)). A label that extends outside of the recessed area can cause loading problems in the drive.

Attention: Do not place any type of mark on the white space at either end of the bar code. A mark in this area might prevent the library from reading the label.



a690360

code are printed on the label.

The volume serial number (LTO123) and bar

Guidelines for the use of bar code labels

Apply the following guidelines whenever using bar code labels:

- Do not reuse a label or reapply a used label over an existing label.
- Before you apply a new label, remove the old label by slowly pulling it at a right angle to the cartridge case.
- Use peel-clean labels that do not leave a residue after they are removed. If there is glue residue on the cartridge, remove it by gently rubbing it with your finger. Do not use a sharp object, water, or a chemical to clean the label area.
- Examine the label before it is applied to the cartridge. Do not use the label if it has voids or smears in the printed characters or bar code (a library's inventory operation takes much longer if the bar code label is not readable).
- Remove the label from the label sheet carefully. Do not stretch the label or cause the edges to curl.
- Position the label within the recessed label area (see **5** in [Figure 107 on page 97](#)).
- With light finger pressure, smooth the label so that no wrinkles or bubbles exist on its surface.
- Verify that the label is smooth and parallel, and has no roll-up or roll-over. The label must be flat to within 0.5 mm (0.02 in.) over the length of the label and have no folds, missing pieces, or smudges.

- Do not place other machine-readable labels on other surfaces of the cartridge. They might interfere with the ability of the drive to load the cartridge.

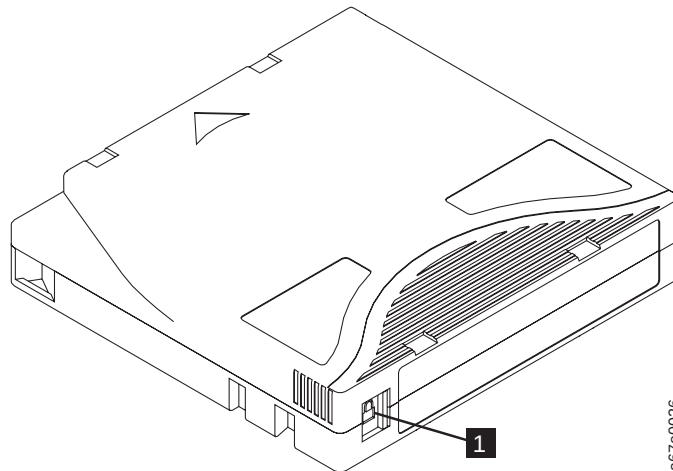
Write-Protect switch

The position of the write-protect switch on the tape cartridge (see **1**) determines whether you can write to the tape. If the switch is set to:

- The locked position  (solid red), data cannot be written to the tape.
- The unlocked position (black void), data can be written to the tape.

If possible, use your server's application software to write-protect your cartridges (rather than manually setting the write-protect switch). This application allows the server's software to identify a cartridge that no longer contains current data and is eligible to become a scratch (blank) data cartridge. Do not write-protect scratch (blank) cartridges. The tape drive cannot write new data to them.

If you must manually set the write-protect switch, slide it left or right to the desired position.



1 Write-Protect switch

Cartridge care and handling

Attention: Do not insert a damaged tape cartridge into the drive. A damaged cartridge can interfere with the reliability of a drive and might void the warranties of the drive and the cartridge. Before inserting a tape cartridge, inspect the cartridge case, cartridge door, and write-protect switch for breaks.

Incorrect handling or an incorrect environment can damage cartridges or their magnetic tape. To avoid damage to your tape cartridges and to ensure the continued high reliability of your LTO Ultrium Tape Drives, use the following guidelines:

Provide training

- Post procedures that describe proper media handling in places where people gather.
- Ensure that anyone who handles tape has been properly trained in handling and shipping procedures. This includes operators, users, programmers, archival services, and shipping personnel.
- Ensure that any service or contract personnel who perform archiving are properly trained in media-handling procedures.
- Include media-handling procedures as part of any services contract.
- Define and make personnel aware of data recovery procedures.

Ensure proper packaging

- When shipping a cartridge, use the original or better packaging.
- Always ship or store a cartridge in a jewel case.
- Use only a recommended shipping container that securely holds the cartridge in its jewel case during transportation.
- Never ship a cartridge in a commercial shipping envelope. Always place it in a box or package.
- If you ship the cartridge in a cardboard box or a box of a sturdy material, ensure the following:
 - Place the cartridge in polyethylene plastic wrap or bags to protect it from dust, moisture, and other contaminants.
 - Pack the cartridge snugly; do not allow it to move around.
 - Double-box the cartridge (place it inside a box, then place that box inside the shipping box) and add padding between the two boxes (see [Figure 111](#)).



Provide proper acclimation and environmental conditions

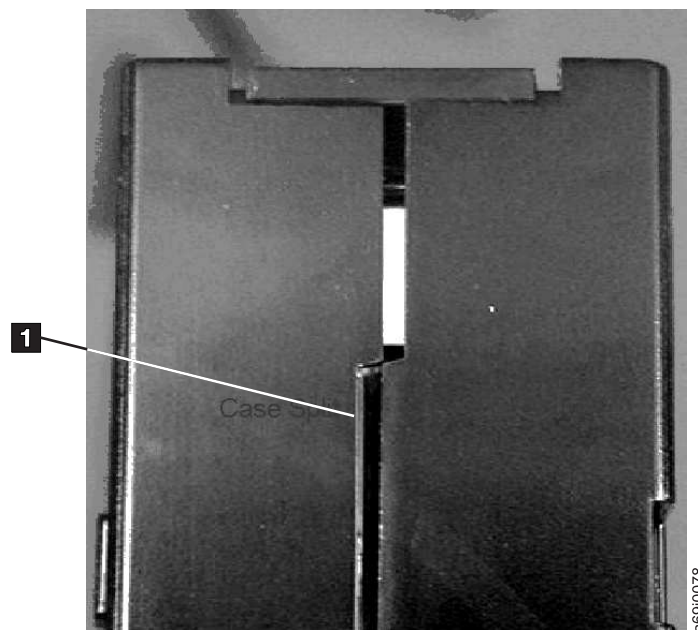
- Before you use a tape cartridge, acclimate it to the operating environment for 24 hours or the time necessary to prevent condensation in the drive (the time will vary, depending on the environmental extremes to which the cartridge was exposed).
- Ensure that all surfaces of a cartridge are dry before inserting it.
- Do not expose the cartridge to moisture or direct sunlight.

- Do not expose recorded or blank cartridges to stray magnetic fields of greater than 100 oersteds (for example, terminals, motors, video equipment, X-ray equipment, or fields that exist near high-current cables or power supplies). Such exposure can cause the loss of recorded data or make the blank cartridge unusable.
- Maintain the conditions that are described in ["Environmental and shipping specifications for tape cartridges"](#) on page 106.

Perform a thorough inspection

After you purchase a cartridge and before you use it, complete the following steps:

- Inspect the cartridge's packaging to determine potential rough handling.
- When a cartridge is inspected, open only the cartridge door. Do not open any other part of the cartridge case. The upper and lower parts of the case are held together with screws. Separating them destroys the usefulness of the cartridge.
- Inspect the cartridge for damage before you use or store it.
- Inspect the rear of the cartridge (the part that loads first into the tape load compartment) and ensure that there are no gaps in the seam of the cartridge case. If there are gaps in the seam (see [Figure 112](#)), the leader pin might be dislodged.



- Check that the leader pin is properly seated.
- If you suspect that the cartridge was mishandled but it appears usable, copy any data onto a good cartridge immediately for possible data recovery. Discard the mishandled cartridge.
- Review handling and shipping procedures.

Handle the cartridge carefully

- Do not drop the cartridge. If the cartridge drops, slide the cartridge door back and ensure that the leader pin is properly seated in the pin-retaining spring clips.

- Do not handle tape that is outside the cartridge. Handling the tape can damage the tape's surface or edges, which might interfere with read or write reliability. Pulling on tape that is outside the cartridge can damage the tape and the brake mechanism in the cartridge.
- Do not stack more than six cartridges.
- Do not degauss a cartridge that you intend to reuse. Degaussing makes the tape unusable.

Examples of cartridge problems

Example: Split Cartridge Case (see ["Perform a thorough inspection" on page 105](#))

The cartridge's case is damaged. There is a high possibility of media damage and potential loss. Perform the following steps:

1. Look for cartridge mishandling.
2. Use the Leader Pin Reattachment Kit (part number 08L9129) to correctly seat the pin. Then, immediately use data recovery procedures to minimize chances of data loss.
3. Review media-handling procedures.

Example: Improper Placement of Leader Pin

1. Look for cartridge damage.
2. Use the Leader Pin Reattachment Kit (part number 08L9129) to correctly seat the pin. Then, immediately use data recovery procedures to minimize chances of data loss.

Environmental and shipping specifications for tape cartridges

Before you use a tape cartridge, acclimate it to the operating environment for 24 hours or the time necessary to prevent condensation in the drive (the time varies, depending on the environmental extremes to which the cartridge was exposed).

The best storage container for the cartridges (until they are opened) is the original shipping container. The plastic wrapping prevents dirt from accumulating on the cartridges and partially protects them from humidity changes.

When you ship a cartridge, place it in its jewel case or in a sealed, moisture-proof bag to protect it from moisture, contaminants, and physical damage. Ship the cartridge in a shipping container that has enough packing material to cushion the cartridge and prevent it from moving within the container.

[Table 20](#) gives the environment for operating, storing, and shipping LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridges.

Environmental Factor	Environmental Specifications			
	Operating	Operational Storage ¹	Archival Storage ²	Shipping
Temperature	10 - 45°C (50 - 113°F)	16 - 32°C (61 - 90°F)	16 - 25°C (61 - 77°F)	-23 to 49°C (-9 to 120°F)
Relative humidity (non-condensing)	10 - 80%	20 - 80%	20 - 50%	5 - 80%
Maximum wet bulb temperature	26°C(79°F)	26°C(79°F)	26°C(79°F)	26°C(79°F)

	Environmental Specifications			
Environmental Factor	Operating	Operational Storage¹	Archival Storage²	Shipping
Note: 1. The short term or operational storage environment is for storage durations of up to six months. 2. The long term or archival storage environment is for durations of six months up to 10 years.				

Chapter 6. Troubleshooting

["How the library reports problems"](#)

["Library error message content" on page 110](#)

["Diagnosing a problem" on page 111](#)

["Isolating problems" on page 114](#)

["Installation and configuration problems" on page 116](#)

["Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116](#)

["Reseating cables" on page 118](#)

["Emailing logs" on page 118](#)

The TL1000 Tape Autoloader is a customer replaceable unit (CRU). The customer is responsible for the setup and maintenance of the library. Warranty replacement of the TL1000 Tape Autoloader, if required, is provided by exchanging the old unit with a new unit. The customer is charged for onsite service if a service contract is not in place.

When an error occurs during operation of the library, the library stops the current operation and displays an error code on the Operator Panel. Unless otherwise noted, try to resolve the problem by cycling power to the library and retrying the last operation.

Note: When power cycling the library, wait 10 seconds after the power is switched OFF before the library is powered ON again.

Before you place a service call or inform Dell Technical Support, observe the LEDs on the front panel and error messages on the Operator Panel to determine exactly which part is failing. See ["Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116](#). If the LEDs on all components are functioning properly, see ["Diagnosing a problem" on page 111](#).

How the library reports problems

The library uses advanced problem detection, reporting, and notification technology to alert customers of problems as soon as they occur. It completes numerous self-tests to monitor the library's temperature, voltage and currents, and standard library operations. These tests monitor the library when the library is powered ON, and during normal operation when the library is idle.

If the test detects a problem, the library generates a message that identifies which component is likely causing the problem. The library's Error LED and Attention LED might turn ON to indicate an abnormal state. If the problem is not severe, the Attention LED turns ON and the library continues to provide full functionality to the library. If the problem is not recoverable, the Error LED turns ON and an error message is displayed on the Operator Panel.

When the library generates an attention event or an error event, support staff can be notified immediately by setting up email event notification or SNMP trap

notification. The type of event that generates email notification or SNMP trap notification can be selected to limit the number of events to a specific priority level.

Customers can frequently resolve a simple problem themselves by with the information found in [“Diagnosing a problem” on page 111](#). If the problem is unrecoverable, the customer must contact Dell Technical Support (see [“Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119](#)).

Library error message content

When a library event occurs, the event is logged in to flash memory on the Library Control Board.

The library error log is viewed on the Operator Panel by selecting **Service > View Error Status**. The log lists all of the library error messages in the order in which they occurred, starting with the most recent at the top.

The Web User Interface can display a log history summary of information, warning, and error events that occurred by selecting **Service Library > Operator Interventions**. The summary can be filtered to display the operator intervention log for a specific hardware component and specific event levels. The log is stored in memory on the Library Control Board. When the memory buffer is full, new events overwrite the oldest events. The log is not cleared from memory when power is turned OFF. The information that is displayed in the **Detail** panel for the selected operator intervention event consists of:

- Index number of the event
- Date the event occurred
- Time the event occurred
- Unit in the library where the event occurred
- Event level
- Description of the event

The Web User Interface can also display a log history summary of errors that occurred by selecting **Service Library > View Library Logs**. The error log is displayed with sense data information. The summary can be filtered to display errors with specific sense data code types. The information that is displayed in the **Detail** panel for the selected error consists of:

- Index number of the error
- Date and time the error occurred
- Error code
- Description of the error

Diagnosing a problem

Problem Area	If...	Then...
Cartridge	A cartridge is not ejecting from the drive...	1. Try unloading the drive (Operator Panel: Commands > Unload). 2. Power cycle the library. 3. If the cartridge does not eject from the drive, see “Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.
	The cartridge case or tape inside the cartridge is damaged...	Replace the tape cartridge.
	Your cleaning cartridge expires...	Replace the cleaning cartridge.
	A bar code label cannot be read by the bar code reader...	1. Export the suspect cartridge from the library. 2. Confirm that the bar code label is not damaged or missing. Replace the bar code label, if necessary. 3. Import the cartridge back into the library. 4. Inventory the library. a. If no errors are reported, resume normal library operations. b. If an error is reported, see “Error codes” on page 123.
Cartridge Magazine	The magazine will not unlock after issuing the Unlock Magazine command from the Operator Panel...	1. Power cycle the library. 2. Try unlocking the magazine again (Operator Panel: Unlock Magazine or Web user Interface: Manage Library > Unlock Magazine). a. If the magazine does not unlock, see “Unlocking the cartridge magazine manually” on page 121. b. If the magazine does unlock, resume normal library operations.
	The magazine can be partially removed from the library... The magazine seems stuck on something inside the library...	1. Verify that you requested the library to unlock the entire magazine, not just the I/O station (if enabled) then retry the operation. 2. Carefully pull the magazine out of the library. Stop if you feel any resistance (as if something is blocking the magazine inside the library). 3. If the magazine still cannot be removed from the library, see “Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.

Problem Area	If...	Then...
Communication Functions	You are experiencing difficulty with exercising some library functions (for example, updating firmware or logging in to the library remotely)...	1. If you have a recent backup of your configuration, proceed to the next step. If you do not, try to save one now (Web User Interface: Configure Library > Save/Restore). 2. If a static IP address is used, make note of your library's IP address. With DHCP, proceed to the next step. 3. Restore factory defaults (Operator Panel: Configuration > Set Default). 4. With a static IP address, disable DHCP (the default setting) and enter the library IP address (Web User Interface: Configure Library > Network; Operator Panel: Configuration > Configure Network Settings). With DHCP, proceed to the next step. 5. Restore the library configuration (Web User Interface: Configure Library > Save/Restore).
Encryption	Encryption error displayed when the drive detects an error associated with an encryption operation, if the problem occurred while the tape drive was writing data to, or reading data from, tape...	1. Check the host application to ensure that the host application is providing the correct encryption key. a. Refer to the Sense Data that are returned for an encryption operation. b. Retry the encryption operation after the host application problems are resolved. 2. Reset the drive. a. Refer to the error code displayed on the Operator Panel if the drive resets and POST fails. b. Retry the encryption operation if the drive resets and POST complete without errors. 3. Ensure that the correct media is being used. Data encryption is supported by LTO Ultrium 7, 6, 5, and 4 Data Cartridges only.
	Encryption-related error is posted...	Check the host application's error logs, device driver logs, tape library error logs, and tape drive error logs for entries that are related to encryption.

Problem Area	If...	Then...
Error Codes or TapeAlert Flags	The library issued an error code...	1. Make note of the error code. 2. Power cycle the library. a. If the error recurs, see "Error codes" on page 123. b. If the error does not recur, resume normal library operations.
	An error message was received by way of email notification (if enabled)...	
	A TapeAlert flag was received...	1. Make note of the TapeAlert flag. 2. Power cycle the library. a. If the TapeAlert recurs, see "TapeAlert flags" on page 137. b. If the TapeAlert does not recur, resume normal library operations.
	The error code represents an unrecoverable error...	See "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
	You get repeated errors...	1. Reset the library. 2. If the library is still reporting errors, power cycle the library. If no errors are reported, resume normal library operations. 3. If the library still fails, reset factory defaults. If no errors are reported, resume normal library operations. 4. If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
	You are experiencing a problem with your library and no error code was created...	1. Run Library Verify to identify and resolve the problem. See "Running library verify diagnostic procedures" on page 67. 2. If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
Firmware	The Library firmware does not complete the boot-up process and appears hung...	Failure of the login screen to display on the Operator Panel in 15 minutes indicates that the boot-up process is not completing. 1. Power OFF the library and wait at least 1 minute before the library is powered ON to recover from the problem. 2. If a library firmware update was completed, try repeating the update procedure.
	All firmware (library and drive) is not at the latest level...	See "Updating library and drive firmware" on page 93.
Front Panel LEDs	One or more front panel LEDs is ON or blinking...	See "Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116.
Host Attachment Interface	You are experiencing host attachment interface problems...	See "Isolating host attachment interface problems" on page 115.
Installation and Configuration	You are experiencing trouble installing or configuring your library...	See "Installation and configuration problems" on page 116.
ITDT-SE	The Performance Test duration varies...	Items affecting the duration of the test: • The level of adapter device driver • Your adapter model and type

Problem Area	If...	Then...
Library Not Booting	There is a blank operator panel/display... The accessor does not move... The display is stuck on initialization for extended period of time...	Failure of the login screen to display on the Operator Panel in 15 minutes indicates that the boot-up process is not completing. 1. Power OFF the library and wait at least 1 minute before the library is powered ON to recover from the problem. 2. If a library firmware update was completed, try repeating the update procedure.
Logs	You are required to download the library log or drive log...	Using the Web User Interface. • Library log: Service Library > Download Library Logs • Drive log: Service Library > Download Drive Logs
Network Time Protocol (NTP)	The library time is not being updated by the NTP server...	Using the Web User Interface. 1. Disable NTP. 2. Set the time manually. 3. Enable NTP.
Power	If the power supply switch is ON and the library is OFF...	See "Isolating library power problems."
Web User Interface	HTML error 404 appears on computer screen when trying to launch the Web User Interface...	See "Isolating Web User Interface problems" on page 115.

Isolating problems

Isolating library power problems

1. Ensure that the power cord is plugged in at the power supply and at the electrical outlet, then turn library power ON. Feel for air that is flowing out of the cooling fan grill on the rear of the library. Power is good if air is flowing from the cooling fan grill.
2. If power is not working:
 - a. Plug the power cord into another electrical outlet.
 - b. Plug another device into the outlet to test.
 - c. If the outlet tests OK, try another power cord.
3. If you verified that the electrical outlet and power cord works properly, but the power supply is still failing, replace the library.
4. If the power supply seems to be delivering power to the library; but air does not flow from the power-supply cooling fan grill on the rear of the library, replace the library.

Isolating drive problems

1. Ensure that the drive firmware is at the latest level (visit www.Dell.com/support).
2. Cycle library power.
3. If the drive is experiencing permanent or temporary errors or if the Clean LED is lit on the front panel of the library, clean the drive.
4. Run **Library Verify**.
 - a. If the test fails, replace the library.
5. With the host interface test tool, ITDT-SE, run the Scan functions to verify that the host application interface can detect the drive and the library. To further

test the interface communication path, run the Test Device function, if available, after the drive is selected. This function writes and reads data across the interface, also sending a command to the drive to run the internal performance read/write test.

6. If the host tool, ITDT-SE, cannot detect the drive or library, look for problems with the host interface cabling, the HBA, the device driver, or the backup application software.

Isolating Web User Interface problems

1. Verify that you entered the account name and password correctly. The account name and password are case-sensitive.
2. Verify that other library users are not entering commands from the Web User Interface or Operator Panel at the same time you are issuing commands.
3. Ensure that library firmware is at the latest level (visit www.Dell.com/support).
4. Ensure that the Ethernet cable is securely plugged in the rear of the library at the Ethernet port.
5. Ensure that the correct IP, netmask, and gateway addresses are keyed into the network parameters.
6. Ensure that the correct IP address is being used on the web browser.
7. If the Ethernet connection is a direct connection between the PC and the library, a special "crossover" Ethernet cable is required.

Note: On newer PCs, either straight through or crossover Ethernet cables might be used since the crossover requirement is provided internally.

8. Check the Ethernet cable carefully (or try another cable) and, if the cable is connected to a network hub or switch, try a different port.
9. If the Web User Interface is still malfunctioning, refer to ["Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119](#).

Isolating host attachment interface problems

After successfully exercising ["Isolating drive problems" on page 114](#), and more specifically ["Running library verify diagnostic procedures" on page 67](#) from the Operator Panel (**Service > Library Verify**), the following procedures are suggested to help isolate the failure to properly establish connectivity to the Host Bus adapter (HBA).

1. Use the ITDT-SE utility to evaluate connectivity from the HBA through the cabling to the drive. ITDT-SE does not require separate device drivers, thus the Operating System can scan, and find all the LTO devices that are attached.
 - a. If ITDT-SE cannot successfully locate the LTO drive, suspect cabling or HBA problems, and skip to Step 4.
 - b. If ITDT-SE successfully located the LTO drive, proceed to Step 3. See ["ITDT-SE" on page 119](#) for a brief description of ITDT-SE and instructions on how to download the tool from the web.
2. If ITDT-SE successfully locates the LTO devices, verify that the correct application device drivers and backup application software is properly installed.
3. Ensure that all the required or latest available Operating System files or updates (DLLs, PTFs) are installed and applied.

Installation and configuration problems

Problems that are encountered during the installation of the library are caused by improper application software configuration errors or an incorrectly configured operating system. If the application software that you are using is not communicating with the library after installation, check:

- **Accessor locking screw:** Ensure that the accessor locking screw on the rear panel of the library is removed before the library is powered ON. See [“Removing the accessor locking screw” on page 27.](#)
- **HBA LUN 0/1 support:** A single ID addresses both drive and library since the drive is LUN 0 and the library is LUN 1. These models require an HBA that supports LUN scanning, which must be enabled at the HBA. See [“Logical Unit Number \(LUN\) scanning” on page 9.](#)
- **Cable connections:** Ensure that there are no bent pins on cables and that all connections are securely fastened.
- **SAS cables and interposers:** Ensure that SAS cables and interposers (if any) are properly attached. See [“Connecting the Host Interface cables” on page 28.](#)
- **Backup application installation:** Refer to the documentation included with your backup application software for instructions on how to verify installation.
- **Device driver installation:** Ensure that the correct device driver, if applicable, is installed for the library.

Note: Many backup applications use their own drivers for the library and drive. Before a driver is installed, make sure that it is not in conflict with the software. Contact your backup application vendor for this information.

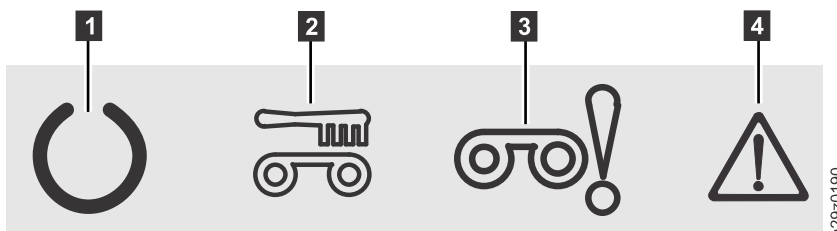
Review the information in [Chapter 3, “Installation and configuration,” on page 21](#) to determine whether a step was missed or misread.

If you are still experiencing difficulty with installing or configuring your library, see [“Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.](#)

Important: Do not disassemble the library. The warranty on your library is voided if the unit is disassembled without the approval of Dell Technical Support.

Interpreting front panel LEDs

Light emitting diodes (LEDs) on the front panel of the library provide a visual indication about the status of certain library components. The LEDs can communicate that a problem exists when operator interventions cannot.



1 Ready/Activity LED

3 Attention LED

Library Condition	Ready/Activity LED	Cleaning LED	Attention LED	Error LED	Message on Display
POST (Power ON Self Test)	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	INITIALIZING... INVENTORY...
Magazine open	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	PLEASE INSERT MAGAZINE
Magazine unlocked	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	MAGAZINE UNLOCKED
I/O Station open	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	PLEASE CLOSE I/O STATION
I/O Station unlocked	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	I/O STATION UNLOCKED
Library firmware is being updated	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	LOADER FIRMWARE UPDATING!
Drive firmware is being updated	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	DRIVE FIRMWARE UPDATING!
Drive dump is being uploaded to host computer	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	DRIVE DUMP DATA UPLOADING!
Library is offline	Flashes 2 times per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	OFFLINE
Cartridge is being moved	Flashes 1 time per second	OFF	OFF	OFF	READY
Library error occurred	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	*** CHK *** CODE: [XXXX]
Drive error occurred	ON	OFF	OFF	ON	DRIVE FAULT CODE: [X]
Cartridge error occurred	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	MEDIA FAULT CODE: [X]
Cleaning cartridge expired	ON	OFF	ON	OFF	REPLACE CLEANING MEDIA
Drive requested cleaning	ON	ON	OFF	OFF	CLEAN DRIVE
Drive is being cleaned	ON	Flashes 1 time per second	OFF	OFF	CLEANING...
Library is online and ready to receive a command	ON	OFF	OFF	OFF	READY

Reseating cables

To reseal external library cables, complete the following steps:

1. Locate the following cables on the rear panel of the library.
 - a. SAS attachment for the drive
 - b. Ethernet cable for connection to a network
 - c. Power supply cable
2. Check and reseal, if necessary, all of the cables that are connected to your library.
3. Verify that there is no damage to any connector pins.

Emailing logs

Logs provide a summary of the status, warnings, and errors in the library, and include configuration settings and information that is provided in Operator Interventions.

Download current logs of the library and drive when requested by your service representative. To email current logs:

1. Ensure that no applications are accessing the library. If a library operation is in progress, wait until it finishes before attempting to generate the logs.
2. Download the current library log from the Web User Interface by selecting **Service Library > Download Library Logs**, click **Refresh**, and click **Download**.
3. Download the current drive log from the Web User Interface by selecting **Service Library > Download Drive Logs**, click **Refresh**, and click **Download**.
4. When requested by Dell, attach the log to an email message and send it to Dell technical support for further diagnosis.

Chapter 7. Service procedures

["ITDT-SE"](#)

["Contacting Dell technical support"](#)

ITDT-SE

ITDT-SE is a tool with multifunction capability and is a quick, convenient, and efficient method for drive firmware updates. It can also assist with drive dump retrievals. Start it by entering the executable command from the directory where the tool is located.

Some of the capabilities of this tool:

- Runs quick or extended diagnostic procedures on tape drives. If the library is online to the server/host where the tool is, ITDT-SE communicates with the drive through the library to load and unload a test cartridge.
- Retrieves firmware memory dumps from tape drives and libraries.
- Completes a firmware update on tape drives or libraries. See the note about library firmware updates.
- Tests the performance of the environment by completely writing a cartridge and measuring performance.
- Retrieves and displays cartridge information.
- Verifies the encryption environment.
- Does not require special device drivers.
- Is available for most major platforms. Scans the host interface and finds and displays for selection all LTO devices.

Note: Be sure that you have the most current version of ITDT-SE if you are updating firmware on a recent drive type. Before ITDT-SE is used, verify that your library host operating system is at the latest released level. This verification ensures optimum read/write operations for diagnostic procedures.

Note: If the library has a BCR (Barcode Reader) that requires 9.00 or greater firmware, the Update function stops with an error code of "Unexpected Data" if you attempt to downgrade the library firmware.

To download the ITDT-SE tool and instructions for using the tool, visit www.Dell.com/support.

Contacting Dell technical support

For customers in the United States, call 800-WWW-DELL (800-999-3355).

Note: If you do not have an active Internet connection, you can find contact information about your purchase invoice, packing slip, bill, or Dell product catalog.

Dell provides online and telephone-based support and service options. Service availability varies by country and product, and some services might not be

available in your area. To contact Dell for sales, technical support, or customer service issues follow the steps that are listed:

1. Visit www.Dell.com/support.
2. Verify your country or region in the **Choose A Country/Region** menu at the bottom of the page.
3. Click **Contact Us** on the left side of the page.
4. Select the appropriate service or support link that is based on your need.
5. Choose the method of contacting Dell that is convenient for you.

Chapter 8. Removal and replacement procedures

["Required tools"](#)

["Replacing a defective cartridge magazine"](#)

["Unlocking the cartridge magazine manually"](#)

Required tools

Installing or relocating the rack mount kit or deskside kit for your library requires the following tool:

- #2 Phillips screwdriver
-

Replacing a defective cartridge magazine

After your replacement cartridge magazine is received, complete the following steps to replace the defective cartridge magazine. The library does not need to be powered OFF for this procedure.

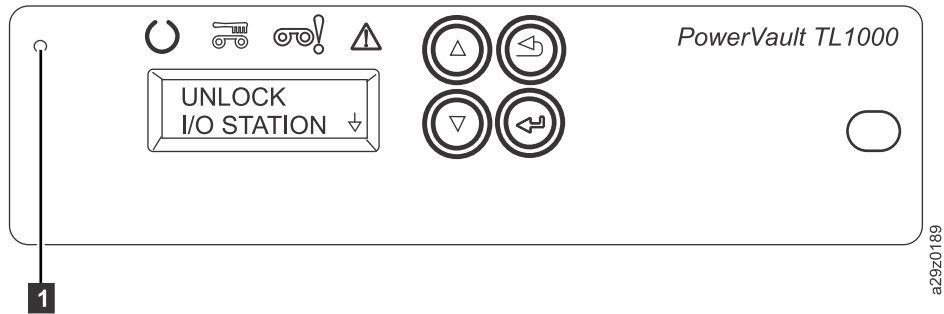
1. Remove the defective cartridge magazine from the library with the Operator Panel, the Web User Interface, or the manual method of removal.
 - Operator Panel: Use the **Unlock Magazine** command. See ["Unlocking the cartridge magazine" on page 59.](#)
 - Web UI: **Manage Library > Unlock Magazine**. See ["Unlocking the cartridge magazine" on page 75.](#)
 - Manual method: See ["Unlocking the cartridge magazine manually."](#)
 2. After the defective magazine is removed from the library, remove all cartridges from the defective magazine and insert them into the replacement magazine.
 3. Insert the new magazine with cartridges into the library. Wait for the library to complete its inventory before normal library operations resume.
 4. Properly dispose of the defective magazine.
-

Unlocking the cartridge magazine manually

This procedure is used to remove the cartridge magazine manually when, for example, the power is turned OFF or if the magazine fails to unlock in response to the **Unlock Magazine** command from the Operator Panel and Web User Interface.

To unlock the cartridge magazine manually:

1. On the front panel, locate the access hole for the cartridge magazine lock release mechanism to the left of the Operator Panel (**1** in [Figure 114 on page 122](#)).



2. Insert the end of a straightened paper clip, or similar object, into the lock release access hole. Gently push the lock mechanism to release the lock and eject the cartridge magazine.
3. If the I/O station is enabled, push the lock mechanism twice or push and hold the lock mechanism until the cartridge is withdrawn far enough to clear the I/O station lock.
4. Remove the cartridge magazine from the front of the library. If the magazine is stuck in the library and does not eject, see ["Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119](#)
5. Examine the magazine and cartridges for damage.
 - If there is damage to a cartridge, replace that cartridge.
 - If there is damage to the magazine, replace the magazine.

Error codes

["Library error codes"](#)

["Drive error codes" on page 133](#)

["Web User Interface error messages" on page 133](#)

["Trap definitions \(types\)" on page 136](#)

When an error occurs during operation of the library, the library stops the current operation and displays an error code on the Operator Panel. Unless otherwise noted, try to resolve the problem by cycling power to the library and retrying the last operation.

Note: When power cycling the library, wait 10 seconds after the power is switched OFF before powering ON again.

Library error codes

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
0000	No valid error code information.	-	
0001	At power-on initialization, a firmware error was detected.	All 4 LEDs ON	1. Upgrade/reinstall firmware and try again. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again.
0002	At power-on initialization, a RAM (base area) error was detected.	Ready/Activity LED ON and Error LED ON	If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume.
0003	At power-on initialization, a RAM (buffer area) error was detected.	CHK 0003	If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0008	A usable drive could not be detected.	CHK 0008	1. Observe LEDs. See "Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116. 2. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. 3. Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0009	The accessor locking screw has not been removed.	CHK 0009	1. Remove the accessor locking screws. See "Removing the accessor locking screw" on page 27. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
0010	Information acquisition from the DHCP server failed.	-	1. Observe LEDs. See "Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116. 2. Confirm the DHCP server settings. 3. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. 4. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0011	Time acquisition from the NTP server failed.	-	1. Observe LEDs. See "Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116. 2. Confirm the time server settings. 3. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. 4. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0020	LDI I/F error. Transmit data abnormality detected (NAK reception).	-	1. Observe LEDs. See "Interpreting front panel LEDs" on page 116. 2. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118.
0021	LDI I/F error. Receive timeout detected (ACK/NAK reception).	-	3. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume.
0022	LDI I/F error. Response packet reception timeout detected.	-	• If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0023	LDI I/F error. ENQ receive timeout detected.	-	
0024	LDI I/F error. Receive data abnormality detected.	-	
0029	LDI command ends abnormally.	-	1. Confirm the Encryption Key Manager settings. 2. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118.
002A	Commands to the Encryption Key Manager over the retry limit.	-	3. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
002B	Commands to the encryption capable drive over the retry limit.	-	1. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
002C	LDI I/F error. ACK IU event timeout detected.	-	Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
002D	LDI I/F error. Response IU event timeout detected.	-	
002E	LDI I/F error. Transfer Ready IU event timeout detected.	-	
002F	LDI I/F error. Undefined error detected.	-	
0040	A drive media error detected upon insertion.	CHK 0040	1. Verify that the cartridge is compatible with the drive in your library. See "Cartridge compatibility" on page 99. 2. Verify that the cartridge is not write-protected. See "Write-Protect switch" on page 103. 3. If it is a cleaning cartridge, verify that the cartridge is not expired. See "Cleaning cartridge" on page 101. 4. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0041	A hardware error detected upon media insertion	CHK 0041	
0042	A drive load timeout error detected upon insertion.	CHK 0042	Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0048	Incompatible medium installed.	CHK 0048	Verify that the cartridge is compatible with the drive installed in the library. See "Cartridge compatibility" on page 99. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
0053	Response acknowledge error received from bar code reader. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 0053	1. Initiate an inventory. See "Conducting a library inventory" on page 60 (Operator Panel) or "Conducting a library inventory" on page 75 (Web User Interface). 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0056	Receive data checksum error received from bar code reader. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 0056	
0057	Invalid data received from bar code reader. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 0057	
0058	A bar code reader read-error detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 0058	
0059	A bar code reader FLASH control error detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 0059	
005A	A bar code reader diagnostics error detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 005A	
005B	I ² C I/F error. A transfer retry detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 005B	
005C	I ² C I/F error. Interrupt timeout detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 005C	
005D	I ² C I/F error. Invalid signal (NAK) detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 005D	
005E	I ² C I/F error. Bus arbitration lost error detected. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 005E	
005F	I ² C I/F error. Ready condition does not occur. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 005F	
0070	Calibration failed because the accessor contains media. Suspect the centering sensor.	CHK 0070	1. Attempt to unload the cartridge from the accessor. See "Moving cartridges" on page 59 (Operator Panel) or "Moving cartridges" on page 73 (Web User Interface). 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
0071	Calibration failed due to an empty magazine. Suspect the magazine set sensor.	CHK 0071	Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0072	Calibration measurement invalid data error. Suspect the centering sensor, X motor, or P motor.	CHK 0072	
0074	GET, centering check, or bar code reader read operation failed because the accessor contains media. Suspect the centering sensor.	CHK 0074	
0075	PUT operation failed because the accessor contains no media. Suspect the centering sensor.	CHK 0075	
007C	Drive does not enter EJECT state (and media not ejected) within 200 seconds of a GET command. Suspect the drive.	CHK 007C	- If the cartridge does not eject, try to unload the cartridge from the drive with the Operator Panel (Commands > Unload) or the Web User Interface (Manage Library > Unload). Move the cartridge from the drive to the I/O Station. Remove the cartridge from the library and inspect for damage and replace, if necessary. - Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
007D	Drive does not enter MOUNT state within 200 seconds of a PUT command. Suspect the drive or X motor.	CHK 007D	Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
007E	Drive does not enter SET state within 3 seconds of a PUT command. Suspect the drive or X motor.	CHK 007E	
007F	Drive I/F or connection error occurs during a PUT operation or GET operation. Suspect the drive.	CHK 007F	- Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. - Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
0080	X movement error #1. During X movement, the target stop position's origin sensor error detected. Suspect the X origin sensor or X motor.	CHK 0080	1. Check the accessor locking screw and remove it if it is installed. See "Removing the accessor locking screw" on page 27. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0081	X movement error #2. During X movement, a motor sync error detected. Suspect the X encoder sensor or X motor.	CHK 0081	
0082	X movement error #3. During initialization, a motor sync error detected. Suspect the X encoder sensor or X motor.	CHK 0082	
0083	During an eject operation or move operation (to a storage position), the X origin sensor could not be detected. Suspect the X origin sensor or X motor.	CHK 0083	
0084	During initialization, the X origin position could not be detected. Suspect the X origin sensor or X motor.	CHK 0084	
0088	X calibration error #1. During X calibration, centering sensor OFF condition could not be detected.	CHK 0088	
0089	X calibration error #2. During X calibration, centering sensor ON condition could not be detected.	CHK 0089	
008F	During X operation, the cartridge magazine was removed. Suspect the magazine set sensor.	CHK 008F	1. Confirm that the magazine is closed. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00B0	Failed to detect media in the accessor at completion of GET operation. Suspect the centering sensor, X motor, or P motor.	CHK 00B0	1. Confirm the media is compatible. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
00B1	No media is contained in the specified cell (Cell Empty). Suspect the centering sensor, X motor, or P motor.	CHK 00B1	Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00B2	Media detected in the accessor at completion of centering check operation. Suspect the centering sensor.	CHK 00B2	- If the cartridge remains in the accessor, try to move the cartridge from the accessor to the I/O Station with the Operator Panel or Web User Interface. Remove the cartridge from the library and inspect for damage and replace, if necessary. - Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00B3	Media detected in the accessor at completion of PUT operation. Suspect the centering sensor.	CHK 00B3	
00B8	accessor error #1. Reverse REV position (PP1) error (accessor origin not detected or FWD position detected). Suspect the P origin sensor, FWD sensor, or P motor.	CHK 00B8	
00B9	accessor error #2. Forward FWD position (PP2) error (accessor origin detected or FWD not detected). Suspect the P origin sensor, FWD sensor, or P motor.	CHK 00B9	- Check the accessor locking screw and remove it if it is installed. See "Removing the accessor locking screw" on page 27. - Cycle the power supply and try again. - If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. - If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00BA	accessor error #3. PUT/GET/bar code reader position (PP4/PP5/PPBF/PPBR) error (accessor origin or FWD detected, or cell full). Suspect the P origin sensor, FWD sensor, or P motor.	CHK 00BA	
00BC	During initialization, the accessor origin could not be detected. Suspect the P origin sensor, FWD sensor, or P motor.	CHK 00BC	
00BD	During accessor movement, the movement stop condition detected. Suspect the P encoder sensor or P motor.	CHK 00BD	
00BF	No gap condition detected at the completion of accessor operation. Suspect the centering sensor, P origin sensor, FWD sensor, or P motor.	CHK 00BF	

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
00C0	accessor operation disabled because a cartridge magazine was removed. Suspect the magazine set sensor.	CHK 00C0	1. Confirm that the magazine is closed. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00C8	Centering calibration error #1. During centering calibration, centering sensor OFF condition could not be detected. Suspect the centering sensor or P motor.	CHK 00C8	1. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00C9	Centering calibration error #2. During centering calibration, centering sensor ON condition could not be detected. Suspect the centering sensor, X motor, or P motor.	CHK 00C9	
00D0	Checksum error detected during firmware update.	CHK 00D0	1. Confirm the firmware file version. 2. Reinstall the firmware file. 3. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00D1	Firmware ID error detected during firmware update.	CHK 00D1	
00D2	Boot information error detected during firmware update.	CHK 00D2	
00D3	Bar code reader is not in maintenance mode during bar code reader firmware update (operation interrupted). Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 00D3	1. Initiate an inventory. See "Conducting a library inventory" on page 60 (Operator Panel) or "Conducting a library inventory" on page 75 (Web User Interface). 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00D9	Magazine failed to unlock. Suspect the magazine or magazine sensor.	CHK 00D9	1. Cycle the power supply and try again. 2. Manually unlock the magazine, remove the magazine from the library, and inspect it for damage. • If not damaged, return it to the library and run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If damaged, replace the magazine.
00DA	I/O Station failed to unlock. Suspect the magazine or magazine sensor.	CHK 00DA	

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
00DD	An error detected during bar code reader firmware check. Suspect the bar code reader cable connection.	CHK 00DD	1. Initiate an inventory. See "Conducting a library inventory" on page 60 (Operator Panel) or "Conducting a library inventory" on page 75 (Web User Interface). 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00E0	Write operation not finished within 1 ms when writing data to flash memory.	CHK 00E0	Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
00E1	Clear operation not finished within 10 seconds when clearing a sector in flash memory.	CHK 00E1	
00E2	Error detected in tape library configuration stored in flash memory.	CHK 00E2	
00E3	Checksum error detected in flash memory.	CHK 00E3	
00F0	Sensor error #1. Accessor encoder sensor B error detected during blink check. Suspect the accessor encoder sensor B.	CHK 00F0	

Code (H)	Description	Panel Indication	Action Required
00F1	Sensor error #2. Accessor encoder sensor A error detected during blink check. Suspect the accessor encoder sensor A.	CHK 00F1	Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the problem persists, see “Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.
00F2	Sensor error #3. X encoder sensor error detected during blink check. Suspect the X encoder sensor.	CHK 00F2	
00F3	Sensor error #4. Magazine sensor error detected during blink check. Suspect the magazine sensor.	CHK 00F3	
00F8	Sensor error #5. X origin sensor error detected during blink check. Suspect the X origin sensor.	CHK 00F8	
00F9	Sensor error #6. Cartridge sensor error detected during blink check. Suspect the cartridge sensor.	CHK 00F9	
00FA	Sensor error #7. accessor forward sensor error detected during blink check. Suspect the accessor forward sensor.	CHK 00FA	
00FB	Sensor error #8. accessor origin sensor error detected during blink check. Suspect the accessor origin sensor.	CHK 00FB	

Drive error codes

Code (H)	Description	Panel indication	Action Required
0200	Invalid data sent to drive. NAK detected.	CHK 0200	1. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. 2. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resumes. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
0201	Timeout error occurred while drive is waiting for response.	CHK 0201	
0203	Drive disconnected.	CHK 0203	
0205	Drive busy.	CHK 0205	
0206	Command could not be executed because drive is not mounted.	CHK 0206	
020E	Drive error detected.	CHK 020E	
020F	Unsupported drive detected.	CHK 020F	
0222	Media could not be ejected because drive is in Prevent Medium Removal state.	CHK 0222	1. Release the drive Prevent Medium Removal state from the host. 2. Reseat all cables. See "Reseating cables" on page 118. 3. Cycle the power supply and try again. • If the problem is corrected, run Library Verify before normal library operations resumes. • If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Web User Interface error messages

Title	Message	Issuing Panel
Error	Users full.	User Access
	You cannot remove yourself.	User Access

Title	Message	Issuing Panel
Parameter Error	Login failure.	Login
	Unsupported update file.	Firmware Update
	Invalid parameter found in [***].	Configure Library
	Please input parameter of [***].	Configure Library
	Password parameter error.	User Access
	User name parameter error.	User Access
	Not enough role.	User Access
	A user name unmatched.	User Access
	A user is already existing.	User Access
	Users full.	User Access
	Flush ROM write error detected.	User Access
	User information access failure.	User Access
Command Error	Move command execution failure. (Code:"****")	Move Cartridges
	Unload command execution failure: [***].	Unload Drive
	Drive not ready.	Unload Drive, Download Drive Logs, Firmware Update
	Medium not present.	Unload Drive
	Online command execution failure: [***].	Library State
	Offline command execution failure: [***].	Library State
	Reset command execution failure: [***].	Reset Library/Drive
	Inventory command execution failure: [***].	Inventory
	"Normal Dump" command execution failure: [***].	Download Drive Logs
	"Force Dump" command execution failure: [***].	Download Drive Logs
	Restore failure.	Save/Restore
	Library serial number is unmatched	
	Writing to cookie was failure.	All
	The configuration data was not saved to cookie.	

Title	Message	Issuing Panel
Cleaning Command Error	Illegal medium.	Clean Drive
	Source element empty.	Clean Drive
	Destination element full.	Clean Drive
	Drive failure.	Clean Drive
	Prevent medium removal.	Clean Drive
	During import/export element access.	Clean Drive
	Gap detected.	Clean Drive
	Not loaded.	Clean Drive
	Expired medium.	Clean Drive
	Write protect error.	Clean Drive
	Cleaning execution failure: [****].	Clean Drive
I/O Error	File open failure.	Download Drive Logs, Download Library Logs, Save/Restore, Firmware Update
	Unsupported file.	Save/Restore, Firmware Update
Network Error	*** command transmission failure.	Manage Library
	*** information access failure.	All
	Library logs download failure.	Download Library Logs
	Retry download.	
	Email submit failure.	Notifications
	SNMP trap submit failure.	Notifications
	Log data access failure.	Traces, View Library Logs
	Port open failure [**.**.**.****].	Applet 3 times retry
	Do you want to retry?	
	Port open failure [**.**.**.****]. Check the library and the network condition setting. Applet shutdown.	Displayed after 3 unsuccessful attempts using the Java Applet.
	Web interface version is not matched between Library and Java Applet. Shut a browser and restart the Applet. There is a possibility of malfunctioning if you proceed operation from Web. Clear the cache of Java when this message displays even if it restarts.	All
Library Busy	Library information updating now.	All
	Cannot access library information	

Trap definitions (types)

The TL1000 library supports the following types of SNMP traps.

Trap ID	Event Type	Description	Clean Drive LED	Attention LED	Error LED
1	Emergency	• Drive error	-	-	ON
2		• Library error	-	-	ON
21	Error	• Drive error	-	-	ON
22		• Library error	-	-	ON
51 (Drive) 52 (Library)	Warning	• Drive error • Library error • Endurance frequency attainment	-	-	ON
53 (Drive)		• Cleaning demand reception from drive	ON	-	-
54 (Library)		• Cleaning cartridge demand for an exchange	-	ON	-
101 (Drive) 102 (Library)	Information	• Beginning of inventory • Change in library operation mode • Beginning of medium move • Completion of medium move • Library/Drive not ready • Library/Drive to online • Magazine unlock operation • I/O Station unlock operation	-	-	-

TapeAlert flags

["TapeAlert flags supported by the library"](#)

["TapeAlert flags supported by the Ultrium tape drive" on page 139](#)

Additional information is provided to the reader about the tape library and tape drive. All error code and diagnostic information cannot be accessed from the Operator Panel of the library. The Operator Panel will, however, display other library error codes and drive error codes when problems occur. For a listing of Operator Panel error messages, see ["Error codes" on page 123](#).

TapeAlert is a standard that defines status conditions and problems that are experienced by devices such as tape drives, autoloaders, and libraries. The standard enables a server to read TapeAlert messages (called *flags*) from a tape drive. The server reads the flags from Log Sense Page 0x2E.

This library is compatible with TapeAlert technology, which provides error and diagnostic information about the drives and the library to the server. Because library and drive firmware might change periodically, the SNMP interface in the library does not require code changes if devices add extra TapeAlerts that are not supported today. However, if this change occurs, the MIB is written to minimize impact to the SNMP monitoring station. At the time of this writing, the TapeAlert flags in this appendix correctly represent TapeAlerts that are sent. The MIB file must not be taken to mean that all traps that are defined in the MIB will be sent by the library or that they will be sent in the future.

TapeAlert flags supported by the library

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required	Type ¹
01	Library Hardware A	The library mechanism is having trouble with communicating with the tape drive.	1. Cycle the power supply and try again. 2. If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119 .	C
02	Library Hardware B	The library mechanism has a hardware fault.		W
03	Library Hardware C	Library mechanism has a hardware fault that requires a reset to recover.	1. Reset the library. For details, see "Rebooting the drive" on page 62 . 2. Restart the operation. 3. If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119 .	C

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required	Type ¹
04	Library Hardware D	The library mechanism has a hardware fault that is not mechanism-related, or requires power cycle to recover.	1. Cycle the power supply and try again. 2. If the problem persists, see “Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.	C
06	Library Interface	The library identified an interface fault.	1. Check all cables and cable connections. 2. Restart the operation. 3. If the problem persists, see “Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.	C
08	Library Maintenance	Library preventive maintenance required.	Preventive maintenance of the library is required. Consult the library user's manual for device-specific preventive maintenance tasks.	W
12	Library Stray Tape	A cartridge was left in the drive inside the library by a previous hardware fault.	1. Try unloading the cartridge from the drive with the Operator Panel or Web User Interface. • If the cartridge unloads, move the cartridge from the drive to the I/O station. Remove the cartridge and inspect for damage. If not damaged, return the cartridge to the library. Run Library Verify before normal library operations resume. • If the cartridge did not unload from the drive, cycle the power supply and try again. 2. If the problem persists, see “Contacting Dell technical support” on page 119.	C
13	Library Pick Retry	There is a potential problem with the drive ejecting a cartridge short or with the library mechanism picking a cartridge from a slot.	No action is required.	W
14	Library Place Retry	There is a potential problem with the library mechanism placing a cartridge into a slot.	No action is required.	W
16	Library I/O station	The operation failed because the library I/O station is open.	Close the I/O station.	W
17	Library Mailslot	Mechanical problem with the I/O station.	There is a mechanical problem with the library I/O station.	C

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required	Type ¹
18	Library Magazine	Library magazine not present.	The library cannot operate without the magazine. 1. Insert the magazine into the library. 2. Restart the operation.	C
21	Library Offline	Library manually turned offline.	The library was manually turned offline and is unavailable for use.	I
22	Library Drive Offline	Library turned internal drive offline.	The drive inside the library was taken offline. This flag is for information purposes only. No action is required.	I
23	Library Scan Retry	There is a potential problem with the bar code label of the scanner hardware in the library mechanism.	No action is required.	W
28	Power Supply	PSU failure inside the library subsystem.	The power supply failed inside the library. See "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.	W

¹ C = Critical: Needs immediate action. W = Warning: Action to be taken. I = Information: Information for user.

TapeAlert flags supported by the Ultrium tape drive

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required
3	Hard error	Set for any unrecoverable read, write, or positioning error (this flag is set with flags 4, 5, or 6).	See the action that is required for Flag Number 4, 5, or 6, if set, in this table.
4	Media	Set for any unrecoverable read, write, or positioning error that is because of a faulty tape cartridge.	Replace the tape cartridge.
5	Read failure	Set for any unrecoverable read error where the isolation is uncertain and failure might be because of a faulty tape cartridge or drive hardware.	If Flag Number 4 is also set, the tape cartridge is defective. Replace the tape cartridge.
6	Write failure	Set for any unrecoverable write or positioning error where isolation is uncertain and failure might be because of a faulty tape cartridge.	If Flag Number 9 is also set, make sure that the write-protect switch is set so that data can be written to the tape. See "Write-Protect switch" on page 103. If Flag Number 4 is also set, the tape cartridge is defective. Replace the tape cartridge.
7	Media life	Set when the tape cartridge reaches its end of life (EOL).	1. Copy the data to another tap cartridge. 2. Discard the old (EOL) tape.

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required
8	Not data grade	Set when the tape cartridge is not data-grade. Any data that you back up to the tape is at risk.	Replace the tape cartridge with a data-grade tape cartridge.
9	Write protect	Set when the tape drive detects that the tape cartridge is write-protected.	Ensure that the cartridge's write-protect switch is set so that data can be written to the tape. See "Write-Protect switch" on page 103.
10	No removal	Set when the tape drive receives an UNLOAD command after the server prevented the tape cartridge from being removed.	Refer to the documentation for your server's operating system.
11	Cleaning media	Set when a cleaning tape is loaded into the drive.	No action that is required. Status only.
12	Unsupported format	Set when a non-supported cartridge type is loaded into the drive or when the cartridge format was corrupted.	Replace the invalid cartridge with a supported tape cartridge.
14	Unrecoverable snapped tape	Set when the operation failed because the tape in the drive snapped.	Do not attempt to extract the tape cartridge. See "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
15	Cartridge memory chip failure	Set when a cartridge memory (CM) failure is detected on the loaded tape cartridge.	Replace the tape cartridge.
16	Forced eject	Set when a tape cartridge was unloaded manually while the drive was reading or writing.	No action that is required. Status only.
17	Media that are loaded is Read-only format	Set when a cartridge marked as read-only is loaded into the drive. The flag is cleared when the cartridge is ejected.	No action that is required. Status only.
18	Tape directory that is corrupted in cartridge memory	Set when the tape drive detects that the tape directory in the cartridge memory was corrupted.	Re-read all data from the tape to rebuild the tape directory.
19	Nearing media life	Set when the tape cartridge is nearing its specified end of life. It is cleared when the cartridge is removed from the drive.	1. Copy the data to another tape cartridge. 2. Replace the tape cartridge.
20	Clean now	Set when the tape drive detects that it needs cleaning.	Clean the tape drive.
21	Clean periodic	Set when the tape drive detects that it needs routine cleaning.	Clean the tape drive as soon as possible. The drive can continue to operate, but requires cleaning soon.
22	Expired cleaning media	Set when the tape drive detects a cleaning cartridge that is expired.	Replace the cleaning cartridge.
23	Invalid cleaning cartridge	Set when the drive expects a cleaning cartridge to be loaded and the loaded cartridge is not a cleaning cartridge.	Use a valid cleaning cartridge.
30	Hardware A	Set when a hardware failure occurs that requires that you reset the tape drive to recover.	See "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required
31	Hardware B	Set when the tape drive fails its internal Power-On Self-Tests (POSTs).	Note the error code on the single-character display and see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
32	Interface	Set when the tape drive detects a problem with the host interface.	See "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
33	Eject media	Set when a failure occurs that requires the tape cartridge to be unloaded from the drive.	Unload the tape cartridge, then reinsert and restart the operation. If this procedure fails, use different media.
34	Download fail	Set when an FMR image is unsuccessfully downloaded to the tape drive via the SAS interface.	Check the FMR image is correct. If necessary, download the correct FMR image.
36	Drive temperature	Set when the drive temperature sensor indicates that the drive's temperature exceeds the recommended temperature of the library.	See "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
37	Drive voltage	Set when the drive detects power supply voltages that approach or exceed the specified voltage limits.	
38	Predictive failure of drive hardware	Set when a hardware failure of the tape drive is predicted.	
39	Diagnostics required	Set when the tape drive detects a failure that requires diagnostics for isolation.	
51	Tape directory invalid at unload	Set when the tape directory on the tape cartridge that was previously unloaded is corrupted. The file-search performance is degraded.	Use your backup software to rebuild the tape directory by reading all the data.
52	Tape system area write failure	Set when the tape cartridge that was previously unloaded might not write its system area successfully.	Copy the data to another tape cartridge, then discard the old tape cartridge.
53	Tape system area read failure	Set when the tape system area might not be read successfully at load time.	Copy the data to another tape cartridge, then discard the old tape cartridge.

Flag Number	Flag Name	Description	Action Required
55	Load failure	Set when a hardware malfunction prevents the tape cartridge from being loaded into the drive, or when a tape cartridge is stuck in the drive.	If the tape cartridge does not load in the drive: 1. Remove the tape cartridge from the library and inspect it for damage. If damaged, discard it. 2. Insert another tape cartridge into the tape drive. If the problem persists, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119. If the tape cartridge is stuck in the drive: 1. Attempt to unload the tape from the drive with the host backup application that is with the drive, or with the remote or local UI. 2. If the cartridge still does not unload, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
56	Unload failure	Set when a drive hardware error prevents the tape cartridge from being unloaded from the tape drive, or when the tape cartridge is stuck in the drive.	1. Unload the cartridge from the drive with the Operator Panel or the Web User Interface. 2. Try a power cycle of the entire library. This procedure causes the drive to reset and attempt to rewind and unload when power is restored. If the cartridge unloads, remove it from the library and inspect it. If damaged, discard it. 3. Try to unload the cartridge from the drive again with the Operator Panel or the Web User Interface. 4. If the cartridge still does not unload from the drive, see "Contacting Dell technical support" on page 119.
59	WORM Media integrity check failed	Set when the drive determines that the data on the tape is suspect from a WORM point of view.	1. Copy the data to another WORM tape cartridge. 2. Discard the old WORM tape.
60	WORM Media overwrite attempted	Set when the drive rejects a write operation because the rules for allowing WORM writes are not met. Data is appended to WORM media only. Overwrites to WORM media are not allowed.	Append the information about a WORM tape cartridge or write the data to a non-WORM cartridge.

Sense data

["Sense Key definitions"](#)

["Library sense data"](#)

["Tape drive sense data" on page 145](#)

Sense Key definitions

SK	Definition
00	No Sense
01	Recovered Error
02	Not Ready
03	Media Error
04	Hardware Error
05	Illegal Request
06	Unit Attention
07	Data Protect
08	Blank Check
09	Reserved
0A	Reserved
0B	Aborted Command
0C	Reserved
0D	Volume Overflow
0E	Reserved
0F	Reserved

Library sense data

["Library sense data"](#) lists the Additional Sense Codes (ASC) and Additional Sense Code Qualifiers (ASCQ) associated with the reported Sense Keys.

A sense key of 00h (no sense) has no ASC/ASCQ associated with it. A few ASC/ASCQs are associated with more than one sense key. The sense keys that can give a particular ASC/ASCQ are indicated within the Sense Key column.

Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ	Description
No Sense (00)	00	00	No sense
	30	03	Cleaning cartridge installed
Recovered Error (01)	5B	02	Log counter at maximum

Sense Key	ASC	ASCQ	Description
Not Ready (02)	04	00	Logical unit not ready, cause not reportable
	04	01	Logical unit is in process of becoming ready
	04	03	Manual intervention required
	3A	02	Media not present (tray open)
	80	05	During reprogramming mode
Hardware Error (04)	15	01	Mechanical position error
	40	nn	Diagnostic failure on component nn (80h-ffh)
	44	00	Internal target failure
	53	00	Media load or eject failed
	80	07	NVRAM failure
Illegal Request (05)	1A	00	Parameter list length error
	20	00	Invalid command operation code
	21	01	Invalid element address
	24	00	Invalid field in CDB
	25	00	Logical unit not supported
	26	00	Invalid field in parameter list
	30	00	Incompatible medium installed
	3B	0D	Media destination element full
	3B	0E	Media source element empty
	3B	83	Source drive not unloaded
	53	02	Media removal prevented
	80	10	Drive failure
	80	20	Exchange slot full
	80	21	Cartridge wrong insertion
Unit Attention (06)	28	00	Not-ready to ready transition, media may have changed
	28	01	Import or export element accessed
	29	00	Power ON occurred
	2A	02	Log parameter changed
	3F	01	Microcode has been changed
	41	FE	Drive error message detected*
Aborted Command (0B)	41	nn	LDI command failure**
* This code is preserved only in the library log when "FID" or "ATTN DRV" message is received from the tape drive. This code is not reported to the host server. ** This code is preserved only in the library log. This code is not reported to the host server.			

Tape drive sense data

Byte	Bit Address or Name							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	Valid Address Bit	Error Code						
1	Segment Number x'00'							
2	Filemark	EOM (End of medium)	ILI (Incorrect length indicator)	Reserved	Sense Key See “Sense Key definitions” on page 143.			
3	Information byte (most significant byte)							
4-5	Information bytes							
6	Information byte (least significant byte)							
7	Additional sense length							
8-11	Command specific information bytes							
12-13	For Ultrium Tape drive sense data for Bytes 12 and 13, see Table 31 on page 146.							
14	Field Replaceable Unit (FRU) ID							
15	SKSV	C/D	Reserved		BPV (Bit pointer valid)	Bit pointer		
16-17	SKSV =0: First Error Fault Symptom Code (FSC); SKSV = 1: Field Pointer							
18-19	First Error Flag Data							
20	Reserved (0)							
21					CLN	Reserved	Reserved	VolValid
22-28	Volume Label							
29	Current Wrap							
30-33	Relative LPOS							
34	SCSI Address							
35	Frame number				Drive number			
36-39	Port Identifier (Relative Target Port Address) Reporting Sense This is the hashed SAS address of the drive port (for example, F32A94) with byte 36 being reserved.							
40	Tape Directory Valid	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Reserved	Relative Target Port Reporting Sense 0: Reserved 1: Relative Target Port 1 (Port 0) 2: Relative Target Port 2 (Port 1) 3: Relative Target Port 3 (Library Port)		
41	Host Command (SCSI Opcode)							

Byte	Bit Address or Name							
	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
42	Density Type 0: No media present 1: Gen1 (384 track) 2: Gen2 (512 track) 3: Gen3 (704 track)				Media Type (Vendor Reserved)			
43-44	Volume Label Cartridge Type							
45-48	Logical Block Number (Current LBA that would be reported in Read Position command)							
49-52	Data Set Number							
53-54	1st Error FSC							
55-56	1st Error Flag Data							
57-58	2nd Error FSC							
59-60	2nd Error Flag Data							
61-62	Next-to-Last Error FSC							
63-64	Next-to-Last Error Flag Data							
65-66	Last Error FSC							
67-68	Last Error Flag Data							
69	LPOS Region							
70-85	ERP Summary Information							
86-89	Product Revision Label: YMDV (As defined in Standard Inquiry; this is also known as the Code Level)							
90-95	Reserved (0)							

Byte 12 ASC	Byte 13 ASCQ	Description
00	00	No additional sense - The flags in the sense data indicate the reason for the command failure
00	01	Filemark detected - A Read or Space command terminated early due to an FM. The FM flag is set.
00	02	EOM - A Write or Write File Marks command failed because the physical end of tape was encountered, or a Read or Space command encountered EOM. The EOM flag is set.
00	04	BOM - A space command ended at Beginning of Tape. The EOM bit is also set.
00	05	EOD - Read or Space command terminated early because End of Data was encountered.
04	00	Cause not reportable - A cartridge is present in the drive, but it is in the process of being unloaded.
04	01	Becoming Ready - A media access command was received during a front panel initiated load or an immediate reported load command.

Byte 12 ASC	Byte 13 ASCQ	Description
04	02	Initializing Command Required - A cartridge is present in the drive, but is not logically loaded. A Load command is required.
04	03	Manual Intervention Required - A cartridge is present in the drive but could not be loaded or unloaded without manual intervention.
0C	00	Write Error - A Write operation has failed. This is probably due to bad media, but may be hardware related.
11	00	Unrecovered Read Error - A Read operation failed. This is probably due to bad media, but may be hardware related.
11	12	Auxiliary memory read error. The drive reported that it is unable to read the Auxiliary Memory in a WORM cartridge.
14	00	Recorded Entity Not Found - A space or Locate command failed because a format violation prevented the target from being found.
14	03	End Of Data not found - A Read type operation failed because a format violation related to a missing EOD data set.
14	10	Not Ready - Auxiliary memory not accessible. The drive is not able to become ready because it is unable to access the Auxiliary Memory in a WORM cartridge.
1A	00	Parameter list length error - The amount of parameter data sent is incorrect.
20	00	Invalid Command Operation Code - The Operation Code in the command was not a valid Operation Code.
24	00	Invalid field in CDB - An invalid field has been detected in a Command Descriptor Block.
25	00	LUN not supported - The command was addressed to a non-existent logical unit number.
26	00	Invalid Field in Parameter List - An invalid field has been detected in the data sent during the data phase.
27	00	Write Protect - A Write type operation has been requested on a cartridge which has been write protected.
28	00	Not Ready to Ready Transition - A cartridge has been loaded successfully into the drive and is now ready to be accessed.
29	00	Reset - The drive has powered on, received a reset signal or a bus device reset signal since the initiator last accessed it.
2A	01	Mode Parameters Changed - The Mode parameters for the drive have been changed by an initiator other than the one issuing the command.
30	00	Incompatible Media Installed - A write type operation could not be executed because it is not supported on the cartridge type that is loaded.
30	01	Unknown Format - An operation could not be carried out because the cartridge in the drive is of a format not supported by the drive.
30	02	Incompatible Format - An operation could not be completed because the Logical Format is not correct.
30	03	Cleaning Cartridge Installed - An operation could not be carried out because the cartridge in the drive is a cleaning cartridge.
30	07	Cleaning Failure - A cleaning operation was attempted, but could not be completed for some reason.
30	0C	Data Protect - WORM overwrite attempted. The drive rejected a write operation because it would have resulted in an overwrite. Overwrite is not allowed on WORM media.

Byte 12 ASC	Byte 13 ASCQ	Description
30	0D	Medium Error - WORM integrity check. The drive rejected a Read or Write operation because the cartridge is a suspicious WORM cartridge.
31	00	Media format corrupted - Data could not be read because the format on tape is not valid, but is a known format. A failure occurred attempting to write the FID.
37	00	Rounded parameter - A Mode Select command parameter has been rounded because the drive can not store it with the accuracy of the command.
3A	00	Media Not Present - A media access command has been received when there is no cartridge loaded.
3B	00	Sequential Positioning Error - A command has failed and left the logical position at an unexpected location.
3D	00	Invalid bits in identify Message - An illegal Identify Message has been received at the drive at the start of a command.
3E	00	Logical Unit has not Self-Configured - The drive has just powered on and has not completed its self test sequence and can not process commands.
3F	01	Code Download - The firmware in the drive has just been changed by a Write Buffer command.
40	xx	Diagnostic failure - A diagnostic test has failed. The xx (ASCQ) is a vendor specific code indicating the failing component.
43	00	Message Error - A message could not be sent or received due to excessive transmission errors.
44	00	Internal target failure - A hardware failure has been detected in the drive that has caused the command to fail.
45	00	Select/Reset Failure - An attempt to reselect an initiator in order to complete the command has failed.
4B	00	Data Phase Error - A command could not be completed because too many parity errors occurred during the Data phase.
4E	00	Overlapped Commands - An initiator selected the drive even though it already had a command outstanding in the drive.
50	00	Write Append Error - A write type command failed because the point at which to append data was unreadable.
51	00	Erase failure - An Erase command failed to erase the required area on the media.
52	00	Cartridge fault - A command could not be completed due to a fault in the tape cartridge.
53	00	Media Load/Eject Failed - (Sense Key 03) An attempt to load or eject the cartridge failed due to a problem with the cartridge.
53	00	Media Load/Eject Failed - (Sense Key 04) An attempt to load or eject the cartridge failed due to a problem with the drive.
53	02	Media Removal Prevented - An Unload command has failed to eject the cartridge because media removal has been prevented.
5D	00	Failure Prediction Threshold - Failure Prediction thresholds have been exceeded indicating that a failure may occur soon.
5D	FF	Failure Prediction False - A Mode Select command has been used to test for Failure Prediction system.
82	82	Drive requires cleaning - The drive has detected that a cleaning operation is required to maintain good operation.
82	83	Bad Code Detected - The data transferred to the drive during a firmware upgrade is corrupt or incompatible with drive hardware.

Byte 12 ASC	Byte 13 ASCQ	Description
Sense Key 0 (No Sense)		
EE	13	Encryption - Key Translate
EF	13	Encryption - Key Translate EKM
Sense Key 3 (Medium Error)		
30	02	Encryption - Encryption feature is not enabled so format/processing is not supported.
EE	60	Encryption - Proxy Command Error
EE	D0	Encryption - Data Read Decryption Failure
EE	D1	Encryption - Data Read after Write Decryption Failure
EE	E0	Encryption - Key Translation Failure
EE	E1	Encryption - Key Translation Ambiguous
EE	F0	Encryption - Decryption Fenced (Read)
EE	F1	Encryption - Encryption Fenced (Write)
Sense Key 4 (Hardware Error)		
EE	0E	Encryption - Key Service Timeout
EE	0F	Encryption - Key Service Failure
40	00	Encryption - Failure Hardware, POST or Module Failure
Sense Key 5 (Illegal Request)		
EE	00	Encryption - Key Service Not Enabled
EE	01	Encryption - Key Service Not Configured
EE	02	Encryption - Key Service Not Available
EE	10	Encryption - Key Required
EE	20	Encryption - Key Count Exceeded
EE	21	Encryption - Key Alias Exceeded
EE	22	Encryption - Key Reserved
EE	23	Encryption - Key Conflict
EE	24	Encryption - Key Method Change
EE	25	Encryption - Key Format Not Supported
EE	26	Encryption - Unauthorized Request - dAK
EE	27	Encryption - Unauthorized Request - dSK
EE	28	Encryption - Unauthorized Request - eAK
EE	29	Encryption - Authentication Failure
EE	2A	Encryption - Invalid RDKi
EE	2B	Encryption - Key Incorrect
EE	2C	Encryption - Key Wrapping Failure
EE	2D	Encryption - Sequencing Failure
EE	2E	Encryption - Unsupported Type
EE	2F	Encryption - New Key Encrypted Write Pending
EE	30	Encryption - Prohibited Request
EE	31	Encryption - Key Unknown

Byte 12 ASC	Byte 13 ASCQ	Description
EE	32	Encryption - Keystore Related Problem
EE	42	Encryption - EKM Challenge Pending
EE	E2	Encryption - Key Translation Disallowed
EE	FF	Encryption - Security Prohibited Function
EF	01	Encryption - Key Service Not Configured
26	11	Encryption - Incomplete Key - Associate Data Set
26	12	Encryption (T10) - Vendor Specific Reference Key Not Found
55	08	Encryption (T10) - Maximum Number of Supplemental Keys Exceeded
Sense Key 6 (Unit Attention)		
EE	12	Encryption - Key Change Detected
EE	18	Encryption - Changed (Read)
EE	19	Encryption - Changed (Write)
EE	40	Encryption - EKM Identifier Changed
EE	41	Encryption - EKM Challenge Changed
EE	50	Encryption - Initiator Identifier Changed
EE	51	Encryption - Initiator Response Changed
2A	11	Encryption - Data Encryption Parameters Changed by Another I_T Nexus
2A	12	Encryption - Data Encryption Parameters Changed by Vendor Specific Event
Sense Key 7 (Data Protect)		
EF	10	Encryption - Key Required
EF	11	Encryption - Key Generation
EF	13	Encryption - Key Translate
EF	1A	Encryption - Key Optional
EF	C0	Encryption - No Operation
26	10	Encryption - Data Decryption Key Fail Limit
2A	13	Encryption - Data Encryption Key Instance Counter Changed
74	00	Security Error
74	01	Encryption - Unable to Decrypt Data
74	02	Encryption - Unencrypted Data Encountered While Decrypting
74	03	Encryption - Incorrect Data Encryption Key
74	04	Encryption - Cryptographic Integrity Validation Failed
74	05	Encryption - Error Decrypting Data

The descriptions below serve only as an overview of sense reporting in the tape drive. This tape drive conforms to all sense field reporting as specified in the SCSI standards.

1. The Error Code field (Byte 0) is set to 70h to indicate a current error, that is one associated with the most recently received command. It is set to 71h to indicate a deferred error which is not associated with the current command.
2. The segment number (Byte 1) is zero since the Copy, Compare, and Copy and Verify commands are not supported.

3. The File Mark flag (Byte 2, bit 7) is set if a Space, Read, or Verify command did not complete because a file mark was read.
4. The End of Media (EOM) flag (Byte 2, bit 6) is set if a Write or Write File Marks command completed in the early warning area. Spacing into BOM also causes this flag to be set. It is also set on an attempt to read or space past EOD, or if an attempt is made to space into Beginning of Media.
5. The Illegal Length Indicator (ILI) flag (Byte 2, bit 5) is set if a Read or Verify ended because a block was read from tape that did not have the block length requested in the command.
6. The Information Bytes (Bytes 3-5) are only valid if the Valid flag is set. This occurs only for current errors and not for deferred errors.
7. The Field Replaceable Unit field (Byte 14) is set to either zero or to a non-zero, vendor-specific code indicating which part of the drive is suspected of causing the failure.
8. The Clean (CLN) flag (Byte 21, bit 3) is set if the drive needs cleaning and clear otherwise.
9. The Volume Label Fields Valid (VolValid) bit (Byte 21, bit 0) is set if the Volume Label being reported is valid.
10. The Volume Label field (Bytes 22-28) reports the volume label if a cartridge is loaded in the drive and Volume Label Fields Valid is set.
11. The Current Wrap field (Byte 29) reports the physical wrap of the tape. The least significant bit reflects the current physical direction. A0h means that the current direction is away from the physical beginning of the tape. A1h means that the current direction is towards the physical beginning of the tape.
12. Relative LPOS fields (Bytes 30-33) reports the current physical position on the tape.
13. SCSI Address field (Byte 34) reports the SCSI Bus Address for the drive. Values returned range from 00h to 0Fh.
14. This field (Byte 35) contains the frame and drive number, passed across the RS-422 serial interface.

Library Configuration Form

Make a copy of this form, fill it out as you are installing and configuring your library. Update the form each time changes are made to the library. The information that is contained on this form is important, and helpful if a call to Dell service is necessary. Store this form in a secure location.

Physical Library

Machine type	TL1000
Serial Number	
Library Name	
Auto Cleaning	
Bar code label length	

Logical Library

Library Access Mode	
Loop	
Autoload	
Active Slots	

Tape Drive

Serial Number	
Worldwide Node Name	

Network Settings

Ethernet Link Speed	
SSL Security	
IPv4	
DHCP	
Static IP address	
Subnet Mask Address	
Gateway Address	
IPv6	
DHCP	
Stateless Auto Configuration	
Static IP address	
Prefix Length	
Gateway	
DNS	

DNS IP address	
NTP Date/Time Server	
NTP Server IP address	
Time Zone	
Auto Adjustment by PC	
SMTP (Mail) Server	
SMTP Server Address	
Sender Address	
Subject	
Mail to 01	
Mail to 02	
Mail to 03	
Mail to 04	
Mail Event Level	
SNMP Server	
Community	
Name	
Location	
Contact	
Trap to 01	
Trap to 02	
Trap to 03	
Trap to 04	
User 1	
User 2	
User 3	
User 4	
Trap Event Level	

Library and Drive Firmware

Type of Firmware	Current Firmware Level				
Library					
Drive					

Users Accounts

The Administrator (admin) password is listed in the table below. Modify and add extra Administrator, Superuser, and User names and passwords that are created.

User name	Access Level	Password
admin	Administrator	secure

User name	Access Level	Password

Support Notification

User name	
Password	

Accessibility

Accessibility features help a user with a physical disability, such as restricted mobility or limited vision, successfully use the HTML version of the customer documentation.

Features

These are the major accessibility features for the HTML version of the *Dell PowerVault TL1000 Tape Autoloader User's Guide*.

- You can use screen-reader software and a digital speech synthesizer to hear what is displayed on the screen. The following screen readers are tested: WebKing and Window-Eyes.
- You can operate all features with the keyboard instead of the mouse.

Navigate by keyboard

You can use keys or key combinations to perform operations and initiate many menu actions that can also be done through mouse actions. You can navigate the HTML version of the *Dell PowerVault TL1000 Tape Autoloader User's Guide* help system from the keyboard. Use the following keyboard combinations:

- www.Dell.com/support
- To traverse to the next link, button, or topic, press **Tab** inside a frame (page).
- To move to the previous topic, press **^** or **Shift+Tab**.
- To scroll all the way up or down, press **Home** or **End**.
- To print the current page or active frame, press **Ctrl+P**.
- To select, press **Enter**.

Access the publications

You can view the publications for this library in Adobe Portable Document Format (PDF) with the Adobe Acrobat Reader. The PDFs are provided at the following website: www.Dell.com/support

Glossary

This glossary defines the special terms, abbreviations, and acronyms that are used in this publication. If you do not find the term that you are looking for, refer to the index or to the *Dictionary of Computing*, 1994.

Numbers

2:1 compression

The relationship between the quantity of data that can be stored with compression as compared to the quantity of data that can be stored without compression. In 2:1 compression, twice as much data can be stored with compression as can be stored without compression.

A

A Ampere.

ac Alternating current.

access method

A technique for moving data between main storage and input or output devices.

accessor

This component contains the library robot and bar code reader. The accessor moves cartridges to and from the I/O station, storage slots, and tape drives.

adapter card

A circuit board that adds function to a computer.

adj Adjustment.

AH Authentication Header. An Internet Protocol intended to guarantee connectionless integrity and data origin authentication of IP datagrams. Further, it can optionally protect against replay attacks by using the sliding window technique and discarding old packets.

AIX Advanced Interactive Executive. IBM's implementation of the UNIX operating system. The System p system, among others, uses AIX as its operating system.

alphanumeric

Pertaining to a character set that contains letters, numerals, and other characters, such as punctuation marks.

alter To change.

ambient temperature

The temperature of air or other media in a designated area, particularly the area that is surrounding equipment.

AME Application Managed Encryption.

ampere (A)

A unit of measure for electric current that is equivalent to a flow of 1 coulomb per second, or to the current produced by 1 volt applied across a resistance of 1 ohm.

ANSI American National Standards Institute.

application-managed encryption

Tape encryption that is controlled by an application.

archive

To collect and store files in a designated place.

ASCII American National Standard Code for Information Interchange. A 7 bit coded character set (8 bits including parity check) that consists of control characters and graphic characters.

assigning a device

The establishing of the relationship of a device to a running task, process, job, or program.

assignment

The naming of a specific device to perform a function.

asynchronous

Pertaining to two or more processes that do not depend upon the occurrence of specific events such as common timing signals.

attention (notice)

A word for calling attention to the possibility of danger to a program, device, or system, or to data. Contrast with *caution* and *danger*.

ATTN Attention.

B

backup

To make extra copies of documents or software for safekeeping.

bar code

A code that represents characters by sets of parallel bars of varying thickness and separation, which are read optically by transverse scanning.

bar code label

Paper bearing a bar code and having an adhesive backing. The bar code label must be affixed to a tape cartridge to enable the library to identify the cartridge and its volume serial number.

bar code reader

A laser device that is specialized for scanning and reading bar codes and converting them into either the ASCII or EBCDIC digital character code.

bezel Decorative and safety cover.

bicolored

Having two colors.

bit Either of the digits 0 or 1 when used in the binary numbering system.

BOM or bill of materials

A list of specific types and amounts of direct materials that are expected to be used to produce a specific job or quantity of output.

Border Gateway Protocol (BGP)

BGP is the core routing protocol of the Internet. It works by maintaining a table of IP networks or 'prefixes' that designate network reachability among autonomous systems (AS).

BRMS Backup Recovery and Media Services.

browser

A client program that initiates requests to a web server and displays the information that the server returns.

buffer

A routine or storage that is used to compensate for a difference in rate of flow of data or time of occurrence of events, when data is transferred from one device to another.

bus

A facility for transferring data between several devices that are located between two end points, only one device able to transmit at a specified moment.

byte

A string that consists of some bits (usually 8) that are treated as a unit and represent a character. A fundamental data unit.

C**CA certification**

In cryptography, a certificate from a certificate authority (CA).

capacity

The amount of data that can be contained on storage media and expressed in bytes of data.

cartridge manual rewind tool

A device that can be fitted into the reel of a cartridge and used to rewind tape into or out of the cartridge.

cartridge memory (CM)

Within each data cartridge, an embedded electronics and interface module that can store and retrieve a cartridge's historical usage and other information.

cartridge storage slot

Individual slot that is located within a magazine that is used to house tape cartridges.

caution (notice)

A word to call attention to possible personal harm to people. Contrast with *attention* and *danger*.

CE

Customer engineer; field engineer; service representative.

centimeter (cm)

One one-hundredth of a meter (0.01 m). Approximately 0.39 inch.

channel command

An instruction that directs a data channel, control unit, or device to perform an operation or set of operations.

char

Character.

CHK

Check.

cleaning cartridge

A tape cartridge that is used to clean the heads of a tape drive. Contrast with *data cartridge*.

COD

Capacity On Demand.

command

A control signal that initiates an action or the start of a sequence of actions.

compact disc (CD)

A disc, usually 4.75 inches in diameter, from which data is read optically by using a laser.

compression

The process of eliminating gaps, empty fields, redundancies, and unnecessary data to shorten the length of records or blocks.

concurrent

Refers to diagnostic procedures that can be run on one control unit while the rest of the subsystem remains available for customer applications.

contingent connection

A connection between a channel path and a drive that is caused when a unit check occurs during an I/O operation.

controller

A device that provides the interface between a system and one or more tape drives.

control path drive

controller A device that provides the interface between a system and one or more tape drives. *control path drive* A drive that communicates messages from the host computer to the library in which the drive is installed.

cookie A packet of data that is exchanged between the library and a web browser to track configuration.

CP Circuit protector.

CPF Control Path Failover.

CRU Customer Replaceable Unit.

CSA Canadian Standards Association.

ctrl Control.

CU Control unit.

D**danger (notice)**

A word to call attention to possible lethal harm to people. Contrast with *attention* and *caution*.

data Any representations such as characters or analog quantities to which meaning is or might be assigned.

data buffer

The storage buffer in the control unit. This buffer is used to increase the data transfer rate between the control unit and the channel.

data cartridge

A tape cartridge that is dedicated to storing data. Contrast with *cleaning cartridge*.

data check

A synchronous or asynchronous indication of a condition that is caused by invalid data or incorrect positioning of data.

dc Direct current.

DCS Designated Cleaning Slot.

degauss

To make a magnetic tape nonmagnetic by using electrical coils that carry currents that neutralize the magnetism of the tape.

degausser

A device that makes magnetic tape nonmagnetic.

degradation

A decrease in quality of output or throughput or an increase in machine error rate.

degraded

Decreased in quality of output or throughput or increased machine error rate.

deserialize

To change from serial-by-bit to parallel-by-byte.

detented

A part that is held in position with a catch or lever.

device

Any hardware component or peripheral device, such as a tape drive or tape library, that can receive and send data.

device driver

A file that contains the code that is needed to use an attached device.

DHCPv6

The Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol for IPv6. Although IPv6's stateless address autoconfiguration removes the primary motivation for DHCP in IPv4, DHCPv6 can still be used to statefully assign addresses if the network administrator wants more control over addressing.

DH group

Diffie-Hellman group.

DIAG

Diagnostic section of maintenance information manual.

differential

See *High Voltage Differential (HVD)*.

direct access storage

A storage device in which the access time is independent of the location of the data.

display contrast

The brightness of the display on the Operator Panel.

DLL

Dynamic Link Library. The Microsoft implementation of the shared library concept. These libraries usually have the file extension dll, ocs (for libraries that contain activeX controls, or drv (for legacy system drivers).

DNS

Directory Name System. This allows the library to recognize text-based addresses instead of numeric IP addresses.

download

To transfer programs or data from a computer to a connected device, typically a personal computer.

To transfer data from a computer to a connected device, such as a workstation or personal computer.

DPF

Data Path Failover.

DRAM

Dynamic random-access memory.

drive, magnetic tape

A mechanism for moving magnetic tape and controlling its movement.

Drive Not Configured

This message occurs during the first boot after a factory settings restore is run. This message is not a real issue since it takes time for the library to configure.

DRV Drive.

DSA key

Encryption key type.

DSE Data security erase.

DSP Digital signal processor.

E**EBCDIC**

Extended binary-coded decimal interchange code.

EC Edge connector. Engineering change.

ECC Error correction code.

EEB Ethernet Expansion Blade

EEPROM

Electrically erasable programmable read-only memory.

EIA Electronics Industries Association.

EIA unit

A unit of measure, which is established by the Electronic Industries Association, equal to 44.45 millimeters (1.75 inches).

eject To remove or force out from within.

EKM Encryption Key Manager.

electronic mail

Correspondence in the form of messages that are transmitted between user terminals over a computer network.

email See *electronic mail*.

encryption

A method of storing data in a format that helps protect data from inadvertent or deliberate compromise. An encryption-enabled drive contains the necessary hardware and firmware to encrypt and decrypt host tape application data. Encryption policy and encryption keys are provided by the host application or host server.

encryption key manager (EKM)

A Java software program that assists encrypting tape drives in generating, protecting, storing, and maintaining encryption keys that encrypt information that is written to and decrypt information that is read from tape media.

entitlement

Entitlement is the official right to receive service and support for your tape library.

EPO Emergency power off.

EPROM

Erasable programmable read only memory.

EQC Equipment check.

equipment check

An asynchronous indication of a malfunction.

Error log

A data set or file in a product or system where error information is stored for later access.

ESD Electrostatic discharge.

ESP Encapsulating Security Payload. An Internet Protocol that provides origin authenticity, integrity, and confidentiality protection of a packet. ESP also supports encryption-only and authentication-only configurations, but encryption without authentication is discouraged because it is insecure.

F

fault symptom code (FSC)

A hexadecimal code that is generated by the drive or the control unit microcode in response to a detected subsystem error.

FC Feature code.

FCC Federal communications commission.

FE Field engineer, customer engineer, or service representative.

fiducial

A target that is used for teaching a physical location to a robot.

field replaceable unit (FRU)

An assembly that is replaced in its entirety when any one of its components fails.

file A named set of records that are stored or processed as a unit. Also referred to as a data set.

file protection

The processes and procedures that are established in an information system that are designed to inhibit unauthorized access to, contamination of, or deletion of a file.

file transfer protocol (FTP)

In the Internet suite of protocols, an application layer protocol that uses TCP and Telnet services to transfer bulk-data files between machines or hosts.

firmware

Proprietary code that is delivered as microcode as part of an operating system. Firmware is more efficient than software loaded from an alterable medium and more adaptable to change than pure hardware circuitry. An example of firmware is the Basic input/output system (BIOS) in read-only memory (ROM) on a PC system board.

FLASH EEPROM

An electrically erasable programmable read-only memory (EEPROM) that can be updated.

FMR Field microcode replacement.

format

The arrangement or layout of data on a data medium.

formatter

Part of a magnetic tape subsystem that performs data conversion, speed matching, encoding, first level error recovery, and interfaces to one or more tape drives.

FP File protect.

frayed Damaged as if by an abrasive substance.

FRU Field replaceable unit.

FSC Fault symptom code.

FSI Fault symptom index.

FTSS Field Technical Sales Support.

functional microcode

Microcode that is resident in the machine during normal customer operation.

G

g Gram.

GB gigabyte.

GBIC Gigabit Interface Converter.

Gbs gigabits/second

Gbi gigabit

gigabit (Gbit)

1 000 000 000 bits.

gigabyte (GB)

1 000 000 000 bytes.

Gigabit Interface Converter (GBIC)

Converts copper interface to optic interface.

gnd Ground.

H

HBA Host Bus Adapter.

HD Slot Technology

High-density (HD) slot technology. Allows multiple cartridges to be stored in a tiered architecture.

hertz (Hz)

Unit of frequency. 1 hertz equals one cycle per second.

hex Hexadecimal.

High Voltage Differential (HVD)

A logic signaling system that enables data communication between a supported host and the library. HVD signaling uses a paired plus and minus signal level to reduce the effects of noise on the SCSI bus. Any noise that is injected into the signal is present in both a plus and minus state, and is canceled. Synonymous with *differential*.

HVD SCSI Bus High Voltage Differential

Hz Hertz (cycles per second).

I

ID Identifier.

identifier (ID)

(1) In programming languages, a lexical unit that names a language object; for example, the names of variables, arrays, records, labels, or procedures. An identifier usually consists of a letter optionally followed by letters, digits, or other characters. (2) One or more characters that are used to identify or name data element and possibly to indicate certain properties of that data element. (3) A sequence of bits or characters that identifies a program, device, or system to another program, device, or system.

IEC International Electrotechnical Commission.

IKE Internet Key Exchange that is used in the IPsec protocol.

IML Initial microprogram load.

incompatible magazine

This message might display on the Operator Panel during library initialization. It occurs during factory restore or VPD. This message is not a real issue since it takes time for the library to configure.

initial microprogram load (IML)

The action of loading a microprogram from an external storage to writable control storage.

initiator

The component that runs a command. The initiator can be the host system or the tape control unit.

INST Installation.

interface

A shared boundary. An interface might be a hardware component to link two devices or it might be a portion of storage or registers accessed by two or more computer programs.

Internet Protocol Version 4 (IPv4)

See *IPv4*.

Internet Protocol Version 6 (IPv6)

See *IPv6*.

interposer

The part that is used to convert a 68-pin connector to a 50-pin D-shell connector.

intervention required

Manual action is needed.

INTRO

Introduction.

I/O Input/output.

I/O station

Cartridge location that is dedicated for the insertion of cartridges into and the removal of cartridges from the library.

IOP Input/output processor.

IP Internet Protocol.

IP address

An identifier for a computer or device on an Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) network. Networks that use the TCP/IP protocol route messages that are based on the IP address of the destination. See *IPv4* and *IPv6*.

IPL Initial program load.

IPSec (IP security)

A set of protocols for securing IPv6 network communications by authentication and encryption.

IP Stack

A TCP/IP protocol stack that manages static IP addresses.

IPv4 A network layer protocol for packet-switched networks. IPv4 supports 2³² (about 4.3 billion) addresses.

IPv6 A network layer protocol for packet-switched networks. It is the designated successor of IPv4 for general use on the Internet. The main improvement that is brought by IPv6 is the increase in the number of addresses available for networked devices, allowing, for example, each mobile phone and mobile electronic device to have its own unique address.

ISV Independent software vendor.

ITDT-SE

IBM® Tape Diagnostic tool.

ITST Idle-time self-test.

K

Kerberos

Kerberos Authentication is a standard (RFC 1510) third-party authentication protocol that provides end-to-end security for distributed computing environments.

kilogram (kg)

1000 grams (approximately 2.2 pounds).

km kilometer. 1000 Meters, Approximately 5/8 mile.

L

LAN Local area network. A computer network within a limited area.

LCB Library Control Blade

LCD See *liquid crystal display*.

LDAP Lightweight Directory Access Protocol. This allows the library to use login and password information that is stored on a server to grant access to the library functionality.

LDAPS

Secure LDAP over SSL.

LDI Library Drive Interface.

LED Light-emitting diode.

library certification

In cryptography, a certificate that is provided by the library.

library-managed encryption

Tape encryption that is controlled by the tape library.

Linear Tape-Open (LTO)

A type of tape storage technology that is developed by the IBM Corporation, Hewlett-Packard, and Quantum. LTO technology is an “open format” technology, which means that its users have multiple sources of product and media. The “open” nature of LTO technology enables compatibility between different vendors' offerings by ensuring that vendors comply with verification standards. The LTO technology is implemented in two formats: the Accelis format focuses on fast access; the Ultrium format focuses on high capacity. The Ultrium format is the preferred format when capacity (rather than fast access) is the key storage consideration. An Ultrium cartridge has a compressed data capacity of up to 15000 GB (2.5:1 compression) and a native data capacity of up to 6000 GB.

liquid crystal display (LCD)

A low-power display technology that is used in computers and other I/O devices.

loadable

The ability to be loaded.

LME Library Managed Encryption.

LTO cartridge memory (LTO-CM)

Within each LTO Ultrium data cartridge, an embedded electronics and interface module that can store and retrieve a cartridge's historical usage and other information.

LUN Logical Unit Number.

LVD SCSI Bus Low Voltage Differential

M**MAC address**

The Media Access Control address of a computer networking device.

magnetic tape

A tape with a magnetic surface layer on which data can be stored by magnetic recording.

MAP Maintenance analysis procedure.

mask A pattern of characters that controls the retention or elimination of portions of another pattern of characters. To use a pattern of characters to control the retention or elimination of portions of another pattern of characters.

master file

A file that is used as an authority in a job and that is relatively permanent, even though its contents might change. Synonymous with main file.

Maximum Transmission Unit (MTU)

The size of the largest packet that a network protocol can transmit.

MB Megabyte (expressed as data rate in MB/s or MB/second).

media capacity

The amount of data that can be contained on a storage medium, expressed in bytes of data.

media-type identifier

Pertaining to the bar code on the bar code label of the Ultrium Tape Cartridge, a 2-character code, L1, that represents information about the cartridge. L identifies the cartridge as one that can be read by devices that incorporate LTO technology; 1 indicates that it is the first generation of its type.

mega One million of.

meter In the Metric System, the basic unit of length; equal to approximately 39.37 inches.

MIB Management Information Base. Information repository that is used by SNMP.

micro One millionth of.

microcode

(1) One or more micro instructions. (2) A code, representing the instructions of an instruction set, which is implemented in a part of storage that is not program-addressable. (3) To design, write, and test one or more micro instructions. (4) See also *microprogram*.

microdiagnostic routine

A program that runs under the control of a supervisor, usually to identify field replaceable units.

microdiagnostic utility

A program that is run by the customer engineer to test the machine.

microinstruction

A basic or elementary machine instruction.

microprogram

A group of microinstructions that when run performs a planned function.

The term microprogram represents a dynamic arrangement or selection of one or more groups of microinstructions for execution to perform a particular function. The term microcode represents microinstructions that are used in a product as an alternative to hard-wired circuitry to implement certain functions of a processor or other system component.

MIM Media information message.

mm Millimeter.

modifier

That which changes the meaning.

mount a device

To assign an I/O device with a request to the operator.

MP Microprocessor.

ms Millisecond.

MSG Message.

multipath

Pertaining to using more than one path.

N

N/A Not applicable.

Network Address Translation (NAT)

NAT involves rewriting the source or destination addresses of IP packets as they pass through a router or firewall. Most systems that use NAT do so to enable multiple hosts on a private network to access the Internet over a single public IP address.

NEMA

National Electrical Manufacturers Association.

node In a network, a point at which one or more functional units connect channels or data circuits.

NTP Network Time Protocol. This protocol allows the library to set its internal date and time that is based on the date and time of a server.

NVS Nonvolatile storage. A storage device whose contents are not lost when power is cut off.

O**oersted**

The unit of magnetic field strength in the unrationalized centimeter-gram-second (cgs) electromagnetic system. The oersted is the magnetic field strength in the interior of an elongated, uniformly wound solenoid that is excited with a linear current density in its winding of 1 abampere per 4π centimeters of axial length.

offline

Pertaining to the operation of a functional unit without the continual control of a computer. Contrast with *online*.

online Pertaining to the operation of a functional unit that is under the continual control of a computer. Contrast with *offline*.

OPER Operation.

ov Over voltage.

overrun

Loss of data because a receiving device is unable to accept data at the rate it is transmitted.

overtightening

To tighten too much.

P**parameter**

A variable that is given a constant value for a specified application and that might denote the application.

p bit Parity bit.

PC Parity check.

PCC Power control compartment.

PDF Portable Document Format.

PE Parity error. Product engineer.

PFS Perfect forward secrecy.

pick Pertaining to the library, to remove, by using a robotic device, a tape cartridge from a storage slot or drive.

- picker** A robotic mechanism that is located inside the library that moves cartridges between the cartridge storage slots and the drive.
- PM** Preventive maintenance.
- POR** Power-on reset.
- port** A physical connection for communication between the 3590 and the host processor. The 3590 has 2 SCSI ports.

Portable Document Format (PDF)

A standard that is specified by Adobe Systems, Incorporated, for the electronic distribution of documents. PDF files are compact, can be distributed globally (by way of email, the web, intranets, or CD-ROM), and can be viewed with the Acrobat Reader, which is software from Adobe Systems that can be downloaded at no cost from the Adobe Systems home page.

Private key

A cryptographic key that is used to decrypt a message.

PROM

Programmable read only memory.

- PS** Power supply.

- PTF** Program temporary fix. A single bugfix or group of bugfixes that are distributed in a form ready to install for customers.

- PWR** Power.

R

- rack** A unit that houses the components of a storage subsystem, such as the library.

rackmount kit

A packaged collection of articles that are used to install the rack mounted version of the library.

- RAM** Random access memory.

Random access memory

A storage device into which data is entered and from which data is retrieved in a nonsequential manner.

- RAS** Reliability, availability, and serviceability.

- record** A collection of related data or words, which are treated as a unit.

recording density

The number of bits in a single linear track measured per unit of length of the recording medium.

recoverable error

An error condition that allows continued execution of a program.

- ref** Reference.

- reg** Register.

reinventor

To inventory again.

retension

The process or function of tightening the tape onto the cartridge, if it is sensed that the tape has a loose wrap on the cartridge.

RFC (Request for Comments)

Request for Comments (RFC) documents are a series of memoranda, which encompasses new research, innovations, and methodologies applicable to Internet technologies.

RH Relative humidity.

RID tag

Repair identification tag.

RML Rack Mount Line.

robot Picker.

robotics

Picker assembly.

root CA certification

In cryptography, a root certificate from a certificate authority (CA).

RPQ Request for price quotation.

RSA key

Encryption key type.

R/W read/write.

S

s Seconds of time.

SAC Service Action Code. Code that is developed to indicate possible FRU or FRUs to replace to repair the hardware.

SAN Storage area network.

SAS Serial Attached SCSI. A computer bus technology and serial communication protocol for direct attached storage devices. SAS is a replacement for parallel SCSI with higher speeds, but still utilizing SCSI commands.

scratch cartridge

A data cartridge that contains no useful data, but can be written to with new data.

SCD Single Character Display.

SCSI Small computer system interface.

SE Single-ended.

segment

A part.

sel Select.

Serial Attached SCSI (SAS)

A drive with a SAS interface can be linked directly to controllers. SAS is a performance improvement over traditional SCSI because SAS enables multiple devices (up to 128) of different sizes and types to be connected

simultaneously with thinner and longer cables. It supports full-duplex signal transmission up to 3 Gb/s. In addition, SAS drives can be hot-plugged.

serialize

To change from parallel-by-byte to serial-by-bit.

serializer

A device that converts a space distribution of simultaneous states, which represents data into a corresponding time sequence of states.

servo, servos

An adjective for use in qualifying some part or aspect of a servomechanism.

servomechanism

A feedback control system in which at least one of the system signals represents mechanical motion.

signature

A digital signature that is used in cryptography to identify one party to ensure authenticity.

slot blocker

A slot blocker is used to restrict/close off a data cell so a data cartridge cannot be inserted.

Small Computer Systems Interface (SCSI)

A standard that is used by computer manufacturers for attaching peripheral devices (such as tape drives, hard disks, CD-ROM players, printers, and scanners) to computers (servers). Pronounced “scuzzy”. Variations of the SCSI interface provide for faster data transmission rates than standard serial and parallel ports (up to 320 megabytes per second). The variations include:

- Fast/Wide SCSI: Uses a 16-bit bus, and supports data rates of up to 20 MBps.
- SCSI-1: Uses an 8-bit bus, and supports data rates of 4 MBps.
- SCSI-2: Same as SCSI-1, but uses a 50-pin connector instead of a 25-pin connector, and supports multiple devices.
- Ultra SCSI: Uses an 8- or 16-bit bus, and supports data rates of 20 or 40 MBps.
- Ultra2 SCSI: Uses an 8- or 16-bit bus and supports data rates of 40 or 80 MBps.
- Ultra3 SCSI: Uses a 16-bit bus and supports data rates of 80 or 160 MBps.
- Ultra160 SCSI: Uses a 16-bit bus and supports data rates of 80 or 160 MBps.
- Ultra320 SCSI: Uses a 16-bit bus and supports data rates of 320 MBps.

SKLM (IBM Security Key Lifecycle Manager)

IBM's EKM application that assists encrypting tape drives in generating, protecting, storing, and maintaining encryption keys that encrypt information that is written to and decrypt information that is read from tape media.

SMI-S See *Storage Management Initiative Specification (SMI-S)*.

SMTP Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. SMTP is a standard for email transmissions across the internet.

SNMP

Simple Network Management Protocol. SNMP is used by network management systems to monitor network-attached devices for conditions that warrant administrative attention.

SNTP Simple Network Time Protocol. Used to synchronize the clocks of network-attached devices.

SMW Servo Manufacturer's Word.

SNS Sense.

special feature

A feature that can be ordered to enhance the capability, storage capacity, or performance of a product, but is not essential for its basic work.

SPI Security Parameters Index.

SR Service representative, see also *CE*.

SRAM

Static random access memory.

SS Status store.

SSL (Secure Sockets Layer)

A set of cryptographic protocols for secure communications on the Internet for such things as web browsing, email, Internet faxing, instant messaging, and other data transfer. SSL allows applications to communicate across a network in a way that is designed to prevent eavesdropping, tampering, and message forgery.

SSP Serial SCSI Protocol.

ST Store.

standard feature

The significant design elements of a product that are included as part of the fundamental product.

START

Start maintenance.

StartTLS

Secure LDAP communication that uses TLS.

Storage Management Initiative Specification (SMI-S)

A storage standard that is developed and maintained by the Storage Networking Industry Association (SNIA). It is also ratified as an ISO standard. The main objective of SMI-S is to enable broad interoperable management of heterogeneous storage vendor systems.

subsystem

A secondary or subordinate system, capable of operating independently of, or asynchronously with, a controlling system.

SUPP Support.

sync Synchronous, synchronize. Occurring with a regular or predictable time relationship.

T

tachometer, tach

A device that emits pulses that are used to measure/check speed or distance.

tape cartridge

A container that holds magnetic tape, that can be processed without separating it from the container.

tape void

An area in the tape in which no signal can be detected.

TCP/IP

Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol.

TCU Tape control unit.

TDT Tape Diagnostic tool.

TH Thermal.

thread/load operation

A procedure that places tape along the tape path.

TM Tapemark.

transport mode

End-to-end communications security in which the end-point computers do the security processing.

trusted certification

In cryptography, a trustworthy certificate that is not registered with a certificate authority.

tunnel mode

Port-to-port communications security in which security is provided to several machines by a single node.

U

UART Universal asynchronous receiver/transmitter.

UL Underwriter's Laboratories.

Ultrium Tape Drive

Located within the library, a data-storage device that controls the movement of the magnetic tape in an LTO Ultrium Tape Cartridge. The drive houses the mechanism (drive head) that reads and writes data to the tape.

unload

Prepare the tape cartridge for removal from the drive.

utilities

Utility programs.

utility programs

A computer program in general support of the processes of a computer; for instance, a diagnostic program.

uv Under voltage.

V

VOLSER

Volume serial number.

volume

A certain portion of data, together with its data carrier, that can be handled conveniently as a unit.

VPD

Vital product data. The information that is contained within the tape drive that requires nonvolatile storage that is used by functional areas of the drive, and information that is required for manufacturing, RAS, and engineering.

W

word

A character string that is convenient for some purpose to consider as an entity.

World Wide Node Name (WWNN)

A unique character string which identifies Fibre Channel Host Bus adapters (HBA).

WORM

Write Once Read Many.

Write

Write command.

WT

World trade.

WWCID

Worldwide Cartridge Identifier.

WWN

Worldwide Name.

WWNN

Worldwide Node Name.

WWPN

Worldwide port name.

X

XR

External register.

XRA

External register address register.

Index

A

- access mode
 - library configuration 34
- accessibility
 - keyboard 157
 - repeat rate of up and down buttons 157
 - shortcut keys 157
- accessor 94
- accessor locking screw
 - removing 27
- Accessor locking screw 5
- accessor statistics, viewing 94
- account types 17
- Acoustical specifications 10
- active slots 34, 49, 63, 79
- address 37
- administrator 76
- application managed encryption 82
- application managed encryption (AME) 38
- Attention LED 13
- authentication 42
- auto cleaning 34, 49, 79
- autoload 34, 49

B

- back light 66
- bar code label length 79
- Bar code labels 101
 - guidelines for using 102
- Bar code reader 6

C

- cables 118
- cables, reseating 118
- cartridge
 - Write-Protect switch 103
- Cartridge 97
 - capacity scaling 98
 - cleaning 101
 - compatibility 99
 - data 98
 - proper handling 103
 - specifications 106
- cartridge assignment 34
- cartridge magazine 2, 4, 121
- cartridge magazine, unlocking 75
- cartridge magazines 59
- Cartridge, environment 104
- cartridges 9, 50, 59
 - cleaning 9
- CE log, dumping 92
- channel calibration 8
- Clean Drive LED 13
- cleaning 60
- cleaning the drive 74

- configuration 28, 30, 57, 62, 63, 66, 81, 84, 88
 - Web User Interface 31
- configuring auto cleaning 62
- control keys 2

D

- data cartridges 9
- date and time settings 84
- date settings 49, 64, 84
- default settings 30, 67
- device drivers, supported 12
- DHCP 36, 47, 65
- diagnosing problems 111
- diagnostics 67, 68
- display elements 17
- DNS server IP address 36, 47
- downloading drive logs 92
- downloading library logs 92
- drive 133
 - rebooting 62
- drive cleaning 60
- drive diagnostics 68
- drive logs, downloading 92

E

- EKM 38
- electrical specifications 10
- email 41, 85
- email notifications 41, 85
- emailing 118
- emailing logs 118
- emergency release 4
- Encryption 6
 - configuration 38
- encryption key manager 38
- Encryption Key Manager (EKM) 38
- encryption key manager
 - configuration 38
- encryption policy 38, 82
- encryption settings 82
- environmental specifications 10
- error codes 123, 133
- Error LED 13
- error logs 110, 118
- error messages 110, 133
- error messages and resolutions 110
- error status 67
- ethernet port 5, 28

F

- firmware 58
- firmware, updating 93
- frequency, electrical supply 10
- front panel 2

G

- gateway 36, 47, 65
- glossary 159

H

- hardware attributes, viewing 58
- Host Bus Adapter (HBA) 9
- host interface cable 28
- Host interface cables, connecting 28

I

- I/O station 58, 79
- I/O Station 49
- I/O Station, configuration 34
- Input modes 13
- installation 11, 21, 22, 27, 30, 51, 121
 - rack
 - safety xv
- installation location 21, 22
- installing rails 22
- inventory 60, 75
- IP address 36, 47, 65
- IPv4 address 36, 47
- IPv4 settings 66, 81
- IPv6 address 36, 47
- IPv6 prefix length 36, 47, 66, 81, 84
- IPv6 settings 66, 81
- ITDT-SE 119

J

- Java 32

K

- keyboard 157

L

- labels
 - bar code 101
- Labels
 - bar code
 - guidelines for using 102
- laser
 - compliance xiv
 - safety xiv
- LCD contrast 66, 84
- LCD display 2
- LEDs 116
- LEDs, front panel 116
- LEDs, interpreting 116
- library 21, 52, 109, 123, 137
 - auto cleaning 62
 - configuring 30
 - configuring active slots 63

- library (*continued*)
 - logging out 62
 - powering down 61
 - preparing to ship 61
 - rebooting 62
- Library 50
- library access mode 34
- library and drives, resetting 92
- Library configuration
 - save/restore 47
- Library Configuration Form 153
- library depth 10
- library dimensions 10
- library in rack 22
- library inventory 75
- library logs, downloading 92
- library managed encryption 82
- library managed encryption (LME) 38
- library map 70
- library mode 63
- library settings 63, 79
- Library settings
 - configuration 49
- library state 74
- library verify 67
- Library verify
 - diagnostics 51
- library verify diagnostic procedures 67
- library weight 10
- library width 10
- library, diagnosing problems 111
- library, viewing logs 90
- link speed 36, 47, 81
- link speed (ethernet) 36, 47, 65, 81
- location 21
- location in rack 22
- logging out of the library 62
- logical library settings 79
- Logical Unit Number (LUN) scanning 9
- login 17
 - Web User Interface 32
- logs, emailing 118
- looping 34
- looping access mode 49
- LUN scanning 9

M

- maintenance 121
- Media 9, 97
- media errors 100
- menus 17, 55, 69
- mounting location, library 21
- moving 59
- moving cartridges 73

N

- Network
 - configuration 36, 47
- network settings 5, 81
- Network settings 36, 47, 65
- Network Time Protocol (NTP) 7
- notification settings 41, 85
- Notification settings 42
- notification settings, email 41

- NTP 7
- NTP address 37, 84
- NTP server 84
 - configuration 37

O

- offline 61
- online 61
- online or offline 74
- online/offline icon 13
- Operating procedures
 - Operator Panel 55
- operational specifications 10
- operator interventions 89
- Operator Panel 2, 13, 47, 49, 51, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68
 - current information 57
 - firmware revision 58
 - library inventory 60
 - manually cleaning the drive 60
 - menus 56
 - moving cartridges 59
 - taking the library online and offline 61
 - unloading the drive 60
 - unlocking cartridge magazine 59
 - unlocking I/O station 58
 - viewing settings 57, 66
- Operator Panel settings 66
- Ordering media
 - Ordering WORM cartridges 100

P

- passwords 17
- passwords, changing 17, 66, 76
- physical library settings 79
- physical specifications 10
- policy configuration 38
- populating the library with cartridges 50
- power button 5
- power connector 5
- power consumption 10
- power cord, connecting 28
- power management 8
- power socket 5
- power supply 5
- problem diagnosis 111
- product environment 11

R

- rack installation
 - safety xv
- rack mounting 22
- rack mounting rails 22
- RAID 9
- random access mode 34, 49, 63
- Read/Write capability 99
- Ready/Activity LED 13
- rear panel 5
- rebooting the drive 62
- rebooting the library 62
- removing accessor locking screw 27

- removing during installation 121
- reporting library problems 109
- reporting problems 109
- reseating cables 118
- resetting the library and drives 92

S

- safety information
 - laser compliance xiv
 - laser safety xiv
- SAS 28
- SAS Host Interface 6, 28
- SAS interface 5
- saving/restoring 88
- SCSI ID 9
- security 32
- sending your comments v
- sequential access mode 34, 49, 63
- serial attached SCSI 5
- Serial Attached SCSI (SAS) 5
- serial number label 2, 4
- Server attachment 28
- service library 89
- service mode 67
- service procedures 119
- shipping the library 61
- shortcut keys 157
- SNMP 42, 86
 - messaging 7
- SNMP notifications 42, 86
- SNTP server 65
- sound 66
- Specifications
 - cartridges 106
 - library 10
- specifications, physical 10
- speed matching 8
- SSL 36, 47
- Stateless DHCP 66
- storage capacity 10
- subnet mask 36, 47, 65
- superuser 76
- support notification v
- Support Notification
 - registration 52
- system summary 70

T

- taking online 52
- taking the library online or offline 74
- tape alert flags 137, 139
- tape drive 60, 139
- tape drive configuration 34
- tape drive diagnostics 68
- tape drives, downloading drive logs 92
- TCP/IP 36, 47, 81
- TCP/IP configuration 36, 47
- technical support v
- time server 37, 84
- time settings 49, 64, 84
- tools, required 121
- top menu 56
- top menus 69
- trace data 91

- trace date, viewing 91
- trap definitions 136
- trap notifications 86
- Trap notifications
 - configuration 42
- troubleshooting 109
- types 136

U

- Ultrium tape drives 8
- unloading 60
- unloading drive 74
- unlock 75
- unlock user account 66
- unlocking 59
- unlocking the cartridge magazine 75
- updating library and drive firmware 93
- user 76
- user access, managing 76
- user accounts 76
- User accounts
 - configuration 44
- user interfaces 13
- user privileges 17
- user roles 76

V

- verifying library 51
- viewing accessor statistics 94
- viewing communication information 57
- viewing library logs 90
- viewing settings 70
- viewing trace data 91
- viewing Web GUI 66
- voltage 10

W

- Web User Interface 13, 17, 55, 69, 70, 73, 74, 75, 76, 79, 81, 82, 84, 85, 86, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 133
- WORM 100
- WORM (write once, read many) 100
- WORM capability 100
- WORM, data security 100
- wrap test 68
- Write once, read many 100
- Write once, read many (see WORM) 100
- Write-Protect switch
 - setting 103

Printed in USA